LIGHTWARE

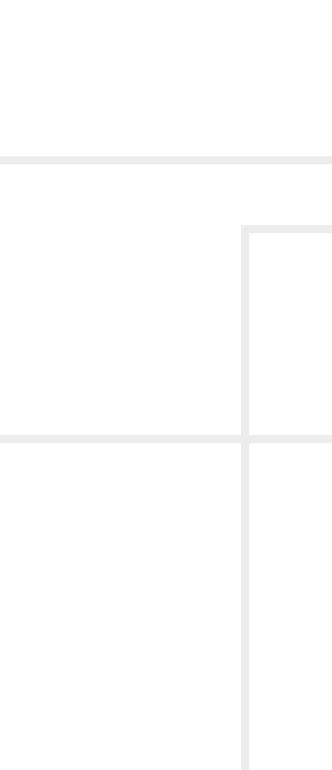
User's Manual



UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20, (-LCC) UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20, (-LCC)

Multimedia Signal Distribution Amplifier

🛇 v1.0 🗰 09-08-2024



Important Safety Instructions

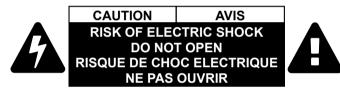
Class II apparatus construction.

The equipment should be operated only from the power source indicated on the product.

To disconnect the equipment safely from power, remove the power cord from the rear of the equipment or from the power source. The MAINS plug is used as the disconnect device, the disconnect device shall remain readily operable.

There are no user-serviceable parts inside of the unit. Removal of the cover will expose dangerous voltages. To avoid personal injury, do not remove the cover. Do not operate the unit without the cover installed.

The appliance must be safely connected to multimedia systems. Follow instructions described in this manual.



Ventilation

For the correct ventilation and to avoid overheating, ensure enough free space around the appliance. Do not cover the appliance, leave the ventilation holes free and never block or bypass the ventilators (if there are any).

WARNING

To prevent injury, the apparatus is recommended to be securely attached to the floor/wall, or mounted in accordance with the installation instructions. The apparatus shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing, and no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the apparatus. No naked flame sources, such as lit candles, should be placed on the apparatus.

Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment WEEE

This marking shown on the product or its literature indicates that it should not be disposed with other household wastes at the end of its working life. To prevent possible harm to the environment or human health from uncontrolled waste disposal, please separate this from other types of wastes and recycle it responsibly to promote the sustainable reuse of material resources. Household users should contact

either the retailer where they purchased this product or their local government office for details of where and how they can take this item for environmentally safe recycling. Business users should contact their supplier and check the terms and conditions of the purchase contract. This product should not be mixed with other commercial wastes for disposal.

CAUTION

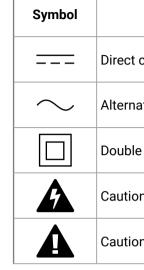
The device contains a BR1632A button battery, which supplies power to the clock when the device is not powered on. Danger of explosion if battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace only with the same or equivalent type.

WARNING

Do not ingest the battery, Chemical Burn Hazard. This product contains a coin/button cell battery. If the coin/button cell battery is swallowed, it can cause severe internal burns in just 2 hours, and can lead to death. Keep new and used batteries away from children. If the battery compartment does not close securely, stop using the product and keep it away from children. If you think batteries might have been swallowed or placed inside any part of the body, seek immediate medical attention.



Common Safety Symbols



| Description |
|---------------------------------|
| current |
| iting current |
| insulation |
| n, possibility of eletric shock |
| n |

Symbol Legend

The following symbols and markings are used in the document:

WARNING! Safety-related information that is highly recommended to read and keep in every case!

ATTENTION! Useful information for performing a successful procedure; it is recommended to read.

DIFFERENCE: Feature or function that is available with a specific firmware/hardware version or product variant.

INFO: A notice, which may contain additional information. Procedure can be successful without reading it.

DEFINITION: The short description of a feature or a function.

TIPS AND TRICKS: Ideas that you may have not known yet, but can be useful.

Navigation Buttons



Go back to the previous page. If you clicked on a link previously, you can go back to the source page by pressing the button.

Navigate to the Table of Contents.



Step back one page.



Step forward to the next page.

Document Information

All presented functions refer to the indicated products. The descriptions have been made while testing these functions in accordance with the indicated Hardware/Firmware/Software environment:

| Item | Version |
|---|----------|
| Lightware Device Controller (LDC) software | 2.11.0b2 |
| Lightware Device Updater v2 (LDU2) Software | 2.30.0b2 |
| Firmware package | 1.11.0b3 |

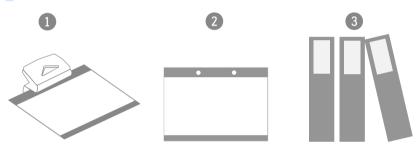
Document revision: v1.0 Release date: 09-08-2024 Editor: Nikolett Keindl

About Printing

Lightware Visual Engineering supports green technologies and ecofriendly mentality. Thus, this document is made primarily for digital usage. If you need to print out a few pages for any reason, follow the recommended printing settings:

- Page size: A4
- Orientation: Landscape

TIPS AND TRICKS: Thanks to the size of the original page, a border around the content (gray on the second picture below) makes it possible to organize the pages better. After punching holes in the printed pages, they can easily be placed into a ring folder.



Hashtag (#) Keywords in the Document

This user's manual contains keywords with hashtags (#) to help you find the relevant information as quick as possible.

The format of the keywords is the following:

The usage of the keywords: use the Search function (Ctrl+F / Cmd+F) of your PDF reader application, type the # (hashtag) character and the wished keyword.

Example

#dhcp

This keyword is placed at the DHCP setting command in the LW3 Programmer's reference section.

Output size: Fit to page or Match page size

#<keyword>

The **#new** special keyword indicates a new feature/function that has just appeared in the latest firmware or software version.

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Introduction

Thank You for choosing Lightware's UCX-TPN series device. In the first chapter we would like to introduce the device, highlighting the most important features in the sections listed below:

- DESCRIPTION
- BOX CONTENTS
- TYPICAL APPLICATION
- ► FEATURES OF THE DEVICE

1.1. Description

Lightware's universal matrix Transmitter switcher exploits the USB-C connectivity for a simplified extension of up to 100m of 4K video, audio, control signals and power, providing meeting participants with easy host switching, video resolution capabilities up to 4K@60Hz at 4:4:4, as well as comprehensive and secure Ethernet features.

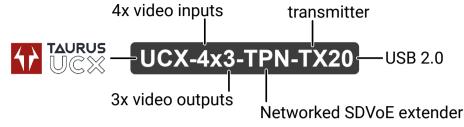
The Transmitter is featured with audio de-embedding function via the 5-pole Phoenix® Combicon analog audio ports.

Beyond the benefits of sending high-resolution video over long distances, the devices are also capable of handling various connectivity standards, including bi-directional RS-232 and GPIO.

The Gigabit Ethernet port is also a valuable addition, allowing users to connect an additional device to the network directly through the TPN extender.

Model Denomination

About the Serial Number



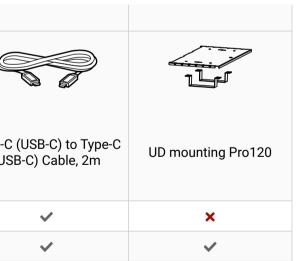
Lightware devices contain a label indicating the unique serial number of the product. The structure is the following:

| 7A000941 6-digit runn | ing sequ | ence nur | nber | |
|---|----------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Month of the manufacturing: | 1: Jan 2: Feb 3: Mar | 5: May | 8: Aug | A: Oct B: Nov C: Dec |
| /ear of the manufacturing: 3-9, A-Y) | 7=2017 8=2018 9=2019 | B=2 | 2020 2021 2022 | D=2023 E=2024 F=2025 |

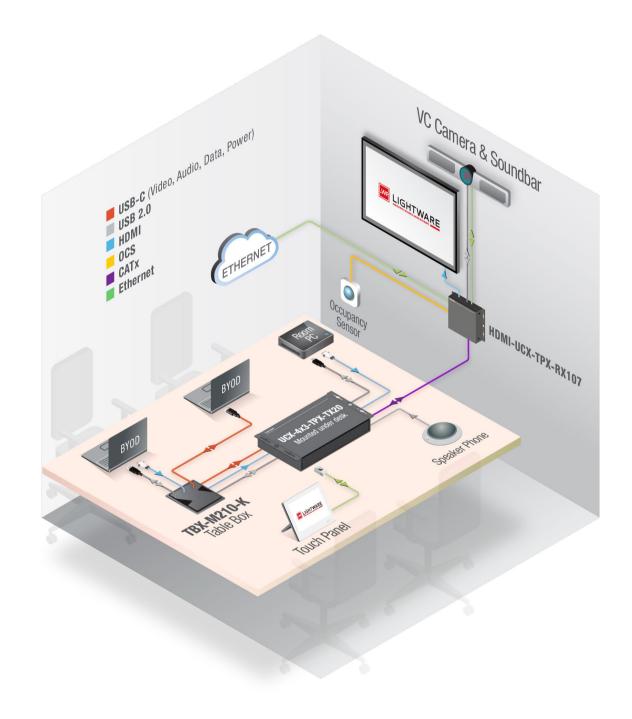
1.2. Box Contents

| | | Supplied Accessories | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| | | | | | | Safety and Warranty Info Guide | | |
| | Transmitter device | 24V power adaptor with IEC power cable | Phoenix® Combicon 3-pole Connector | Phoenix® Combicon 5-pole Connector | Phoenix® Combicon 8-pole Connector | Safety and Warranty Info, QSG | Type C (USB-C) to Type C (USB-C) Cable, 1m | 2 pcs. of M3x4 flat head screw |
| UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |
| UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ |

| | | | | Optional accessories | | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | Button panels: RAP-B511 and TBP6 | Rack shelf | UD mounting plate F100 | UD Mounting PSU F100 | UD Mounting PSU F120 | UD Mounting Pro P210 | Type-C ((USE |
| UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | ~ | ~ | ~ | × | ~ | ~ | |
| UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | × | ~ | |



1.3. Typical Application



1.4. Features of the Device



3D and 4K Support

High bandwidth allows extension of resolutions up to 4K and even 3D sources and displays are supported.



Pixel Accurate Reclocking

Each output has a clean, jitter free signal, eliminating signal instability and distortion caused by long cables or connector reflections.



Frame Detector and Signal Analysis

The exact video and audio signal format can be determined such as timing, frequencies, scan mode, HDCP encryption, color range, color space and audio sample rate.



Autoselect Function for Video and USB Inputs

The Autoselect feature can sense the port status on the video input and USB Host ports and select them automatically. Priority number can be set for each input port, and the feature allows to set various modes for the automatic input selection (First detect, Last detect).



De-embedder Function

The analog audio can be de-embedded from HDMI inputs and it can be routed to the analog audio output.



HDCP-compliant

The devices fulfill the HDCP standard. HDCP capability on the digital video inputs can be disabled when non-protected content is used.



Dark Mode

All illuminating elements of the front/rear panel can be switched on and off. This feature is useful in live-stage shows or other environments where flashing LEDs would be distracting.



Ethernet Control

Multiple simultaneous TCP/IP connections are available with a simple ASCII-based protocol for controlling or configuring the product, or to perform a firmware update.



Basic IT-security

These entry-level network security improvements help prevent unauthorized access to the Lightware device; HTTPS/WSS support, basic network authentication.



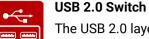
Bi-directional RS-232

AV systems can also contain serial port controllers and controlled devices. Serial transmission supports any unit that works with standard RS-232.



GPIO Control Port

Six GPIO pins operating at TTL digital signal levels that can be controlled with LW3 commands. 5V is supplied over the 7th pin constantly, up to 500 mA.



The USB 2.0 layer provides switching four external USB peripherals (e.g. webcamera, speakerphone, multitouch display, etc.) to four independent host computers or laptops.

Lightware Rest API



The UCX matrix switcher extenders can be controlled through standard HTTP(S) requests to ensure the control functions from REST clients or terminal program.

USB Type C Source Connection



USB Type C port ensures USB-C connectivity to the source device with USB 2.0 data and Displayport Alternate mode for video. It provides power delivery of up to 100 W for the first connected device (e.g. BYOD laptop or smartphone).



Powered by LARA

invisibly support people's collaboration to make the most out of their virtual or in-person meetings.

All -LCC variants (e.g. UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20-LCC)



FIPS 140-2 Validation

Lightware Crypto Core delivers core cryptographic functions to the embedded systems of UCX series' hardware devices and features robust algorithm support.

Future-proof room automation platform for system integrators so they can seamlessly and



Product Overview

The following sections are about the physical structure of the devices, input/output ports and connectors:

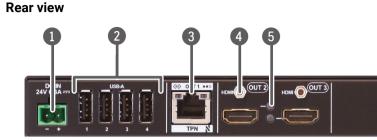
- UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20
- UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20

13

2.1. UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20

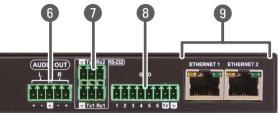


| 1 | Configurable Ethernet Port | RJ45 connector for configurable 1GBase-T Ethernet communication. |
|----|-------------------------------|--|
| 2 | USB-A Port | The SERVICE-labelled USB-A connector is designed for service functions. |
| 3 | USB mini-B Port | The SERVICE-labelled USB mini-B port is designed for service functions. |
| 4 | LIVE LED | See the details in the Front Panel LEDs section. |
| 5 | RX LED | The function will be implemented in a later firmware update. |
| 6 | USB-C Ports | USB-C ports for receiving video and audio signals, as well as USB data from the host device. |
| 7 | Status LEDs | See the details in the Front Panel LEDs section. |
| 8 | USB-B Ports | Upstream ports for connecting USB host devices (e.g. computer). |
| 9 | Status LEDs | See the details in the Front Panel LEDs section. |
| 10 | HDMI Input Ports | HDMI input ports for sources. The applied cable shall not be longer than 5m. Use cables certified for HDMI 2.0 (3x6Gbps) applications. |
| 1 | Input Selection Buttons | For more details, see the Button Functionality section. When LEDs blink green three times after pressing any button, they show that the front panel lock is enabled. |



| 1 | DC Input | DC input for local powering connector. |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| 2 | USB-A Ports | Downstream ports for c keyboard, multitouch displa |
| 3 | TPN Output Port | RJ45 port for AVX output s |
| 4 | HDMI Output Ports | Local HDMI output ports fo (e.g.monitor) connected to |
| 5 | Status LEDs | See the details in the Rear |
| 6 | Analog Audio Output Port | Audio output port (5-pole signal. The signal is de-emb |
| 7 | RS-232 Ports | 3-pole Phoenix® connectors |
| 8 | GPIO port | 8-pole Phoenix [®] connector output voltage is 5V, see th |
| 9 | Configurable Ethernet Ports | RJ45 connectors for config |

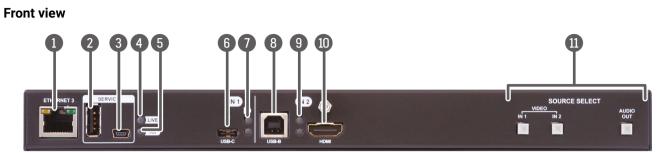
WARNING! Always use the supplied power supply! Use of any other power supplies may lead to damage! Warranty void if damage occurs due to using a different power source.



ng. Connect the output to the 2-pole Phoenix®

- connecting USB peripherals (e.g. camera, olay).
- signal transmission.
- or sending video and audio signals to the sinks the device.
- Panel LEDs section.
- Phoenix[®]) for balanced analog audio output bedded from the selected video signal.
- rs for bi-directional RS-232 communication.
- r for configurable general purpose. Max. input/ he details in the GPIO Interface section.
- igurable 1GBase-T Ethernet communication.

2.2. UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20

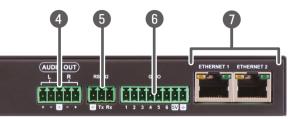


| 1 | Configurable Ethernet Port | RJ45 connector for configurable 1GBase-T Ethernet communication. |
|----|-------------------------------|--|
| 2 | USB-A Port | The SERVICE-labelled USB-A connector is designed for service functions. |
| 3 | USB mini-B Port | The SERVICE-labelled USB mini-B port is designed for service functions. |
| 4 | LIVE LED | See the details in the Front Panel LEDs section. |
| 5 | RX LED | The function will be implemented in a later firmware update. |
| 6 | USB-C Port | USB-C port for receiving video and audio signals, as well as USB data from the host device. |
| 7 | Status LEDs | See the details in the Front Panel LEDs section. |
| 8 | USB-B Port | Upstream port for connecting USB host devices (e.g. computer). |
| 9 | Status LEDs | See the details in the Front Panel LEDs section. |
| 10 | HDMI Input Port | HDMI input port for sources. The applied cable shall not be longer than 5m. Use cables certified for HDMI 2.0 (3x6Gbps) applications. |
| 1 | Input Selection Buttons | For more details, see the Button Functionality section. When LEDs blink green three times after pressing any button, they show that the front panel lock is enabled. |

Rear view (3) DC N 24V 6 A --

| 1 | DC Input | DC input for local powering connector. |
|---|--------------------------------|---|
| 2 | USB-A Ports | Downstream ports for c keyboard, multitouch displa |
| 3 | TPN Output Port | RJ45 port for AVX output s |
| 4 | Analog Audio Output Port | Audio output port (5-pole signal. The signal is de-emb |
| 5 | RS-232 Port | 3-pole Phoenix® connector |
| 6 | GPIO port | 8-pole Phoenix® connector output voltage is 5V, see th |
| 7 | Configurable Ethernet Ports | RJ45 connectors for config |
| | | |

WARNING! Always use the supplied power supply! Use of any other power supplies may lead to damage! Warranty void if damage occurs due to using a different power source.



- ng. Connect the output to the 2-pole Phoenix®
- connecting USB peripherals (e.g. camera, lay).
- signal transmission.
- Phoenix[®]) for balanced analog audio output bedded from the selected video signal.
- for bi-directional RS-232 communication.
- r for configurable general purpose. Max. input/ he details in the GPIO Interface section.
- igurable 1GBase-T Ethernet communication.



Front Panel Control

The following sections are about the front panel operation of the devices and the status LEDs:

- BUTTON FUNCTIONALITY
- STATUS LEDS

3.1. Button Functionality

INFO: If the control lock is enabled and a button is pressed, front panel LEDs blink 3 times quickly.

3.1.1. Video Source Selection - UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20

Push TPN (1) to select the video input for the TPN OUT1 port. Push HDMI (2) to select the video input for the HDMI OUT2 port.

Push HDMI (3) to select the video input for the HDMI OUT3 port.

Push AUDIO OUT to set the audio source of the analog audio output.

The sequence is the following (both for the video and audio switching): #switch #crosspoint

→ USB-CIN1→ QUSB-CIN2→ OHDMIIN3 → OHDMIIN4 →

3.1.2. Video Source Selection - UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20

Push IN 1 to select the USB-C port as input for the TPN output port. Push IN 2 to select the HDMI port as input for the TPN output port. Push AUDIO OUT to set the audio source of the analog audio output.

The sequence is the following for the video switching: #switch #crosspoint

→ USB-CIN 1→ 2 HDMI IN 2-

3.1.3. Enabling DHCP IP Address

The device has a dynamic IP address as a factory default setting. If it is set to static IP address during install or usage, dynamic IP address can be enabled from the front panel:

Step 1. Make sure the device is powered on and operational.

Step 2. Press and keep pressing the AUDIO OUT button for 5 seconds.





SOURCE SELECT

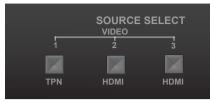
AUDIO OUT

VIDEO

 \mathbf{X}

IN 2

quickly (within 3 seconds).



Step 4. The LEDs get dark, DHCP gets enabled. #dhcp

3.1.4. Reset to Factory Default Settings

To restore factory default values, do the following steps: #factory Make sure the device is powered on and operational. Step 1. Press and keep pressing the AUDIO OUT button for 10 seconds.

| | SOURCE | SELECT | |
|-----|------------|--------|-----------|
| | VIDEO 2 | 3 | AUD OU |
| | | | |
| TPN | HDMI | HDMI | |

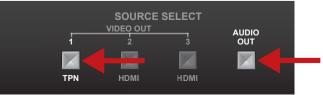
Step 2. After 5 seconds the front panel LEDs start blinking, but keep on pressing the button. Step 3. After 10 seconds the LEDs start blinking faster; release the button and press it 3 times again guickly (within 3 seconds).



Step 4. The LEDs get dark, the device restores the factory default settings and reboots. Factory default settings are listed in the Factory Default Settings section.

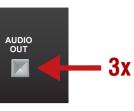
3.1.5. Control Lock

Press the TPN (IN 1) and AUDIO OUT buttons together (within 100 ms) to disable/enable front panel buttons; front panel LEDs blink 4 times when locking/unlocking. If the control lock is enabled and a button is pressed, front panel LEDs blink 3 times quickly.



Applied firmware package: v1.11.0b3 | LDC software: v2.11.0b2

Step 3. After 5 seconds the front panel LEDs start blinking; release the button and press it 3 times again









3.2. Status LEDs

INFO: When Dark mode is enabled, no LEDs are lit, even though the device is fully functional. For more details about the dark mode, see the Status section.

3.2.1. Front Panel LEDs

Live LED

| LIVE LED | | | | |
|------------|----------|--|--|--|
| -À | blinking | The device is powered on and operational. | | |
| \bigcirc | off | The device is not powered or out of operation. | | |

Arrangement of the status LEDs #status



| Video I | Video Input Status LED (the upper one) | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| →O ○ | off | There is no valid video signal on this port. | |
| → ● ○ | on | There is a valid video signal on this port. | |
| | blinks once | The port is selected by a button press. | |
| USB St | atus LED (the lowe | r one) | |
| | off | No USB Host or deselected port. | |
| ○ →● | on | USB Host connected and selected. | |
| | blink once | Port selected by a button press. | |

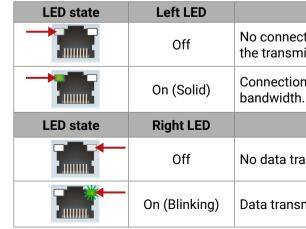
3.2.2. Rear Panel LEDs

| Video Output Status | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| \bigcirc | off | The signal is not present or muted. | | |
| | on | The video signal is present. | | |

3.2.3. Ethernet Status LEDs

| LED state | Left LED | Function |
|-----------|------------|-------------|
| | Off | Not linked |
| | On (Solid) | No activity |
| | Blinking | Activity |
| LED state | Right LED | Function |
| | Off | 0 Mbit/s |
| | | |
| | On (Solid) | 1 Gbit/s |

3.2.4. TPN Connector LEDs



Function

No connection is established between the transmitter and the receiver units.

Connection is established with 10G bandwidth.

Function

No data transmission on the port.

Data transmission is active



Installation

This chapter is about the installation of the devices and connecting to other appliances, also presenting the mounting options and further assembly steps:

- MOUNTING OPTIONS
- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS
- POWERING OPTIONS
- Power Delivery over Type-C
- ► USB-C CABLE RECOMMENDATION
- ETHERNET SWITCH DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

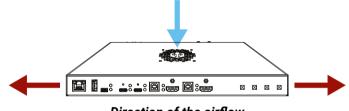
4.1. Mounting Options

To mount the devices, Lightware supplies optional accessories for different usage. There are two kinds of mounting kits with a similar fixing method. The device has two mounting holes with inner thread on the bottom side; see the bottom view in the Mechanical Drawings section. To order mounting accessories, please contact sales@lightware.com. Fasten the device with the screws enclosed to the accessory.

WARNING! Always use the supplied screws. Using different (e.g. longer) ones may cause damage to the device.

Ventillation

WARNING! Never block the ventilation holes on any side of the devices! Ensure proper ventilation by letting the air flow freely.



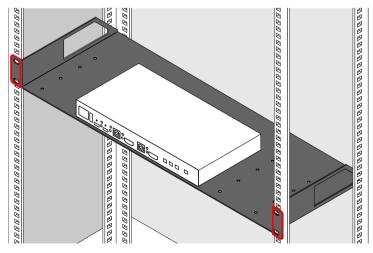
Direction of the airflow

4.1.1. 1U High Rack Shelf

Allows rack mounting for half-rack, guarter-rack and pocket sized units.

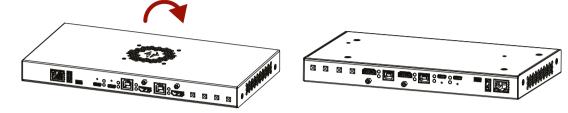


1U high rack shelf provides mounting holes for fastening two half-rack or four guarter-rack sized units. Pocket-sized devices can also be fastened to the shelf.

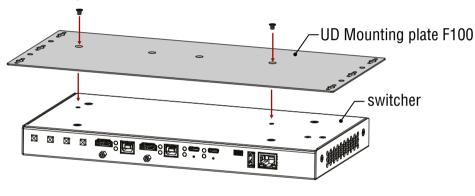


4.1.2. Mounting Plate F100

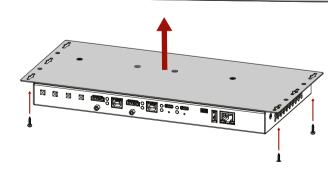
DIFFERENCE: The following accessory can be purchased optionally, please contact sales@lightware.com. The examples demonstrate the applications of the UD Kit accessories: Step 1. Turn the transmitter and the power adaptor upside down.



Step 2. Fix the UD Mounting plate F100 to the transmitter by fastening the screws (2 pcs screws are supplied with the switcher).



Step 3. Fix the UD Mounting plate F100 under the desk by fastening the screws.



INFO: UD Mounting plate F100 does not contain the fixing screws; they can be purchased from the local hardware store. 4pcs M3-M5 metric or wood screws are needed, M3 size is recommended.

ATTENTION! To ensure the correct ventilation and avoid overheating, insert the transmitter face down to the UD Mounting plate F100 to keep the ventilation holes free.

4.1.3. UD Mounting Pro P210

The **UD Mounting Pro P210** plate makes it easy to mount a single device on any flat surface (e.g. a piece of furniture).

INFO: **UD Mounting Pro P210** does not contain the fixing screws; they can be purchased from the local hardware store. 2x4pcs M3-M5 metric or wood screws are needed, M3 size is recommended.

ATTENTION! To ensure the correct ventilation and avoid overheating, insert the transmitter face down to the **UD Mounting Pro P210** to keep the ventilation holes free.



4.1.4. C-Lock

The USB-C Cable Lock is a product designed to enhance the security and reliability of a physical connection by providing a 2-point securing option for connected USB-C cables. **Step 1.** Plug the USB-C cable in.

Step 2. Fix the C-Lock with the M2 screw.

Step 3. Use the provided zip ties to fasten the flange to the USB-C connector.



4.2. Electrical Connections

4.2.1. HDMI Input and Output Ports

The UCX-TPN series matrix switcher extenders are assembled with standard 19-pole HDMI connectors with screw lock for inputs and outputs. Always use high guality HDMI cables for connecting sources and displays.

DIFFERENCE: UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 model has no HDMI output.

4.2.2. USB Connectors

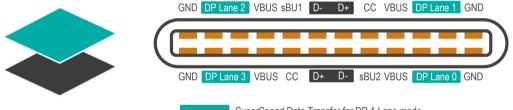
USB Type-C

ATTENTION! The USB-C port(s) of the transmitter are developed to connect native USB-C sources. HDMI-USB-C or DP-USB-C adapters are not supported and not recommended to apply.





The transmitter is supplied with USB 2.0 USB C-type port for video, USB data, and Ethernet transmission. It provides power delivery for a max. of two connected devices up to 60W or 100W for the first connected device. Supported power profiles: 5V/3A, 9V/3A, 15V/2A, 15V/3A, 20V/1.5A, 20V/3A, 20/5A. USB-C connector has symmetrical plug and pin layout.



SuperSpeed Data Transfer for DP 4-Lane mode High Speed Data Transfer for USB 2.0 and USB 1.1

The pinout of the USB-C connector

ATTENTION! USB-C functionality and speed depend on the cable and the device. Mandatory features of the USB-C - USB-C cables are: USB 2.0 (480 Mbps), min. 3A current, min. 60W power.

ATTENTION! In order to charge the connected device with 100W, it is necessary to use a certified cable supporting 20V/5A.

USB Type-A

UCX-TPN series have USB 2.0 (max. 480 Mbps data speed) USB A-type ports for connecting USB peripherials.



4.2.3. Analog Stereo Audio

A 5-pole Phoenix® connector is used for balanced analog audio output. Unbalanced audio devices can be connected as well. See more details about the balanced and unbalanced output port wiring in the Cable Wiring Guide section.



| Pin nr. | Sig |
|---------|-----|
| 1 | Le |
| 2 | Le |
| 3 | Gro |
| 4 | Rig |
| 5 | Rig |

Analog audio connector and plug pin assignments

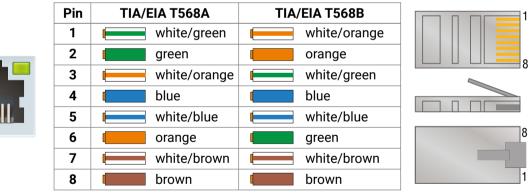
Compatible Plug Type

Phoenix[®] Combicon series (3.5mm pitch, 5-pole), type: MC 1.5/5-ST-3.5.

4.2.4. TPN (SDVoE) Connector

The UCX-TPN series Transmitters provide standard RJ45 connectors for TPN output ports. Always use high guality Ethernet cables for connecting the transmitters and the receivers.

Wiring of CATx Cables



The 5V output power capability can be turned on and off for all ports. All ports are able to supply 1.66A.

USB Type-B

The switcher is supplied with USB 2.0 (max. 480 Mbps data speed) B-type ports for connecting USB hosts.



INFO: The black color inside the connector refers to the USB 2.0 data speed.



| Inal |
|------|
| ft+ |
| eft- |
| und |
| ght- |
| ht+ |
| |



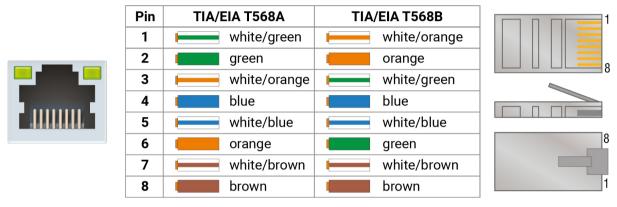
4.2.5. Configurable Ethernet Port

The extenders contain RJ45 connectors for 1Gbit Ethernet/LAN connection for local control functions.

The Ethernet ports can be connected to a LAN hub, switch or router by a CATx cable. Even though both cable types (straight or cross) are supported and handled by the device, the pin assignment below is recommended.

Wiring of LAN Cables

Lightware recommends the termination of LAN cables on the basis of TIA/EIA T 568 A or TIA/EIA T 568 B standards.



4.2.6. RS-232 Connector

The extenders contain a 3-pole Phoenix® connector, which is used for RS-232 serial connection.







RS-232 connector pin assignments

RS-232 Output Voltage Levels

- Logic low level: 3V .. 15V
- Logic high level: -15V .. -3V

Compatible Plug Type

Phoenix[®] Combicon series (3.5mm pitch, 3-pole), type: MC 1.5/3-ST-3.5.

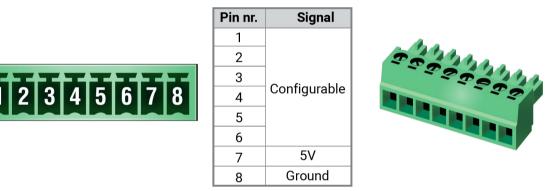
You can find more information about RS-232 in the Serial Interface section.

4.2.7. GPIO - General Purpose Input/Output Ports

The switcher transmitter is supplied with an 8-pole Phoenix[®] connector with six GPIO pins that operate at TTL digital signal levels, and can be set to high or low level (Push-Pull). The direction of the pins can be input or output (adjustable). Voltage ranges for GPIO inputs are the following:

| | Input voltage [V] | Output voltage [V] | Max. output current [mA] |
|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Logical low level | 0 - 0.8 | 0 - 0.5V | 30 |
| Logical high level | 2 - 5 | 4.5 - 5V | 18 |

The maximum total current for the six GPIO pins is 180 mA.



GPIO connector and plug pin assignments

INFO: The recommended cable for the connectors is the AWG24 (0.2 mm2 diameter) or the generally used 'alarm cable' with 4x0.22 mm² wires.

Compatible plug type

Phoenix[®] Combicon series (3.5mm pitch 8-pole), type: MC 1.5/8-ST-3.5.

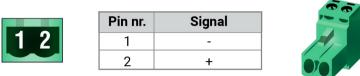
ATTENTION! The occupancy sensor connector and the GPIO port are not compatible with each other because of the voltage level difference, please do not connect them directly.

4.3. Powering Options

INFO: The external power supply is not isolated, 230V side is galvanically connected to the 0 output pole.

Powering Locally

The UCX-TPN Transmitter devices are built with 2-pole Phoenix connector for DC power connection.

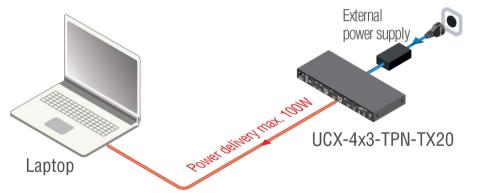


Remote Powering via USB-C Ports

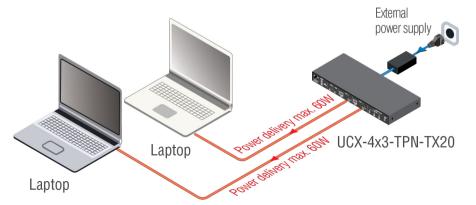
The UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 and UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 models are designed to provide power delivery for the connected device over the USB-C connector(s).

The following operation modes are available:

 Charge one device on the first connected port with up to 100W. Supported power profiles: 5V/3A, 9V/3A, 15V/3A, 20V/3A, 20V/5A



Charge both devices with 60W. Supported power profiles: 5V/3A, 9V/3A, 15V/2A, 20V/1,5A



WARNING! Always use the supplied power supply! Use of any other power supplies may lead to damage! Warranty void if damage occurs due to using a different power source.

INFO: Selecting the appropriate power profile happens automatically, no manual intervention required.

INFO: Charging two devices at once is only available with UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20.

Remote Powering via USB-A Ports (D1-D4)

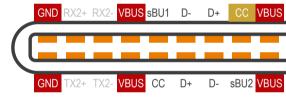
5V output power capability can be turned on and off for all ports. All ports are able to supply 1.66A.

4.4. Power Delivery over Type-C

With Power delivery, these issues were solved:

- Allows negotiation of up to 100 W of power delivery to supply or charge equipment connected to a USB-C port.
- Power direction is not fixed.
- Intelligent and flexible system-level management of power (negotiation); the two connected partners exchange real-time PD protocol messages through the CC (control channel) lines.

USB PD supersedes all previous technologies and does not incorporate them. It can achieve any of the previous levels, but does so with its own methods.



Power Pins of USB-C Connector

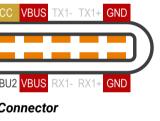
- The VBUS and GND pins are power and the return paths for the signals
- The CC channel is used for power negotiation
- The other CC pin can be used for VCONN powering

USB Chargers

USB-C PD covers a range of different power levels, with different amperage and voltage combinations that a charger can deliver, depending on what the device asks for and the cable negotiates. These values are defined by PDO (Power Data Objects).

According to the specification, 12V is not a mandatory Voltage level. The reason for support in case of certain chargers is that the 12V value was on the mandatory list of a former specification.

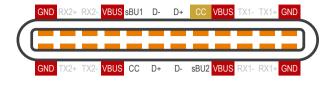


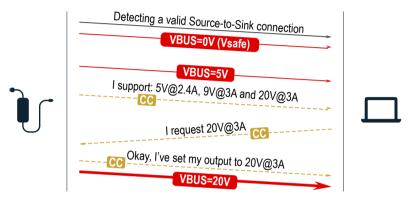


4.4.1. Power Data Objects (USB-C)

Power Data Object (PDO) defines a power capability:

- Nominal voltage and maximum current
- A Source must have at least one PDO
- The Sink chooses one of the Source's PDOs via CC communication

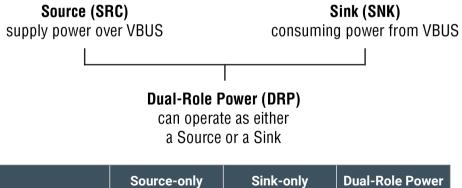




Powering Handshake

Dual-Role Power

With USB-C, the connector is the same on all products. Laptops, certain tablets and smartphones can be both a charger and a charged device (not simultaneously). Source/Sink defines the power role the port is currently operating in.



| | Source-only | Sink-only | Dual-Role Power |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Source-only | Non-functional | Functional | DRP = Sink |
| Sink-only | Functional | Non-functional | DRP = Source |
| Dual-Role Power | DRP = Sink | DRP = Source | DRPs negotiate |

4.5. USB-C Cable Recommendation

Please find the recommendations for the applied cables below:

- Use Full-featured USB Type-C cables made by reliable brands.
- USB2.0 cables do not have the Superspeed channels, neither DP video, nor USB3 transmission works with them.
- Type-C cables certified for USB 3.x Gen1-Gen2 (5Gbps or 10Gbps) and Displayport Alternate mode HBR2-HBR3 (5.4Gbps or 8.1Gbps) applications are recommended.
- Thunderbolt cables are not backwards compatible with USB3.x or Displayport unless the manufacturer explicitly states so.
- Passive, 20Gbps Thunderbolt 3 cables, which are also specified for USB3.x are a good, but more expensive choice.
- 5A charging capability is advised (for charging with 100W). However, all USB Type-C cables should support at least 3A (up to 60W) charging.

4.6. Ethernet Switch - Detailed Requirements

In the virtual matrix architecture a third party switch is used to transfer IP packets. In connection with this switch, the following criteria must be met:

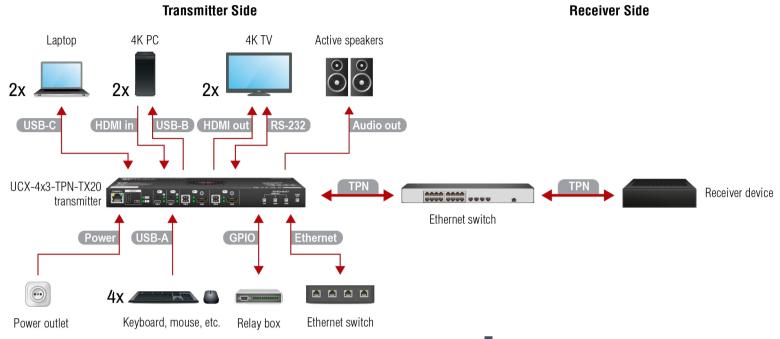
- 10 Gbps non-blocking switch (capable of full bandwidth transmission between all ports)
- Supports Internet Group Management Protocol version 2 (RFC 2236) snooping
- IPv4 (or Layer 2) Multicast Forwarding based on IGMP v2 snooping, with at least 16 addresses available for each endpoint, e.g. 4096 IPv4 multicast addresses for 256 endpoints

Optional, but Highly Recommended Requirements:

- Supports Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP), in order to discover network topology
- Supports IEEE Std. 802.1Q VLAN tagging
- Supports IEEE Std. 802.1Q (formerly 802.1p) priority code point (PCP), and implements priority based queuing for at least 1 prioritized traffic class. This is required to guarantee uninterrupted media transmission regardless of the user traffic.
- Supports IEEE Std. 802.1s (merged into IEEE Std. 802.1Q-2005) Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP), in order to detect switching loops in VLAN's.

ATTENTION! LLDP settings are basically not required to build up a TPN matrix so it is called optional, however, Lightware highly recommends to set them up, because LLDP is indispensable in system installation and diagnostics.

4.7. Connecting Steps



| | Transmitter side |
|-----------|---|
| TPN | Connect a CATx cable between the TPN output port of the transmitter, the Ethernet switch and the TPN input port of the receiver. |
| USB-C | Connect a USB-C source (e.g. BYOD laptop) to the USB-C input port. The applied cable shall be certified for Displayport Alternate mode HBR2 (4x5.4Gbps) applications. |
| HDMI in | Connect an HDMI source (e.g. BYOD laptop or room PC) to the HDMI input port. |
| Ethernet | Optionally connect the device to a LAN network. |
| USB | USB Type-A: Optionally connect the USB device (e.g. keyboard and mouse). USB Type-B: Optionally connect the USB host (e.g. PC). |
| HDMI out | Connect an HDMI sink (e.g projector) to the HDMI output port. |
| RS-232 | Optionally for RS-232 extension: connect a controller/controlled device (e.g. projector to the RS-232 port. |
| Audio out | Optionally connect an audio device (e.g. active speakers) to the analog audio output port by an audio cable. |
| GPIO | Optionally connect a device (e.g. a relay box) to the GPIO port. |
| Power | Connect the external power supply to the AC power socket and the switcher unit. Powering the device is recommended as the final step. |

ATTENTION! Please only connect one side (TX or RX) to the LAN, otherwise a loop may be created.

ATTENTION! The USB-C ports of Taurus are developed to connect native USB-C sources. HDMI–USB-C or DP–USB-C adapters are not supported and not recommended to apply.

INFO: Connecting USB-B and HDMI ports to the same PC or laptop is recommended in case of IN3 and IN4 inputs (IN2 in case of UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20).



Device Concept

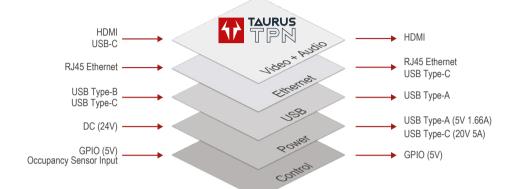
The following chapter describes the features of the devices with a few real-life examples:

- CONNECTING STEPS
- UNIVERSAL SWITCHER CONCEPT
- USB INTERFACE
- VIDEO INTERFACE
- ► THE AUTOSELECT FEATURE
- AUDIO INTERFACE
- ETHERNET INTERFACE
- ► LIGHTWARE ADVANCED ROOM AUTOMATION (LARA)
- BASIC NETWORK SECURITY
- ► 802.1x AUTHENTICATION
- Advanced Ethernet Security
- ► WEBSOCKET SERVICE (WS, WSS)
- BULK DEVICE MANAGEMENT
- SERIAL INTERFACE
- ► GPIO INTERFACE
- ► OCS INTERFACE

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5.1. Universal Switcher Concept

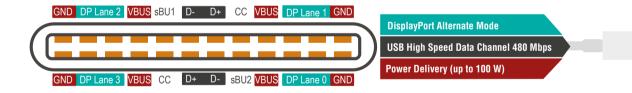
Lightware's universal switcher transmitter exploits the USB-C connectivity for a simplified transmission of 4K video, audio, control signals and power providing meeting participants with easy host switching, utilizing data speeds of up to 480 Mbps under the USB 2.0 providing video supporting up to 4k@60Hz at 4:4:4 video resolution.



5.2. USB Interface

5.2.1. USB-C Interface

USB-C Pinout and Data Channels



The USB-C interface consists of three main layers:



USB Data

• USB 2.0 data (480 Mbps) is transferred over the High-speed data channels. The built-in USB-Ethernet bridge provides Ethernet connection over the USB-C connector. This function uses the High-speed channels. For more details, see the USB Port Diagram (UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20) and the Ethernet Interface section.



Displayport Alternate Mode (Video + Embedded Audio)

 DisplayPort Alternate Mode: Alternate mode is designed for carrying uncompressed, native Displayport video as non-USB data (All Superspeed Data lanes deliver video signals, it reserves the whole bandwidth of the SS Lines).



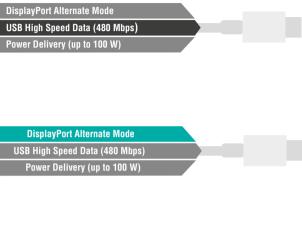
Power Delivery

- Going outward to power/charge external devices.

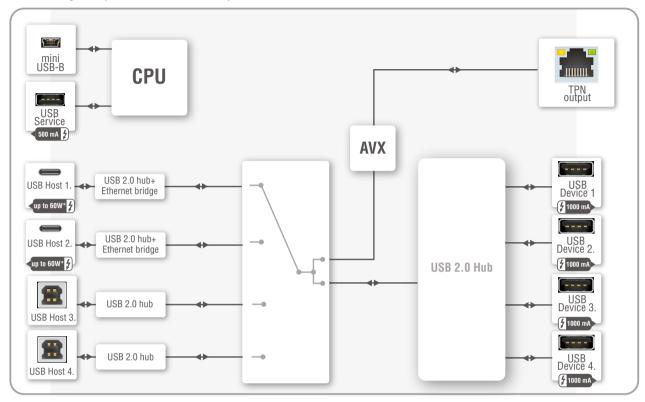
5.2.2. USB Data - USB 2.0 Interface

Summary of USB 2.0 ports

| | Upstream | Downstream ports (DFP) | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | USB-C 2.0 USB-B 2.0 (480 Mbps) (480 Mbps) | | USB-A 2.0 (480 Mbps) |
| | | | |
| UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | 2x | 2x | 4x |
| UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | 1x | 1x | 4x |



USB Port Diagram (UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20)



* For more details about the power delivery of the USB-C port, see the Powering Options section. INFO: The UCX-TPN series devices present 2 tiers in the USB topology due to the USB2 layer (two HUBs).

USB-A, USB-B and USB-C connectors also have high-speed data lines besides Superspeed.

The built-in USB-Ethernet bridge provides Ethernet for the USB-C connection. It is still available while the USB data channels are reserved for video or USB data transmission. For more details, see the Ethernet Port Diagram (UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20).

USB Features

DisplayPort Alternate Mode

This function is available only for USB type C connectors. See more details in the DisplayPort Alternate Mode section.

Host detection

One host is available at once. UCX-TPN series devices give a feedback about the connected hosts.

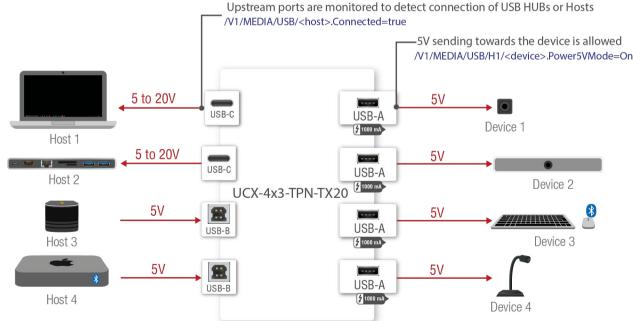
In case of USB Type-B ports: When the 5V is detected on USB Vbus, the **Connected** property becomes true.

In case of USB Type-C ports: USB Type-C introduced the port Power Roles: Sink port, Source port and Dual Role Power port. Supplying VBUS is not the privilege of the USB Host anymore.

Detecting the presence of a BYOD device on Type-C ports is done using the Power Delivery protocol over the Communication Channel.

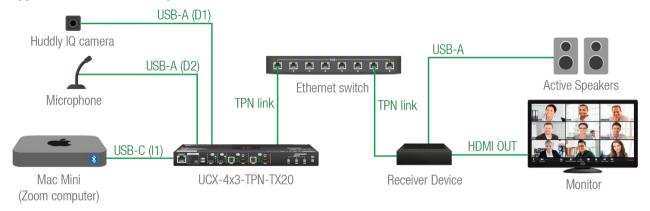
Sending 5V Power to the Device

This function allows sending 5V power to the device (USB peripheral). Most USB devices can be powered by this 5V, so disabling and enabling this property is equal to unplugging the USB connector and plugging it back in.



USB features in the UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20

Application of USB - Example



The Concept

The Webcam and USB microphone (D2) are connected to the Mac Mini computer(U3) through a USB HUB (UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20). Zoom running on the computer sends video and embedded audio signal to the Taurus HDMI input (I3).

The switcher forwards the signals to the receiver, which routes the analog audio to the active speakers and digital video to the HDMI display.

Settings

Step 1. In the Crosspoint menu, USB tab, switch the Mac Mini (U3) to the USB hub(H1).

Step 2. Pay attention to the connected USB devices (D1 and D2) and turn on the Power 5V Mode.

Step 3. The video crosspoint is switched to I3-01.

5.2.3. USB Service Ports - USB 2.0 Interface

Summary of USB 2.0 Service ports

| | Service ports | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | USB-A USB 2.0 (480 Mbps) | mini USB- B USB 2.0 (480 Mbps) | |
| UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | ~ | ~ | |
| UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | ~ | ~ | |

The SERVICE-labelled USB-A connector is designed for service function. The Mini B-type connector is reserved for future LW3 control. Both features will be added by a future firmware update.

5.3. Video Interface

ATTENTION! The USB-C ports of Taurus are developed to connect native USB-C sources. HDMI-USB-C or DP-USB-C adapters are not supported and not recommended to apply.

| Summary of Video Ports | #welcomesci | reen | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|---------------|-----------------------|
| | | Video I | Video Outputs | |
| | Welcome screen option | Displayport HDMI 2.0 Alternate mode (18 Gbps) | | HDMI 2.0 (18 Gbps) |
| | | HBR2 (4x5.4Gbps) | | |
| UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | ✓ | 2x | 2x | 2x |
| UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | ✓ | 1x | 1x | - |

5.3.1. Welcome Screen

DEFINITION: The Welcome screen is an internal source, which can be customized by uploading an image file, jpg, or bmp. Besides this, custom text can be set to display on the output with or without the image.

Rules

- Welcome screen is an option and appears as an additional input.
- The image and the text can be displayed separately or together as well.
- If the image option is not enabled, a light grey screen is displayed.
- One image can be stored in the device. If a new image is uploaded, the existing one will be overwritten.
- The max. image size is 4MB, preferred resolution is 1280x720.
- The text length can be max. 63 characters and the following characters are allowed: letters (a-z, A-Z), space, hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9) and dot (.). The text color is **black**.
- If no image is uploaded, the factory default image (Lightware logo) can be displayed.



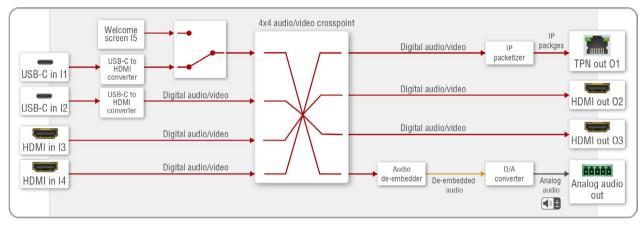
The Default Welcome Screen

Limitations

- If the I1 input port is switched to an output, the Welcome screen is not available.
- If the Welcome screen is switched to an output:
 - I1 input port is not available and I1 audio cannot be de-embedded to the analog audio output port.
 - I1 does not send hotplug signal and the signal parameters of the I1 port are not measured.
- If the audio of the I1 port is switched to the analog audio output and the Welcome screen is switched to the output, the audio signal is lost, however, the audio crosspoint is not changed.

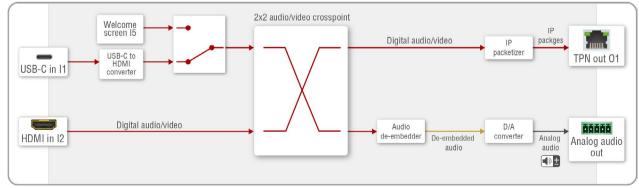
5.3.2. Video Port Diagrams

UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20



INFO: The source that is connected to the USB-C port sends DisplayPort video signal. This signal is converted to HDMI by the video IC internally.

UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20



INFO: The source that is connected to the USB-C port sends DisplayPort video signal. This signal is converted to HDMI by the video IC internally.

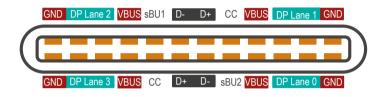
5.3.3. DisplayPort Alternate Mode

USB-C sources send Displayport signal for video transmission.

Displayport Alternate mode allows using the USB-C cable instead of DisplayPort cable for DP video signals. The standard uses the Superspeed data transfer channels for carrying the video stream.



ATTENTION! The bandwidth of the video is based on the capacity of the source and the sink. USB3.1 Generation (Gen1=5Gbps, Gen2=10Gbps) is not related to DP bitrate (HBR1=4x2.7Gbps, HBR2=4x5.4Gbps)



USB-C pinout in DP Alt mode

In Alt Mode, 2 or all 4 of the USB-C Superspeed data channels can be configured as DisplayPort lanes. A full-bandwidth DisplayPort connection is always defined as 4 lanes. The table below shows the correlation of the video resolution and the assigned lanes:

| DisplayPort Video | | | DisplayPort Alternate Mode | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| DisplayPort | Raw | Display | 2-Lai | ne DP | 4- | Lane DP |
| Standard | bandwidth (1 lane) | Resolutions | BW | Display Resolutions | BW | Display Resolutions |
| HBR1 (DP 1.0 / 1.1) | 2.7 Gbps | 1440p@60 Hz | 5.4 Gbps | 1 × FullHD | 10.8 Gbps | 1× 4K@30 Hz |
| HBR2 (DP 1.2) | 5.4 Gbps | 4K@60 Hz | 10.8 Gbps | 1× 4K@30 Hz | 21.6 Gbps | 1 × 4K@60 Hz |

| isplayPort Alternate Mode | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| High Speed Data (480 Mbps) | |
| ower Delivery (up to 100 W) | |

5.4. The Autoselect Feature

Aside from manually selecting crosspoints, you can choose the Autoselect option in case of video and USB ports.

Video input source can be selected in the following ways:

- using the front panel buttons
- using Lightware Device Controller (LDC)
- sending LW3 protocol command or
- using the Autoselect function.

There are three Autoselect policies as follows:

- Disable autoselect
- First detect
- Last detect
- Follow video (in case of USB and audio ports)

INFO: SignalPresent cannot be sensed on I1 if I5 is displayed due to the mutually exclusive operation of video input I1 and the internal Welcome screen image generator I5. Welcome screen image will disappear and the video crosspoint will be switched to I1 upon connecting a Host computer to I1, regardless of whether the computer sends Displayport image or not.

Individual input settings

This setting defines the priority level of the ports. The priority property is valid both for first detect and last detect operation modes. It overrides the chronological order of the appearance of the active video signal. The highest priority active input is always selected to transmit (1- highest priority, 100- lowest priority).

TIPS AND TRICKS: To use the individual input settings, change the default priority settings from 1 to 5 depending on their importance (e.g. 11 priority:1; 12 priority:2; 13 priority:3; 14 priority:4; 15 priority:5).

ATTENTION! The autoselect function remains active after the manual crosspoint switching. This operation mode works in contrast to the other Lightware matrix switchers or extenders.

Disable autoselect

The crosspoint state change only happens manually.

First detect

The selected input port is kept connected to the output as long as it has an active signal. The crosspoint changes when the signal becomes inactive on the chosen input, or when the video signal appears on a higher priority port.

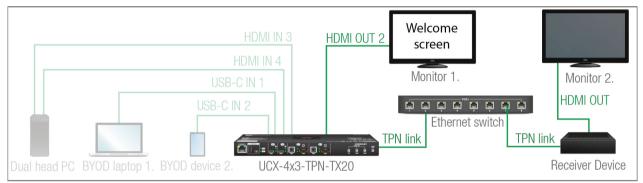
TIPS AND TRICKS: To uphold the first detect mode, default priority settings (I1 priority:50; I2 priority:50; I3 priority:50; I4 priority:50; I5 priority:100) are appropriate. Lower priority of the I5 port is highly recommended, because this is an internal source with constant video signal, thus this port is always the first one.

Last detect

It is always the last attached input that is selected to transmit. The crosspoint changes when the signal becomes inactive on the chosen input, or when the active video signal appears on a port with the same or higher priority.

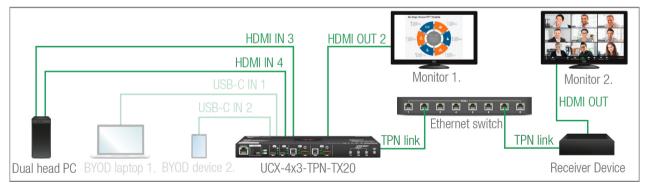
TIPS AND TRICKS: To uphold the last detect mode, default priority settings (I1 priority:50; I2 priority:50; I3 priority:50; I4 priority:50; I5 priority:100) are appropriate.

Automatic Input Selection - Example 1.

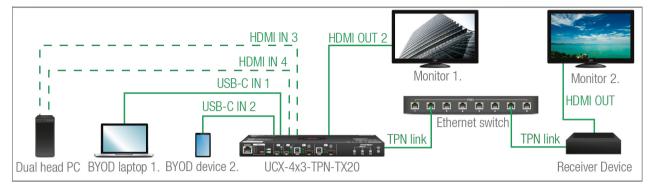


The Welcome screen appears on the Monitor 1. (02) when no active source is connected.

The video signal of the dual-head PC (I3, I4) can be seen on Monitor 1. (O2) and Monitor 2. (HDMI OUT)when it is powered on and no BYOD device is connected.



BYOD laptop 1. (I1) is displayed on Monitor 1. (O2) and BYOD device 2. (I2) can be seen on Monitor 2. (HDMI OUT) when they are connected and send active video signal. The individual input settings are the following:

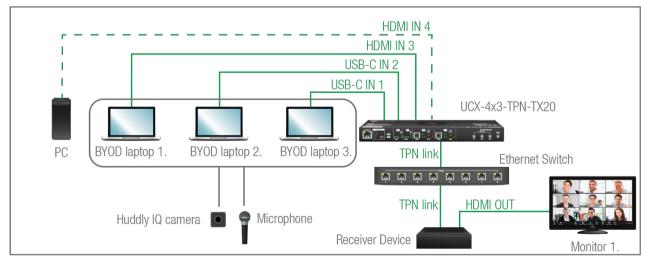


O2: I1 priority:1; I2 priority: disabled; I3 priority:2; I4 priority: disabled; I5 priority:3

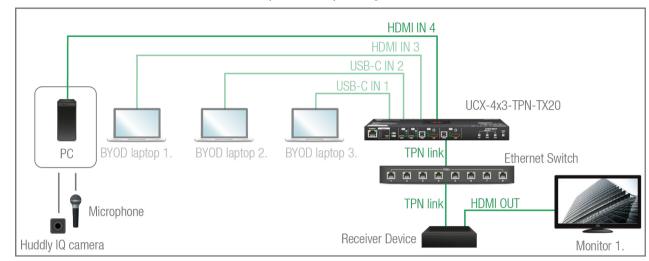
HDMI OUT: I1 priority: disabled; I2 priority: 1; I3 priority: disabled; I4 priority: 2; I5 priority: disabled

Automatic Input Selection - Example 2.

One of the BYOD laptops is switched to Monitor 1. (HDMI OUT) depending on the operation policy (Last detect/first detect) and the connection order of the BYOD laptops. The USB autoselect mode should be **Follow video**, the USB peripherials (webcam, microphone etc.) are connected to the chosen laptop. The USB Type-C provides Ethernet to the BYOD device, so the conferencing software can run there.



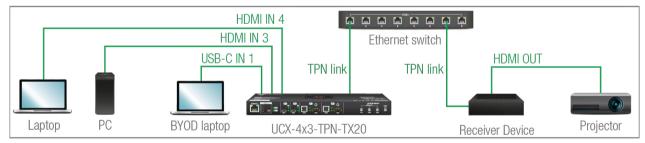
When no active BYOD device is connected and the local PC is powered on, the UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 is switched to I4 and transmits the video to Monitor 1. (HDMI OUT) through the receiver.



The individual input settings are the following:

HDMI OUT: I1 priority:1; I2 priority: disabled; I3 priority:2; I4 priority: disabled; I5 priority:3

Automatic Input Selection - Example 3.



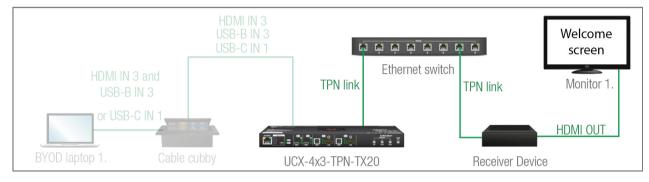
The laptop on HDMI IN 4 will be automatically switched to the HDMI output on the receiver if there is no other source connected to the switcher. If the PC is powered on and has active video signal, the HDMI IN 3 will be switched to the HDMI output. If the BYOD Laptop is connected through the USB-C input 1, it will be switched to the HDMI output – independently of the presence of the other video signals.

Set the Autoselect mode to Last detect for HDMI OUT 1: The priorities are the following (the lowest number means the highest priority):

| Source device | Input port | Priority |
|---------------|-----------------|----------|
| Laptop | I4 (HDMI IN 4) | 3 |
| PC | 13 (HDMI IN 3) | 2 |
| BYOD Laptop | I1 (USB-C IN 1) | 1 |

Priorities can be set in Lightware Device Controller software, see the related settings in the HDMI Video Output section.

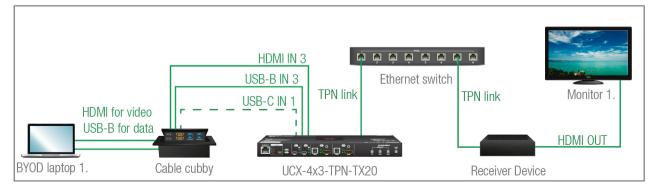
Automatic Input Selection - Example 4.



The Welcome screen appears on the Monitor 1. (HDMI OUT) when no active source is connected. A presenter can choose what cable(s) are appropriate for their BYOD. Either a USB Type-C cable alone for both USB and Displayport, or one USB cable (USB-B or USB-C) for data and one HDMI cable for video can be used. The UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 will switch both USB and video lavers accordingly. Cable cubby for BYOD #1 has three cables connecting to USB-C (IN1), USB-B (IN3), HDMI (IN3).

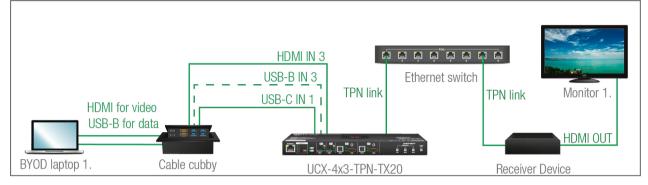
Case 1.

When the BYOD laptop uses HDMI for video and USB-B for data.



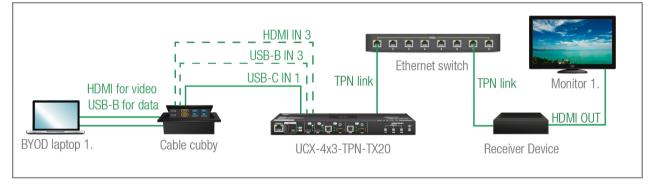
Case 2.

When the BYOD laptop uses HDMI for video and USB-C for data.



Case 3.

When the BYOD laptop uses USB-C for video and data and USB-C for data.



The individual input settings are the following:

Video

HDMI OUT:Last detect; 11 priority:1; 12: disabled; 13 priority:1; 14: disabled; 15 priority:2

ATTENTION! Take care that the O2 video is not switched to I5 because of the crosspoint limitation: I1 and 15 ports are not available at the same time, only one of them can be selected to any output.

USB

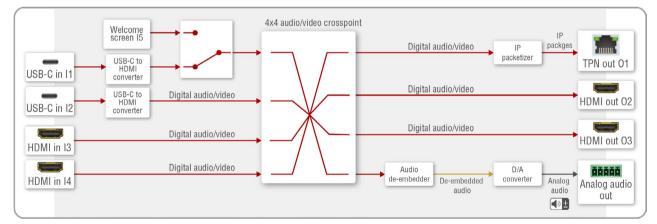
H1: Last detect, U1 priority:1; U2 priority:1; U3 priority:1; U4 priority:1

5.5. Audio Interface

Summary of Audio Ports

| | Audio Outputs | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Analog audio de-embedding | |
| | ăăăăă | |
| | 5-pole Phoenix [®] Combicon | |
| UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | ~ | |
| UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | ~ | |

Video and Audio Port Diagram (UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20)



5.5.1. Analog Audio Interface

The device can receive embedded audio signal on the HDMI or USB-C inputs.

The switcher transmitter has a built-in audio de-embedder, which means the device is able to de-embed audio from its video ports to its analog audio output port.

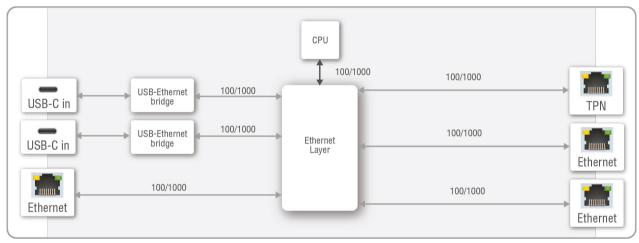
ATTENTION! Audio can not be de-embedded from 11 to O3 as long as 15 is in use. This is due to the mutually exclusive operation of 11 and 15 ports. Embedded audio signal present will read false in the case described above.

5.6. Ethernet Interface

Summary of Ethernet ports

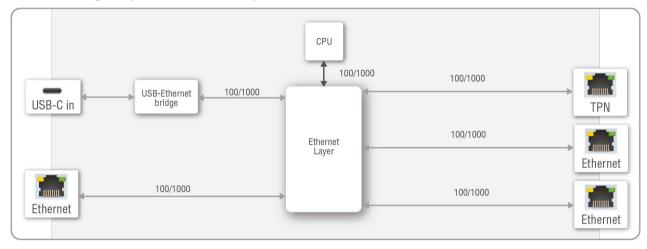


Ethernet Port Diagram (UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20)



| rnet 2 | Ethernet 3 | Gigabit Ethernet | TPN |
|--------|------------|---------------------|-----|
| | 8 1 1 | | |
| | ~ | - | ~ |
| | ~ | - | ~ |

Ethernet Port Diagram (UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20)



The device can be controlled via Ethernet (standard RJ45 connector). This interface supports:

- Configuration of the device with Lightware Device Controller. For more information about the LDC, see the Software Control Options section.
- Control of the Lightware devices with LW3 command protocols. See more details about the Lightware
 protocol in the LW3 Programmers' Reference section.
- Establishing the connection to the Lightware Device Updater v2 software and performing Firmware Update.
- Creation of a local network, passthrough the Ethernet traffic.
- The switcher provides WS/WSS services on its 80 (for WS) and 443 (for WSS) ports to control the device with LW3 protocol commands. For more details, see the WebSocket Service (WS, WSS) section.
- REST API interface is also desiged for control UCX switcher. See more details in the Lightware REST API Reference section.

USB- Ethernet Bridge

The built-in USB- Ethernet bridge provides Ethernet for the USB-C connection through the USB-2.0 layer.

System Requirements of USB- Ethernet Bridge

The built-in USB- Ethernet bridge operates as a third-party USB Ethernet hub.

• Windows an MacOS X operation systems handle it plug and play.

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5.7. Lightware Advanced Room Automation (LARA)

Lightware Advanced Room Automation (LARA) is a future-proof room automation platform that enables controlling both Lightware and 3rd-party devices in a meeting room area and also accessing remote services over the



network. LARA has an easy-to-use graphical interface that allows the integrators to set up and deploy their system and also helps the technicians and IT personnel to check the system status and diagnose possible errors. LARA comes with built-in touchscreen control support, where a fully customizable graphical interface can be provided to literally any modern touchscreen device.

LARA eliminates the need for an external controller unit or PC, as it is embedded into the Taurus UCX family. Because of the modular design, the integrators can build their system based on existing modules (drivers, touch screens, services and more) or create their own. Thanks to the approach of open source modules, the integrators can easily modify or extend the existing modules, or use them as a base for their new solutions.

With LARA, integrators can set up the behavior of the meeting room by creating rules and setting various parameters, there is an option to write codes. JavaScript is the most widespread language today, which has a steep learning curve and huge online community. By using the popular NodeJS engine, the integrators can rely on the public NPM repository (http://www.npmjs.org) and use the free packages available there.

We are working hard to release new functionalities regularly and make LARA more and more user-friendly.

5.7.1. Opening the LARA interface

ATTENTION! When connecting to a device, you will need the 443 port for HTTPS connection, and optionally the 6107 port for raw TCP connection and the 80 port for HTTP connection.

Step 1. Enable LARA in your device. Navigate to the Settings/Network tab. First set a password for the 'admin' user, then enable LARA via the checkbox.

INFO: As LARA is capable of running NodeJS scripts accessing your network, it is imperative to prevent open access that could be used by a malicious attacker.

Step 2. Open LARA in either of the following ways:

- Via the Open LARA button under the System tab in the LDC, or

- By typing https://<ip_address>/lara into the address field of your browser. Even though any modern browser should work, we recommend using the latest Chrome or Safari versions. If you don't know the IP address of your device, please use Lightware Device Controller to discover it on your local network.

LARA does not run by default, however, once it starts, it will remain running even after resetting the device or closing the browser, until it is stopped by the user. It can be disabled in the LDC software. Please be aware that calling factory reset will erase LARA configurations.

While a graphical interface is available for most of the general functions, LARA offers the option to use it with JavaScript codes for every step and modification for both basic and more advanced task creation. Wizard and JavaScript code usage can easily be combined for maximum efficiency.

Help

LARA offers a built-in help interface, which is available by clicking on the Help button near the top right corner. If you have active Internet connection, the LARA User Manual is available either via the QR code or the clickable link beneath it.

5.7.2. Running LARA

LARA uses modules and their instances as basic building blocks of a configuration.

Modules

Modules are software pieces that give a base to the processes in the LARA interface. There are five module categories available as follows:

- **Driver**: a module connected to a certain device in the network
- Logic: a module for organizing the other modules into a system
- Userpanel: provides a user interface for the end user (e.g. tabletop control)
- Service: a module connected to a certain service in the network (e.g. calendar services)
- Script: any custom module for a specific purpose

LARA modules have access to the devices' every port, connection interface and the entire parameter library of the LW3 tree.

There are several pre-made modules that can be found in LARA for quick and easy system setup. These modules can be found in the Browse Modules menu by clicking on the Create New button and choosing one of the options from the Base modules drop-down list.

- Taurus/MMX2 driver module for controlling the device
- Taurus/MMX2 CEC driver module for sending CEC messages via the HDMI ports
- Generic LW3 driver module for controlling another Lightware device that supports LW3 protocol
- Generic TCP/IP driver module for controlling any device that is available via TCP/IP connection
- **Cisco Webex script** module integration with Cisco Webex supporting BYOD (Bring Your Own Device) functions
- OCS sensor serial message script module for sending a serial message to a device (e.g. Display) if the Occupancy Sensor detects a signal
- Generic REST Client driver module: universal module for controlling third-party devices over HTTP(S) REST API (PUT, POST, GET, DELETE)
- Signal present serial message script module for sending a serial message to a device (e.g. Display) if a video signal is detected on a port

Instances

Modules can be run as instances. Different parameters may be added to different instances for the same module to include every possible process in the desired system.

Instances can communicate with each other using Events and Methods.

ATTENTION! It is currently only possible to run all instances together, or run none of them. **Events**

Every instance can emit Events when something happens. An event is always momentary, it will be emitted immediately when something triggers it. An event can be used by other logic or user panel instances, or even by the same instance itself.

Methods

Methods are software pieces in any instance, which can be invoked (called) to initiate an activity in the associated room equipment.

Rules

Rules allow setting up processes according to changes in the state of the device. A status change might dispatch an **Event**, which can trigger a rule. The rule will then be able to execute an **Action** according to the triggering Event. When defining a new rule, a triggering Event must be selected. In case of Logic and Userpanel modules any instance can be chosen as the source of the Event. In other cases only the given module's own Events may be selected.

Once an Event has been dispatched that triggered a rule, an Action will be launched. An Action may have an unlimited number of steps defined.

5.7.3. Downloading/Uploading a Configuration

The modules, or even the entire configuration can be downloaded to the computer as a .zip file, or a previously saved configuration can be uploaded to a device.

ATTENTION! If the links to methods/properties are compatible with other models within the UCX/MMX2 product family, the configuration will work without a problem. However, sometimes a simple fine tune in the LW3 path of the properties/methods is necessary.

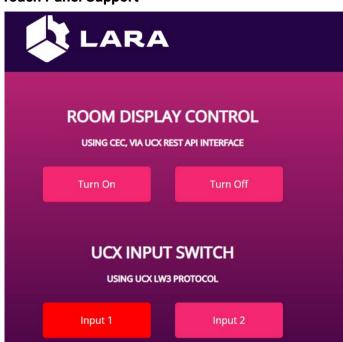
In case of downloading (and later uploading) a configuration of the module, these files are contained within the .zip file.

5.7.4. Status Board

The Status board offers real-time information about the connected devices through all running instances as Status Indicators. Such information might include connection status, signal presence, or even parameter status tracking. The indicators may show either static or self-refreshing information based on the current states of the device.

| | LARA | | | | | | | | | STATUS BOARD | BROWSE | E MODULES |
|-----|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | 😂 STATUS: 📀 🖉 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| : | INSTANCES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | DRIVER | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 📀 Instance: TX_Ins | tance | | Module: My_Tauru | s_TX | | Base modu | ule: taurus-ucx-mmx2-d | iver | ¢ |) 🖉 🕯 | • • |
| | Connection: Connected | Package version: v1.1.0b1 | Product name: UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20 | Overall health status: OK | 01 output's source: 13 | 01 output connected: fi | alse 01 output signal presen | nt: true 02 output's source: 12 | 02 output connected: | true 02 output sign | al present: fa | |
| | 03 output's source: 11 | O3 output connected: false | 03 output signal present: false US | B host input: U3 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| * | LOG: View all 🗸 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| [20 | 23-08-21 09:00:09.0 | 073] - TX_Instance | - Connected on :6107 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

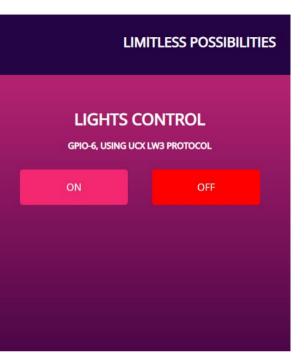




LARA offers support for any touch panel device that has a browser installed on it. With the use of Userpanel modules, you can easily upload project specific HTML/CSS/JS files to your devices, and edit or change them in LARA in real time. There is a Content option under a Userpanel module for the purpose of uploading and editing these files. It is also possible to create folders and subfolders for easy organization. Uploading can be done by dragging and dropping the files into the content section.

For proper operation, in the HTML code a unique ID shall be assigned to every HTML element where LARA interaction is required.

For more information, sample configurations and training materials, please visit lightware.com/lara.



5.8. Basic Network Security

These basic network security improvements help to prevent unauthorized access to the UCX series switchers:

- Disable Ethernet Ports
- Disable Network Services
- **Basic Authentication**
- Encryption (HTTPS,WSS) .

The following table summarizes the ports, protocols, features and the security options.

| Port number | Protocol | Function | Affected software | Port disable option | Encryption | Authentication | Other features |
|--------------------------|----------|--|-------------------|---------------------------|------------|----------------|---|
| 80 | ТСР | HTTP port (LW3 over WS, REST API, LARA user panels) | LDC, LDU2 | ~ | × | ~ | FW update, Welcome Screen image upload, |
| 443 | ТСР | HTTPS port (LW3 over WSS, REST API, LARA management GUI) | LDC, LDU2 | ~ | ~ | ~ | Log files, User Scripts Serial messaging |
| 6107 | TCP | LW3 protocol | LDC | ~ | × | ~ | |
| 8001, 8002; 8003 (RX) | TCP | Serial over IP (RS-232) | - | ~ | × | × | |
| 224.0.0.251: 5353 | UDP | mDNS / Bonjour (Device Discovery) | LDC, LDU2 | × | × | × | |
| 230.76.87.82: 37421 | UDP | Remote IP | LDC, LDU2 | × | × | × | |

INFO: The ports are necessary to be passed via a network switch/firewall for proper operation between the device and the softwares.

ATTENTION! Be careful when combining the security functions; improper settings may cause malfunction.

5.8.1. Disable Ethernet Ports

Internal Ethernet connections can be limited by enabling/disabling the Ethernet ports depending on the actual system configuration (e.g. Ethernet layer of the USB Type-C port can be disabled if necessary).

5.8.2. HTTP/HTTPS

UCX-TPN series extenders provide HTTP/HTTPS server services on their 80 (for HTTP) and 443 (for HTTPS) ports. It makes it possible to use the following services via HTTP/HTTPS:

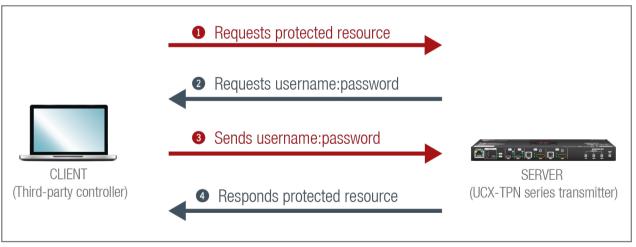
- LW3 over WebSocket (WS, WSS) for LW3 protocol or using LDC for device control
- REST API for device control
- Serial message sending with REST API
- Firmware update
- Uploading WelcomeScreen image
- LARA interface
- Downloading logfiles from the device
- ATTENTION! LARA management GUI is only available through HTTPS and it is password-protected.

Basic Authentication

To limit user access for HTTP/HTTPS server services, basic authentication can be turned on for the ports 80 and 443 separately.

ATTENTION! Authentication feature in UCX-TPN series is not equal to the Cleartext login feature in the Advanced Control Pack v3 of the TPS family extenders.

The picture below illustrates the successful authentication process:



HTTPS request-response

User

The transmitter can manage one user (with fixed username: admin) with full access.

Password

- No password is set by default, the authentication can be enabled after setting a password. The old password is required when password is changed.
- The password must be at least 10 characters long, and any UTF-8 character is allowed.
- From firmware version v1.8.0, password history is maintained in the web authentication, not allowing for the last 10 passwords to be set again.
- The device does not store the password string, so it can not be queried.
- The password can be reset by calling factory defaults (Reset to Factory Default Settings).

Follow the instructions to set the authentication:

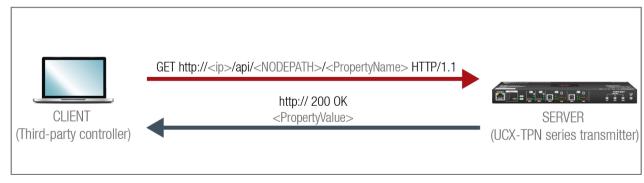
- Step 1. Set the password with Lightware Device Controller software (Network) or REST API command (Setting a Password for Authentication).
- Step 2. Enable the authentication on the chosen port (HTTP: 80 or HTTPS: 443) with the Lightware Device Controller software (Network) or LW3 protocol command (Enabling the Authentication).
- Step 3. Restart network services.

ATTENTION! The password will not be encrypted by this authentication mode, it remains accessible when the communication happens on HTTP.

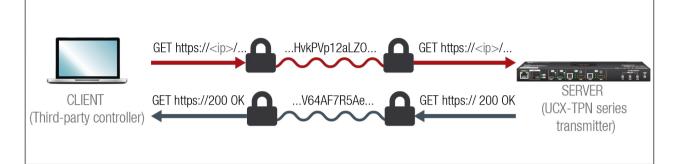
5.8.3. Encryption (HTTPS, WSS)

HTTP protocol uses clear text format for data transport. This method allows a third-party to listen in and eavesdrop on the transferred information.

HTTP request-response



To ensure the secure data transmission, the HTTP port (80) can be disabled, and the all the information can be transferred via HTTPS (443 port). HTTPS protocol encrypts the clear text, so it becomes incomprehensible for a third-party and keeps the data secure.

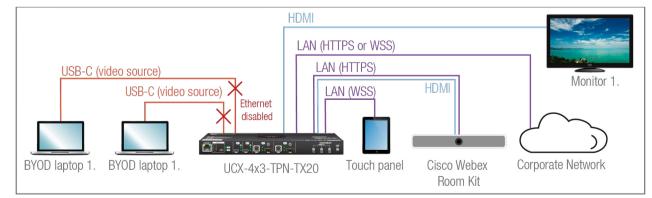


The same services are available on HTTPS as HTTP (for the detailed service list, see the HTTP/HTTPS section).

- The UCX-TPN series transmitter generates a self-signed certificate, so the user does not have to deal with the configuration.
- SSL certificates can also be uploaded into the device (Certificate Management).
- A new certificate is generated after hostname changing or restoring the factory default settings.
- Please ensure proper UCX time and date setting in UCX, because it affects the self-signed certificate (SSL) generation when using WSS or HTTPS. Improper time and date setting may lead to certificate rejection.

ATTENTION! HTTPS does not guarantee that the communication is secure. Make sure that the client communicates with the server directly, without any third-party element in the communication route (Man-in-the-middle attack).

Basic Security System Example



To keep the system protected, the unsecured ports should be disabled and data traffic should be managed by secured channels.

Step 1. Disable the Ethernet layer of the USB-C ports towards the laptops. The video and USB data transmission still work.

The setting is available in the following ways:

- Lightware REST API HTTP posts (see the details in the Network section)
- LW3 protocol commands (see the details in the Enabling/Disabling the Ethernet Port section)

Step 2. Disable the HTTP port (80) and use HTTPS (443) instead.

The setting is available in the following ways:

- Lightware REST API HTTP posts (see the details in the Enabling/Disabling the Network Service Portsection).
- LW3 protocol commands (see the details in the Enabling/Disabling the Service Port section).

Step 3. Set the password and enable the authentication.

The username is always fix (admin) and the password has to be set before authentication is enabled. The setting is available in the following ways:

- Lightware Device Controller software (see the details in the Network section)
- Lightware REST API HTTP posts (see the details in the Setting a Password for Authentication and the Enabling the Authentication section).

Step 4. Disable 6107 port, use Lightware REST API HTTPS (443 port) or WSS for LW3 protocol to control the device.

The setting is available in the following ways:

- Lightware REST API HTTP posts (see the details in the Enabling/Disabling the Network Service Port section).
- LW3 protocol commands (see the details in the Enabling/Disabling the Service Port section).

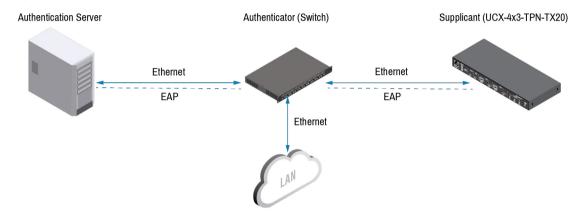
Step 5. Disable the remaining unsecured Serial over IP ports (8001 and 8002).

The setting is available in the following ways:

- Lightware REST API HTTP posts (see the details in the Enabling/Disabling the Network Service Port section).
- LW3 protocol commands (see the details in the Enabling/Disabling the Service Port section).

5.9. 802.1x Authentication

802.1x is a server-based port authentication protocol that restricts unauthorized clients from accessing a LAN through a public port. Three parties make up the most basic setup of 802.1x: a supplicant (client device), an authenticator (Ethernet switch) and an authentication server. Before the device is permitted access to the network, port communication is restricted to Extensible Authentication Protocol over LAN (EAPOL) traffic.



After the device passes the authentication process, the authentication server notifies the switch, allowing the client to access the LAN.

The available method for 802.1x authentication in the UCX-TPN series devices is the following:

 EAP-TLS: This method utilizes Public Key Infrastructure to authenticate with an authentication server. To communicate with the server, a certification authority (CA) certificate and a client-side certificate that is signed by a known certification authority are needed.

The UCX itself can act as a supplicant, but also as a route through which a BYOD device can reach the authenticator as a supplicant.

ATTENTION! This method authenticates the UCX-TPN series transmitter, not the BYOD connected to the UCX-TPN! If you only want to authenticate the connected BYOD device and not the UCX-TPN, you do not need to activate 802.1x authentication in the UCX-TPN device.

INFO: When updating the firmware of the UCX-TPN series device, sensitive information (passwords, keys etc.) on the authentication will not be downloaded into the backup file, but it will be retained in the device during the update.

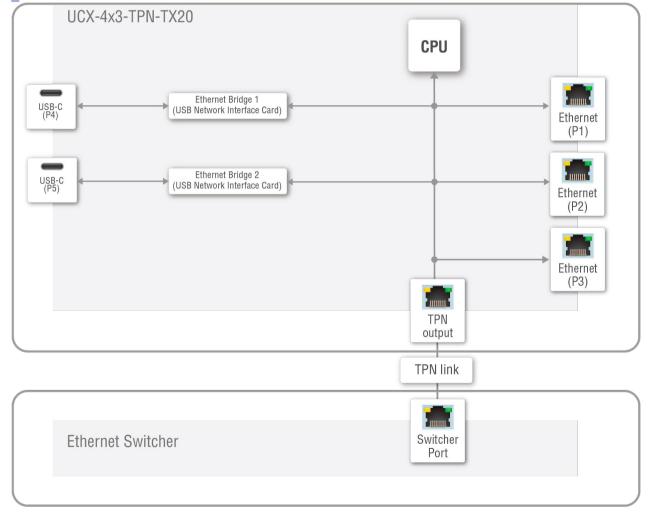
5.10. Advanced Ethernet Security

This feature is a port-based VLAN setting, which allows the user to decide which network(s) the USB-C ports are connected to, and thus which network(s) the connected devices can use. This way the connected devices can be separated from the corporate network, increasing network security.

There are two options available, which are the following:

- **Transparent**: this is the default mode, with the network openly used by Taurus and the BYOD devices. If you want to authenticate the connected BYOD through 802.1x, this option is not recommended.
- Custom: the setting of any Ethernet port differs from the default property

INFO: Only one mode can be active at the same time.



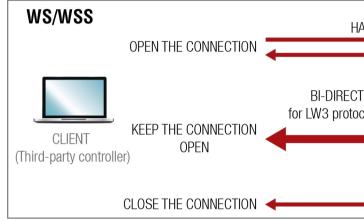
Transparent VLAN preset with UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 connected to an Ethernet switch

5.11. WebSocket Service (WS, WSS)

UCX-TPN series transmitters provide WS/WSS services on their 80 (for WS) and 443 (for WSS) ports to control the device with LW3 protocol commands.

The UCX-TPN series transmitter can manage 18 connected clients in total simultaneously for WS (80), WSS (443) and LW3 (6107) ports.

The WebSocket connection is built up by HTTP handshake. After the connection is established, communication switches to a bi-directional WebSocket protocol for LW3 communication.



The main difference between HTTP and WS communication process is that HTTP closes the connection between the client and the server after one request-response pair, while WebSocket keeps the connection open. This feature allows real-time communication such as **controlling the device with LW3 protocol commands**. The WS functions are also available via WebSocket Secure (WSS).

| ANDSHAKE | • |
|--|---|
| TIONAL MESSAGING col commands and LDC | |
| | SERVER (UCX-TPN series transmitter) |
| CLOSE | • |

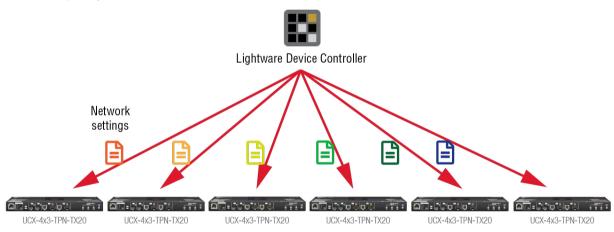
5.12. Bulk Device Management

It is possible to configure several devices at once with the Bulk Device Management tool. This feature can be accessed by clicking on the **Tools** button in the bottom left corner of the Device Discovery window of the LDC and choosing the Bulk Management option. #new

See the Bulk Device Management section for more details.

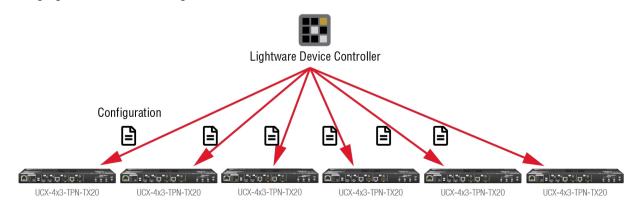
5.12.1. Network Settings

This function makes it possible to change and adjust the network settings of several devices at once (unique settings for each device), without having to set them at each device one by one. A .csv file can be created containing the list and desired settings of the devices and it can be uploaded into the LDC to be applied to the devices quickly.



5.12.2. Device Configuration

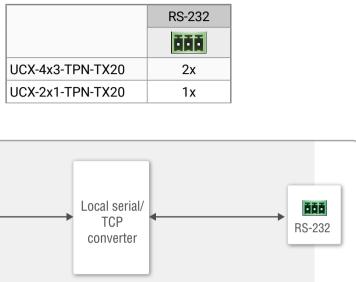
Here you can choose the devices that need to be configured, and upload a previously saved configuration to all of them at once. This is a helpful tool for quick and easy reconfiguration of the devices after a firmware update. This function allows uploading configurations to devices with the same firmware version, without changing their network settings.



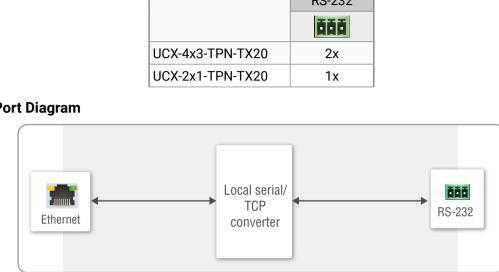
5.13. Serial Interface

Serial data communication can be established via the local RS-232 port (Phoenix[®] connector).

Summary of Serial Ports



5.13.1. Serial Port Diagram



The UCX-TPN transmitters work as an RS-232 bi-directional converter. The TCP signal is converted to RS-232 data and vice versa. TCP/IP port numbers are defined for serial ports (8001, 8002) for this purpose. If a command is coming from the Ethernet interface that is addressed to the port no. 8001, it will be transmitted to the Tx pin of the local RS-232 port (P1). That works in the opposite direction too, and the method is the same on the serial interface of the Ethernet port as well, but the serial message will be transmitted to all opened TCP sockets (if the TCP connection closed meanwhile, the message will not be transmitted). It can handle a maximum of 20 connections at the same time.

Disabling Serial over IP function disconnects the Serial/TCP converter from the Ethernet layer and the serial data won't be transmitted to the Ethernet network. This setting is available in the Lightware Device Controller software (in the Settings menu, Network tab) or with REST API command (Enabling/Disabling the Network Service Port).

The extenders can manage a maximum of 20 connected clients at the same time for each serial port.

Message Sending Function

Message sending function allows RS-232 command sending to a third-party (or a Lightware) device from the UCX-TPN series. Any format is acceptable (text, binary, hexadecimal,etc.), maximum message size is 100Kb. Escaping is unnecessary.

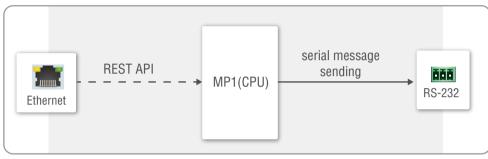
Serial message sending is possible by using HTTP Post with Lightware REST API.

POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/send·HTTP/1.1 → header:

→ body: <message>

<serial port> is P1 or P2.

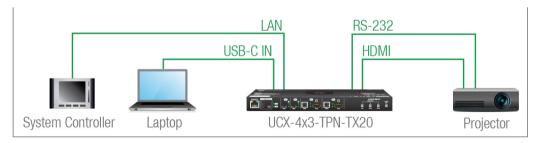
The MP1 (CPU) is available over REST API interface. The MP1 (CPU) sends the message via the serial port to a third-party (or a Lightware) device. This is a one-way communication, the response will not be interpreted by the CPU. Consider using Serial over IP function instead of listening to a serial device.



For more details about the Lightware REST API, see the Lightware REST API Reference chapter.

INFO: Taurus can receive a serial message in a special way. When a message is sent from the Taurus, the response from the connected device is accepted within 100 ms. The communication is closed after that time interval.

Serial Options - Example



External Controller Concept

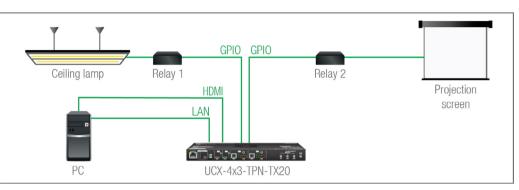
The projector is turned on and off by the external System Controller. The System controller has an internal REST API client, which is connected to the UCX-TPN transmitter. It sends a HTTP POST to the UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20. The Switcher transmitter sends a serial message over the P1 port to the Projector.

Security: When interpreting of the response from the projector is necessary, serial over IP port (8001 or 8002) can be enabled, in this case, the 8001 or 8002 ports are available from other devices too, and it makes the system unsecured.

5.14. GPIO Interface

The General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) port is a multifunctional input/output interface to control the switcher transmitter or third-party devices and peripherals. You can establish the connection between the controller/controllable device and the switcher transmitter via the 8-pole Phoenix connector. The direction of the six pins is configurable independently from each other.

GPIO Options - Example



The ceiling lamp is turned off by Relay 1 and the projection screen is rolled down by Relay 2. Both relays are controlled by the GPIO port.

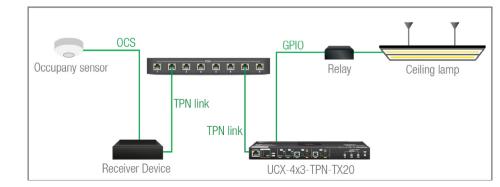
When the PC starts to play the video presentation, the signal is received over the HDMI input, so the GPIO pins send a signal to Relay 1 to open, which results in the lights being turned off. Furthermore, the GPIO pins also send a signal to Relay 2 to close and the projection screen is rolled down. When the presentation ends, signal ceases on the HDMI input, so the GPIO pins send a signal to Relay 1 to close, which results in the lights being turned on, and send a signal to Relay 2 to open, so the projection screen returns to its enclosure.

ATTENTION! Please always check the electrical parameters of the devices that you want to control. The maximum current of one GPIO pin is 30 mA, the maximum total current for the six pins is 180 mA.

5.15. OCS Interface

OCS Application Example

When the occupancy sensor detects people in the meeting room, the transmitter turns on the ceiling lamp.



5.16. Further Built-in Features

5.16.1. Device Cloning – Configuration Backup and Restore



The device (configuration) cloning of UCX-TPN series switcher transmitters is a simple method that eliminates the need to repeatedly configure certain devices to have identical (non-factory) settings. If the devices are installed in the same type of system multiple times, then it is enough to set up only one device to fit the user's needs and then copy those settings to the others, thus saving time and resources.

Cloning is possible between devices using the same firmware version. All LW3 settings and the WelcomeScreen Image will be saved.

Please note that the clone file can be downloaded and uploaded via HTTP or HTTPS, so 80 or 433 port has to be enabled.

See more information about the settings in the Clone configuration section.

45



Software Control Options

UCX-TPN devices allow setting all the parameters via a user-friendly interface. Open a web browser (Google Chrome or Mozilla Firefox is highly recommended) and connect to the device to access the parameters and settings. The other option is to use the Lightware Device Controller (LDC) software and connect to the device without a web browser. The features are described in the coming sections.

- ► FURTHER BUILT-IN FEATURES
- SOFTWARE CONTROL MODES
- ► USING THE BUILT-IN WEB
- ► INSTALL AND UPDATE THE LDC
- RUNNING THE LDC
- ESTABLISHING THE CONNECTION
- BULK DEVICE MANAGEMENT
- VIDEO & AUDIO CROSSPOINT
- PORT PROPERTIES WINDOW
- CEC TOOL
- USB CROSSPOINT
- EDID MENU
- CONTROL MENU
- SETTINGS MENU
- ADVANCED VIEW WINDOW

6.1. Software Control Modes

The device can be controlled in the following ways:

- Using the built-in web page,
- Using the Lightware Device Controller (LDC) software,
- Sending REST API commands (see the Lightware REST API Reference chapter), or
- Sending LW3 commands (see the LW3 Programmers' Reference chapter).

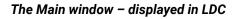
Built-in web page vs. LDC

The LDC and the built-in web page shows the same content, but there are some minor differences:

| | Function | Built-in Web | LDC | |
|---------------------|------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|
| | Platform | A Web browser running under Windows, macOS or Android | Windows, mac OS | |
| | Installation | Web browser needed only | Required | |
| | Device discovery | - | ✓ | |
| | Logout | ~ | - | |
| | LW_UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20_00008393 | 3 2 CROSSPOINTS EDID MANAGEMENT CON | NTROL SETTINGS | Oevice Discovery |
| Video & Audio USB | | HDMI IN 3 I3 HDMI IN 4 I4 Image: Constraint of the state of the | 01 Lock/Mute: 02 Connected: 03 HPD Mode: | |
| AUDIO USB-C IN 1 | 11 USB-C IN 2 12 | | version. | IDCP 2.2 v |
| | | | Color space and Sampling: Color Depth: 8 | rogressive GB bpc mited |



The Main Window - Displayed on a Smartphone



6.2. Using the Built-in Web

UCX-TPN devices can easily be controlled and configured without downloading and installing LDC, by utilizing the built-in web.

Connecting to the device is possible by typing its IP address into the URL of the browser.

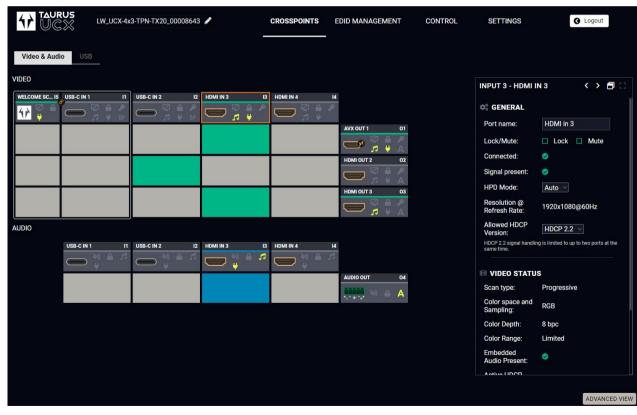
The layout of the built-in web is generally the same as the LDC, with a few differences:

- There is no Device Discovery button.
- There is a **Logout** button.

INFO: The Logout button will only appear if the device has a password and the user is logged in

ATTENTION! The maximum length of a single session is **120** minutes. If this time is up, you will be logged out, and the device will only be available upon logging in again.

ATTENTION! In case of **30 minutes** of inactivity the session will expire. The system will remind you in a popup window if the current session is about to expire five minutes before the time limit. If the reminder receives no answer, the session will restart and you will be forced to log out.



The Logout button appears in the upper right corner upon login

6.3. Install and Update the LDC

INFO: After the installation, the Windows and the Mac applications have the same look and functionality. This type of the installer is equal with the Normal install in case of Windows and results in an updatable version with the same attributes.

Installation for Windows OS

Run the installer. If the User Account Control drops a pop-up message, click Yes.

During the installation you will be prompted to select the type of the installation: **normal** and the **snapshot** install:

| Normal install | Snapshot install |
|---|--|
| Available for Windows and macOS | Available for Windows |
| The installer can update only this instance | Cannot be updated |
| Only one updatable instance can exist for all users | More than one different version can be installed for all users |

Comparison of installation types

ATTENTION! Using the Normal install as the default choice is highly recommended.

Installation for macOS

Mount the DMG file by double clicking on it, and drag the LDC icon over the Applications icon to copy the program into the Applications folder. If you want to copy the LDC into another location, just drag the icon over the desired folder.

Updating of LDC

Step 1. Run the application.

The **Device Discovery** window appears automatically, and the program checks the available updates on Lightware's website and opens the update window if LDC updates are found.

The current and the update version numbers can be seen at the top of the window and they are shown in this window even with the snapshot install.

The **Update** window can also be opened by clicking the **About icon** and the **Update** button.

| Cu | rrent version: 2.9.0 | b2 |
|-----------|----------------------|---------------|
| Up | date version: 2.10. | 0b1 |
| R | <u>elease notes</u> | |
| Options | | |
| | c for updates 🥑 | |
| Rem | ind me later: Nex | t time 👻 👻 |
| Pr | oxy settings: | Setup |
| | | |
| Check now | Download upo | late Postpone |

Step 2. Set the desired update setting in the Options section.

- If you do not want to check for the updates automatica uncheck **the circle** that contains the green tick.
- If you want to postpone the update, a reminder can be with different delays from the **drop down list**.
- If the proxy settings traverse the update process, set proper values, then click on the OK button.

Step 3. Click on the Download update button to start the updat

The updates can be checked manually by clicking on the **Ch now** button.

6.4. Running the LDC

The common way to start the software is to double-click on the LDC icon. But the LDC can be run by command line parameters as follows:

Connecting to a Device with Static IP Address

The LDC is connected to a device with the indicated static IP address directly; the Device Discovery window is not displayed. When the port number is not set, the default port is used: 6107 (LW3 protocol).

| Format: | LightwareDeviceController | -i | <ip_addr< th=""></ip_addr<> |
|----------|---------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| Example: | LightwareDeviceController | -i | 192.168. |

Adjusting the Zoom

The window can be zoomed to a specific value to fit to the resolution of the desktop (higher/lower). '1' is the default value (100%).

Format: LightwareDeviceController -z <magnifying_value>
Example: LightwareDeviceController -z 1.2

ATTENTION! The last set value is stored and applied when LDC is started without a parameter.

| | Proxy settings |
|----------------|----------------------|
| ally, | No proxy: 🥥 |
| - | System default: 🔘 |
| | Use HTTP proxy: 🔘 |
| set | Use SOCKS 5 proxy: 🔘 |
| | Proxy host: |
| | Proxy port: 8080 |
| the | Proxy username: |
| | Proxy password: |
| | |
| ing. | |
| g . | OK Cancel |
| neck | |
| | |

| resource, and Windows will open it for you. Open: ontroller\LightwareDeviceController.exe" -i 192.168.0.20 | | Township and a feature folder document as Internet |
|---|-------|--|
| | | Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you. |
| Participation of the second | Open: | ontroller\LightwareDeviceController.exe" -i 192.168.0.20 👻 |
| ······································ | | ${igoplus}$ This task will be created with administrative privileges. |
| | | |

lress>:<port> 3.0.20:6107

6.5. Establishing the Connection

Step 1. Connect the device to a computer via Ethernet.

Step 2. Run the controller software; device discovery window appears automatically.

| avorite Devices (fix IP) 🔗 이 | nly show available devices | | | Import 🛓 Export | t 🔀 Remove Ta Modely T+ Ac |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| N. IP address / Hostname | LE Port | LE Product name | E Device label | Local alias | l≟ Serial number |
| 172.24.1.101 | 6107 | MX2-8X8-HDMI20-L | dev-mx2-8x8_RCT | árvíztűrő tükörfúrógép | 9A155111 |
| 9 172.24.5.13 | 6107 | UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F100 | UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F100 | Add local alias | 00006069 |
| 172.24.5.21 | 6107 | MX2-24x24-DH-12DPi-A-R | Noe MX2 | Add local alias | 00006947 |
| 172.24.5.45 | 6107 | RAP-B511-EU-K | LW_RAP-B511-EU-K_34567890 | Add local alias | 34567890 |
| 15 lightware-00005555 | 6107 | MMX8x4-HT400MC | LW_MMX8x4-HT400MC_00005555 | Add local alias | 00005555 |
| ightware-00006334 | 6107 | SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus | LW_SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus_00006334 | Add local alias | 00006334 |
| 6 lightware-00006580 | 6107 | MX2M-FR24R | MX2M-FR24R | Add local alias | 00006580 |
| 0 lightware-00006874 | 6107 | UCX-4x2-HC30 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_00006874 | Add local alias | 00006874 |
| 17 lightware-11112220 | 6107 | HDMI-TPS-TX226 | LW_HDMI-TPS-TX226_11112220 | Add local alias | 11112220 |
| 13 Iwr-gateway0011AAE0001 | 0 💿 6107 | VINX-120-HDMI-ENC | Noe VINX-ENC | VINX | E00010 |
| ll Devices 트 IP | <u>ļ≟</u> Port | E Product name | LE Device label | | Devices found: 41 C Refres |
| | | | | | |
| 72.24.5.47 72.24.5.27 | 2 @ 6107 2 @ 6107 | SW4-TPS-TX240 SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus | SW4-TPS-TX240 LW.SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus_00006334 | | 8A131454 00006334 |
| 72.24.5.15 | 2 @ 6107 | UBEX-MMU-X200 | LW_SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus_00000334 UBEX-MMU-X200 | | 00006334 00005611 |
| 72.24.5.13 | 2 0 6107 | UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F100 | UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F100 | | 00006069 |
| 72.24.5.32 | 2 @ 6107 | UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F100 | UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F100 | | 7C110490 |
| 72.24.5.14 | Ø @ 6107 | UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F120 | UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F120 | | 92140018 |
| 72.24.5.49 | C @ 6107 | UCX-2x1-HC30 | LW_UCX-2x1-HC30_00007125 | | 00007125 |
| 72.24.5.48 | 2 ● 6107 | UCX-2x2-H30 | LW_UCX-2x2-H30_00007132 | | 00007132 |
| 92.168.4.71 | 2 ● 6107 | UCX-4x2-HC30 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_AC184940 | | AC184940 |
| 72.24.5.39 | C 👁 6107 | UCX-4x2-HC30 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_00006868 | | 00006868 |
| 92.168.4.26 | 🗷 👁 6107 | UCX-4x2-HC30 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_00007056 | | 00007056 |
| 92.168.4.46 | C 💿 6107 | UCX-4x2-HC30 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_00007057 | | 00007057 |
| 72.24.5.37 | 🗷 💿 6107 | UCX-4x2-HC30 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_00006874 | | 00006874 |
| 72.24.1.139 | C 👁 6107 | UCX-4x2-HC30D | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_00006909 | | 00006909 |
| 72.24.5.25 | ピ 👁 6107 | UMX-HDMI-140-Plus | LW_UMX-HDMI-140-Plus_00005023 | | 00005023 |
| 72.24.5.19 | 🕑 👁 6107 | UMX-TPS-TX140-Plus | UMX-TPS-TX140-Plus | | 00006074 |
| 72.24.5.18 | 6107 | VINX-110-HDMI-DEC | DEC-0011AAE80002 | | E80002 |
| | 6107 | VINX-120-HDMI-ENC | Noe VINX-ENC | | E00010 |
| 72.24.5.17 72.24.5.36 | C 👁 6107 | WP-UMX-TPS-TX130-US-Black | WP-UMX-TPS-TX130-US Black | | 00006267 |

Device discovery window in LDC

The Ethernet tab consists of two lists. **All devices** list contains all Lightware devices that are available in the connected network (in the 255.255.0.0 subnet). However, there is no need to browse all the available devices as you can expand the list of **Favorite devices with** any Lightware device that is connected via Ethernet by any of the following ways:

- Mark the desired device with the
 reflection symbol in the All Devices list,
- Press the Add button and add the device in the appearing window, or
- Import the list of favorite devices that was exported previously.

When both the 6107 and 80 ports are disabled, only the secure 443 port remains open, the UCX-TPN device appears in the all devices list with 443 port.

Double click on the device offers an option to open the other ports (80 and 6107) and use e.g. Lightware Device Controller software.



Add New Favorite Device

DIFFERENCE: This feature is available only from 2.5.5 LDC version.

Press the Add button; in the appearing window you can enter the **IP address**. The **hostname** of the desired device can be used instead, if it is supported. That allows setting a unique name to identify the device in a network. If the host name is saved in this window and the IP address is changing, the device will still be available and connectible.

ATTENTION! The host name connection-feature does not work when the target device is accessed over VPN.

See more information about the host name property in the Setting the Host name section.

Import/Export the List of Favorite Devices

DIFFERENCE: This feature is available only from 2.5.5 LDC version.

The list of favorite devices can be exported/imported by the dedicated buttons (saved as *.JSON file). The list can be imported later (in another computer, too), but please note that the current list will be overwritten by the imported list.

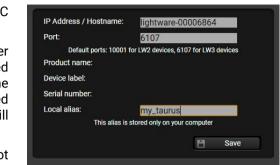
Changing the IP Address

To modify the IP address settings quickly, it is not necessary device's settings/network menu, you can set them by clickin icon beside the IP address.

You can see the new settings only in this window. The device seconds to apply the new settings. *#ipaddress*

Identifying the Device 🛛 🕢

Clicking on the icon results in the blinking of the status LEDs for 10 seconds. The feature helps to find the device itself physically.



| y to enter the | This will change the selected de | the IP address settings evice remotely. |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--|
| ng the pencil | DHCP | Fix IP |
| | Serial number: | 00005480 |
| e needs a few | IP Address: | 192.168.0.99 |
| lieeus a lew | Network mask: | |
| | Default gateway: | |
| | 🖌 Apply | X Cancel |

6.6. Bulk Device Management

It is possible to configure several devices at once with the Bulk Device Management tool. This feature can be accessed by clicking on the Tools button in the bottom left corner of the Device Discovery window and choosing the Bulk Management option. #new

DIFFERENCE: This function is available from the version v2.6.0b6 of the LDC.

6.6.1. Network Settings

It is possible to set the network settings of several devices at once by using a .csv file that contains the list of the devices that we need to configure, then uploading it into the LDC.

Please note that if the data in the file is missing or incorrect, then the discovery of the affected device will fail and an 'Invalid data' message will be displayed in the State column. In case of an IP or MAC address conflict, the message is 'Duplicated'.

| Network | Settings Device C | | NI. | | | | | | DEVICE DISCOVER EXPORT TEMPLAT |
|------------|-------------------|----------------|----------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| CHOOSE N | ETWORK FILE 📗 ter | mplate_new.csv | | | | | | | |
| Discovered | MAC Address | Part Number | DHCP | IP Address | Netmask | Gateway | Host Name | Device Label | State |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:50:23 | 91560003 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.111 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | | LW_UMX-HDMI-140-Plus_00005023 | Invalid Data |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:00:55:60 | 91310042 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.116 | N/A | N/A | MMX8x4 | LW_MMX8x4-HT420M_00005560 | |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:38:59 | 91540059 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.121 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-00003859 | UMX-TPS-TX140-kicsirizs | |
| × . | a8:d2:36:ff:44:29 | 91310034 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.121 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00004429 | MMX4x2-HDMI | Duplicated |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:22:63 | 91540065 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.117 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00002263 | LW_SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus_00002263 | |
| × | a8:d2:36:ff:99:99 | 91540021 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.122 | N/A | N/A | lightware-99999999 | LW_HDMI-TPS-RX110AY_00005909 | |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:f0:69:74 | 91310082 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.112 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00006974 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_00006974 | |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:f0:73:16 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.115 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00007316 | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_00007316 | |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:66:02 | 91310075 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.127 | N/A | N/A | mtg-room1 | MMX8x8 USB | |

| MACADDRESS | PARTNUMBER | DHCP | IP | NETMASK | GATEWAY | HOSTNAME | DEVICELABEL |
|-------------------|------------|----------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| a8:d2:36:ff:50:23 | 91560003 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.111 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-00005023 | LW_UMX-HDMI-140-Plus_00005023 |
| a8:d2:36:00:55:60 | 91310042 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.116 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | MMX8x4 | LW_MMX8x4-HT420M_00005560 |
| a8:d2:36:ff:38:59 | 91540059 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.121 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-00003859 | UMX-TPS-TX140-kicsirizs |
| a8:d2:36:ff:44:29 | 91310034 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.120 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-00004429 | MMX4x2-HDMI |
| a8:d2:36:ff:22:63 | 91540065 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.117 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-00002263 | LW_SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus_00002263 |
| a8:d2:36:ff:99:99 | 91540021 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.122 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-99999999 | LW_HDMI-TPS-RX110AY_00005909 |
| a8:d2:36:f0:69:74 | 91310082 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.112 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-00006974 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_00006974 |
| a8:d2:36:f0:73:16 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.115 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-00007316 | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_00007316 |
| a8:d2:36:ff:66:02 | 91310075 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.127 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | mtg-room1 | MMX8x8_USB |



Changing the network settings can be done in a few easy steps:

- Step 1. First alter the settings you need to change in the .csv file that contains the devices. You can use a template file accessible via the Export template button and saving the file to your computer, then filling it out with the parameters of the devices. The file contains the MAC address, Partnumber, DHCP status, IP address, Netmask, Gateway, Hostname and Device label of each device.
- Step 2. Upload the .csv file into the LDC by pressing the Choose network file button and browsing the file in the pop-up window. This will result in a list of the devices appearing on the screen.
- Step 3. Finally, press the Apply settings button to execute the changes. This might take up to a minute to finish.

| BULK | DEVICE MAI | | NT | | | | | | | DEVICE DISCOVERY EXPORT TEMPLATE |
|---------------|---|-------------------------|----------|---|--------------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------|--|
| | , | mplate_new.csv | BUIGS | ID A HAVE | | | | | | |
| Discovered | MAC Address a8:d2:36:ff:50:23 | Part Number 91560003 | DHCP | IP Address 192.168.0.111 | Netmask 255.255.255.0 | Gateway 192.168 | Host Name | Device Label | 00005022 | State Invalid Data |
| <i>.</i> | a8:d2:36:00:55:60 | 91310042 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.116 | N/A | N/A | MMX8x4 | LW_OMX-HDMI-140-Plus_0 | | All Done |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:38:59 | 91540059 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.121 | 255.255.255.0 | 192,168 | | UMX-TPS-TX140-kicsirizs | | 8 Partly Done |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:44:29 | 91310034 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.121 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00004429 | MMX4x2-HDMI | | Duplicated |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:22:63 | 91540065 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.117 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00002263 | LW_SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus | _00002263 | All Done |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:99:99 | 91540021 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.122 | N/A | N/A | lightware-99999999 | LW_HDMI-TPS-RX110AY_0 | | All Done |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:f0:69:74 | 91310082 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.112 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00006974 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_0000 | 06974 | All Done |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:f0:73:16 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.115 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00007316 | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_0000 | 7316 | 🥝 All Done |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:66:02 | 91310075 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.127 | N/A | N/A | mtg-room1 | MMX8x8_USB | | All Done |
| | Messa | ge | | DHCP | enabled | | DHCP dis | abled | De | vice discovered |
| | 📀 All Do | one | | | Su | icces | sful procedure | | | Image: A second s |
| | 🕴 Partly I | Done | | Failure se | etting the | Host | t name and/or the I | Device label | | × |
| Uı | Unavailable device Host name and Device label missing | | ice | IP address, Network, and/or Gateway missing | | | × | | | |
| | Failed | I | H | ost name label ir | e and Dev | rice | IP address, Network and Gateway incorrect | | | ~ |
| IP mismatch - | | Host name and | | | × | | | | | |

| BULK | DEVICE MAI | NAGEMEN | IT | | | | | | | DEVICE DISCOVERY |
|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------|------------------|
| Network | Settings Device | Configuration | | | | | | | | EXPORT TEMPLATE |
| CHOOSE N | NETWORK FILE | mplate_new.csv | | | | | | | | |
| Discovered | MAC Address | Part Number | DHCP | IP Address | Netmask | Gateway | Host Name | Device Label | | State |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:50:23 | 91560003 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.111 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | | LW_UMX-HDMI-140-Plus_0 | 00005023 | Invalid Data |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:00:55:60 | 91310042 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.116 | N/A | N/A | MMX8x4 | LW_MMX8x4-HT420M_00 | 005560 | 🥝 All Done |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:38:59 | 91540059 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.121 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.0.1 | lightware-00003859 | UMX-TPS-TX140-kicsirizs | | 8 Partly Done |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:44:29 | 91310034 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.121 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00004429 | MMX4x2-HDMI | | Duplicated |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:22:63 | 91540065 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.117 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00002263 | LW_SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus | 00002263 | 🤣 All Done |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:99:99 | 91540021 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.122 | N/A | N/A | lightware-99999999 | LW_HDMI-TPS-RX110AY_0 | 00005909 | 🥝 All Done |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:69:74 | 91310082 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.112 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00006974 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_0000 | | All Done |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:73:16 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.115 | N/A | N/A | lightware-00007316 | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_0000 | 7316 | All Done |
| ~ | a8:d2:36:ff:66:02 | 91310075 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.127 | N/A | N/A | mtg-room1 | MMX8x8_USB | | 🤣 All Done |
| | Messa | ao | | DHCD | enabled | | DHCP disa | hled | Der | vice discovered |
| | INICSSA | ye | | DITOP | enableu | | DITCF USA | ibieu | De | vice discovered |
| | 🕑 All De | | | | Successful procedure | | | | | |
| | • • • • • | one | | | Ju | CCESSI | ui procedure | | | × |
| | 8 Partly | | | Failure se | | | ame and/or the D | evice label | | × |
| U | _ | Done | | ost name | | Host n | • | ork, and/or | | × × × |
| U | 8 Partly I | Done device | H | ost name label r ost name | etting the and Dev | Host n ice | ame and/or the D IP address, Netw | ork, and/or issing work and | | |

ATTENTION! The 'Failed' and 'IP mismatch' status indicators are not common, they appear when the multicast and/or the port used for LMDMP connection is disabled, or if the firmware version of the device is below the recommended (see the pop-up window when opening the Bulk Management or the beginning of this chapter).

6.6.2. Device Configuration

DIFFERENCE: From v2.6.4 LDC version it is possible to upload configurations to devices protected by a password as well.

Here you can choose the devices that need to be configured and upload a previously saved configuration to all of them at once. This is a helpful tool for quick and easy reconfiguration of the devices after a firmware update. This function allows uploading configurations to devices with the same firmware version, without changing their network settings.

| Bl | JLK DEVICE | MANAG | EMENT | | | | DEVICE DISCOVERY |
|----|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Ν | letwork Settings | Device Configur | ation | | | | EXPORT TEMPLATE |
| (| DEVICE DISCOVERY | | DEVICE LIST | template_new.c | sv | UPLOAD CONFIG FILE Only .gz files are supported | Ì |
| | MAC Address | Part Number | DHCP | IP Address | Host Name | Device Label | State |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:50:23 | 91560003 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.111 | lightware-00005023 | LW_UMX-HDMI-140-Plus_0 | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:00:55:60 | 91310042 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.116 | MMX8x4 | LW_MMX8x4-HT420M_000 | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:38:59 | 91540059 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.121 | lightware-00003859 | UMX-TPS-TX140-kicsirizs | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:44:29 | 91310034 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.120 | lightware-00004429 | MMX4x2-HDMI | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:22:63 | 91540065 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.117 | lightware-00002263 | LW_SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:99:99 | 91540021 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.122 | lightware-99999999 | LW_HDMI-TPS-RX110AY_0 | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:69:74 | 91310082 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.112 | lightware-00006974 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_0000 | |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:73:16 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.115 | lightware-00007316 | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_00007 | |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:66:02 | 91310075 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.127 | mtg-room1 | MMX8x8_USB | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:69:42 | 91310082 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.125 | lightware-00006942 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_0000 | IP mismatch! |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:33:16 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.110 | lightware-00003316 | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_00003 | Duplicated |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:71:03 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.110 | lightware-00007103 | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_00007 | DEVICELABEL mismatch! |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:73:13 | 91310081 | ENABLED | 192.168.4.33 | lightware-C3257074 | LW_UCX-4x2-H30_C325707. | HOSTNAME mismatch! DE |
| | | 91310081 | ENABLED | 192.168.5.76 | lightware-C3258910 | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_C3258 | Invalid Data |

Please note that if the data in the .csv file is missing or incorrect, then the discovery of the affected device will fail and an 'Invalid data' message will be displayed in the State column. In case of an IP or MAC address conflict, the message is 'Duplicated', or if the IP address is incorrect, 'IP mismatch!'. 'Hostname mismatch!' or 'Device label mismatch!' appears if the respective values are incorrect.

Changing the configuration of the devices can be done in a few easy steps.

- Step 1. Set the desired configurations in one of the devices, then clone your configuration in the Settings menu, under the System tab. Click on the Download clone file button in the right, set the file name in the pop-up window and press Save. Please note that this file is not available for offline editing.
- Step 2. Go back to the Device Discovery screen of the LDC, click on the Tools button in the bottom left corner and select the Bulk Management option.
- Step 3. Select the Device Configuration tab, then press the black Device discovery button for the LDC to list all compatible devices, or upload a device list that has been created beforehand. For such a file, you can use a template by clicking on the Export template button and saving it to your computer, see in the previous section. You can upload this file into the LDC by clicking on the Upload device list button, browsing the desired file and pressing the **Open** button.

- Step 4. Once uploaded, you can further select devices from the list to be configured or you can change settings in all of them by ticking the box next to the head of the list.
- Step 5. To change the configuration of the devices, you need to upload a configuration file previously saved from a device with the same firmware version via the Upload config file button. Browse the file in the pop-up window and press Open.
- Step 6. In order to upload a configuration to a device that has authentication, it is necessary to fill out the credentials. This can be done via the Credential Details button (key icon in case of a smaller window). LDC will attempt uploading the configuration over HTTPS first, if that fails, it will attempt it over HTTP.
- Step 7. Click on the Apply settings button in the lower right corner to start the reconfiguration procedure.

| | latural Cattions | Davias Carforn | | | | | | EXPORT TEMPLATE |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------|--|---------------------------|
| n | letwork Settings | Device Configur | ration | | | | | |
| $\left(\right)$ | DEVICE DISCOVERY | | D DEVICE LIST | template_new.cs | SV | > | | config_clone_00007316_v14 |
| ľ | MAC Address | Part Number | DHCP | IP Address | Host Name | | Only .gz files are supported Device Label | State |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:50:23 | 91560003 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.111 | lightware-00005023 | | LW_UMX-HDMI-140-Plus_0 | |
| | a8:d2:36:00:55:60 | 91310042 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.116 | MMX8x4 | -+ | LW MMX8x4-HT420M 000 | |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:38:59 | 91540059 | DISABLED | 192.168.0.121 | lightware-00003859 | -+ | UMX-TPS-TX140-kicsirizs | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:44:29 | 91310034 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.120 | lightware-00004429 | | MMX4x2-HDMI | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:22:63 | 91540065 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.117 | lightware-00002263 | | LW_SW4-TPS-TX240-Plus | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:99:99 | 91540021 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.122 | lightware-99999999 | | LW_HDMI-TPS-RX110AY_0 | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:69:74 | 91310082 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.112 | lightware-00006974 | \neg | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_0000 | 8 Firmware version mis |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:73:16 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.115 | lightware-00007316 | | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_00007 | Configuration saved su. |
| | a8:d2:36:ff:66:02 | 91310075 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.127 | mtg-room1 | | MMX8x8_USB | Unsupported Device |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:69:42 | 91310082 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.123 | lightware-00006942 | | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30D_0000 | HTTPS: Configuration sa |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:33:16 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.110 | lightware-00003316 | | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_00003 | Duplicated |
| | a8:d2:36:f0:71:03 | 91310078 | ENABLED | 192.168.0.110 | lightware-00007103 | | LW_MMX2-4x3-H20_00007 | DEVICELABEL mismatch! |
| Ī | a8:d2:36:f0:73:13 | 91310081 | ENABLED | 192.168.4.33 | lightware-C3257074 | | LW_UCX-4x2-H30_C325707 | HOSTNAME mismatch! DE |
| | | 91310081 | ENABLED | 192.168.5.76 | lightware-C3258910 | | LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_C3258 | Invalid Data |

The list will be updated when the configuration procedure is finished, where in case of success, the Configuration saved successfully message will be displayed in the State column.

Please note that a configuration can only be applied to a device with the same firmware version, otherwise the S Firmware version mismatch' error message will appear under the State column.

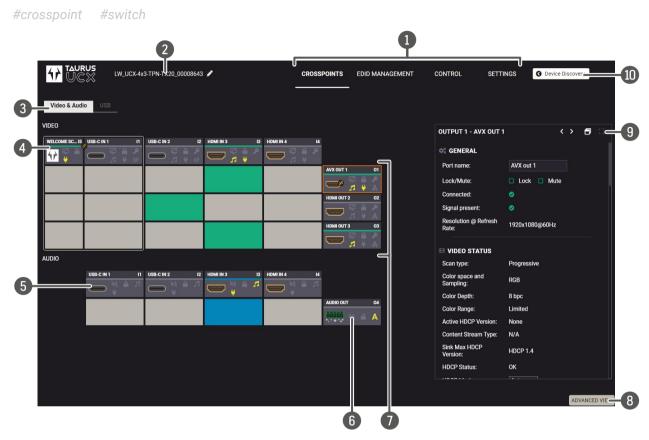
If the configuration is applied to a different variant, the 3 Variant mismatch' error message will appear.

If the network settings are incorrect, applying the configuration will fail, and the message '3 Incorrect network settings' will appear under the State column.

For more details about saving a configuration, see the Clone configuration section.

If a device that is in the list is not connected to the network or its IP address is incorrect, the software will fail to detect it, and will display a 'S Failed to fetch' message in the State column when applying settings.

6.7. Video & Audio Crosspoint



| 0 | Main menu | The available menu items underlined in white. | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | Information ribbon | The label shows the devi Settings menu - <mark>Status</mark> tab. | | | | | |
| 3 | Submenu selector | ector The audio and video crossp available under the two tabs | | | | | |
| 4 | Video input ports | Each tile represents a video HDMI Video Inputs. The tile b setting; if the port is switched otherwise grey. Clicking on the tile opens the | | | | | |
| 5 | Audio input ports | Each tile represents an audio i they mean the de-embedded inputs. For more details, see E | | | | | |
| 6 | Audio output port | Analog audio output port; clic Output window. | | | | | |
| 7 | Video output ports | AVX and HDMI video output Video Output port properties | | | | | |
| 8 | Advanced view | Displaying the Advanced View the LW3 protocol tree. | | | | | |
| 9 | Properties window | Settings and status information section. Clicking on the icon window. | | | | | |
| 0 | Navigation button | The device discovery window | | | | | |

ATTENTION! Video crosspoint has a limitation: 11 and 15 ports are not available at the same time, only one of them can be selected to any output. The **Busy** label on the crosspoint tile refers to the limitation. When 15 is selected for the video source, the de-embedded audio of the 11 is not available because of the video crosspoint limitation. For more details about it, see the port diagram in the Audio Interface section.

are displayed. The active one is shown

vice label, which can be edited in the

oint menu and the USB crosspoint menu are

b input port: Welcome Screen, USB-C Inputs, below the port shows the current crosspoint ad to the output, the color of the tile is green,

input properties window.

input port. All of them are logical audio ports, d audio channel of the selected USB-C/HDMI Embedded Audio Input.

icking on the O3 tile opens the Analog Audio

t ports; clicking on the tile opens the HDMI window.

w Window, showing the Terminal window and

ion of the selected panel are displayed in this n 🗗 opens the properties section in a new

w can be displayed by clicking on this button.

6.7.1. Port Tiles

The colors of the port tiles and the displayed icons represent different states and information:



Port name

2 Port symbol

3 Port number

4 Signal present indicator green: present

grey: not present

5 State indicators

State Indicators #lock #unlock #mute #unmute

The following icons display different states of the port/signal:

| lcon is grey | Description | lcon is highlighted | Description |
|-----------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Q | Port is unmuted | Q | Port is muted |
| | Port is unlocked | | Port is locked |
| | Signal is not encrypted with HDCP | 2.2 | Signal is encrypted with HDCP (the HDCP version is displayed) |
| | Embedded audio is not present | | Embedded audio is present |
| ¥ | There is no connected device | ¥ | The device is connected |
| DP | No USB Host connected or DP | DP | DP Alternate mode successfully entered |
| DF | Alt mode is not supported by USB Host | DRo | Unable to enter DP Alternate mode |
| Α | Autoselect is disabled | Α | Autoselect is enabled |
| N | Audio is unmuted | N | Audio is muted |
| _} | Charging function is inactive | | Charges the connected device |

6.8. Port Properties Window

Clicking on the port tile opens the Port properties window. This section shows the available settings and status information by port types. #lock #unlock#mute #unmute

6.8.1. Welcome Screen

Welcome screen is an internal source, which can be customized – see more information in the Welcome Screen section. #welcomescreen

ATTENTION! Video crosspoint has a limitation: I1 and I5 ports are not available at the same time, only one of them can be selected to any output. The **Busy** label on the crosspoint tile refers to the limitation.

| INPUT 5 - WELCOME SCREEN | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| ¢8 GENERAL | |
| Port name: | Welcome Scree |
| Lock/Mute: | Lock |
| U WELCOME SCREEN SETTINGS | |
| Display an image: | 🗹 Enable |
| Image: | UPLOAD IMAGE |
| Reset Image: | RESET IMAGE |
| File date: | 2020-11-04 |
| File size: | 657078 B |
| BMP or JPG Images with resolution 1280x720 are preferred. M The last uploaded image will be used and previous images will | |
| Display a message: | Enable |
| Message: | Text Message |
| Allowed characters: Letters (A-Z, a-z), space (), hyphen (-), und Max length: 63 characters. | erscore (_), numbers (0-9), and |

| | | | < | > |
|--------|--|--|---|---|
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| t (.). | | | | |

General

Port name

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the **Set** button. The following characters are allowed when naming: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

Lock #lock #unlock

The port can be locked to the currently connected output ports by adding a tick. If the port is locked, the crosspoint state of this port cannot be changed.

Mute #mute #unmute

The port can be muted/unmuted by adding/removing a tick. If the port is muted, no signal is transmitted from the input port.

Welcome Screen Settings

Display Welcome Screen Image

Add a tick to **Display Welcome Screen Image** to enable the appearance of the internal image.

Upload Image

Click on the Upload Image button to browse jpg or bmp file to customize the welcome screen picture. Recommended resolution: 1280x720 pixel, maximum file size is 4MB.

ATTENTION! Uploading a new image will overwrite the previous one.

Reset Image

Clicking on the reset image button restores the factory default state.

Display Welcome Screen Message

Add a tick to **Display Welcome Screen Message** to enable the appearance of the text message.

Welcome Screen Message

The following characters are allowed: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), space () and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

6.8.2. USB-C Inputs

Clicking on the USB-C video input port icon opens the Port properties window. The most important information and settings are available from the panel.



USB-C input port properties window

General

Port name

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the **Set** button. The following characters are allowed when naming: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

Lock #lock #unlock

The port can be locked to the currently connected output ports by adding a tick. If the port is locked, the crosspoint state of this port cannot be changed.

Mute *#mute #unmute*

The incoming signal can be muted/unmuted by adding a tick. If the port is muted, no signal is transmitted from the input port.

HPD Mode

Hot Plug Detection function can be set here. Using Auto mode is highly recommended.

Status information

Connected / Signal Presence / Resolution

UCX-TPN series – User's Manual

Allowed HDCP Version #hdcp

ATTENTION! HDCP 2.2 signal handling is limited to up to two input ports at the same time.

- · Off: The connected source will detect that the switcher is not HDCP-compliant and turn off authentication if the content allows it.
- HDCP 14: The connected source will detect that the switcher is compliant with HDCP 1.4, but not compliant with HDCP 2.2.
- HDCP 2.2: The connected source will detect that the switcher is compliant with HDCP 2.2.

Video Status

This section gives a feedback about the current video stream:

| Scan type: | Progressive |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Color space and Sampling: | RGB |
| Color Depth: | 8 bpc |
| Color Range: | Limited |
| Embedded Audio Present: | 8 |
| Active HDCP Version: | None |
| Content Stream Type: | N/A |
| FRAME DETECTOR | |
| | FRAME DETECTOR |

USB-C input port properties window

Frame detector

For more details, see the Frame Detector section.

| Disp | ayPort | Link |
|------|--------|------|
| | | |

| Link Lost |
|----------------------------------|
| 0 |
| 4 Lane Video |
| N/A |
| N/A |
| re used as DP. re used as DP. |
| 8 |
| RESTART L |
| |

USB-C input port properties window

INFO: The USB-C source sends Displayport video signal, so the video setting options of the USB-C port are similar to the DisplayPort. The UCX-TPN transmitter converts DP signal to HDMI internally.

DP Alternate Mode Policy

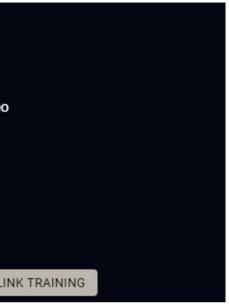
The following parameters can be set:

- Auto: Taurus offers both operation modes described below. The BYOD device can choose between the two.
- Prefer video: Uses 4 Lanes for Displayport video.
- Prefer USB 3.1: The DP video reserves 2 Lanes in case 4 Lanes are not supported.

Restart Link Training #linktraining

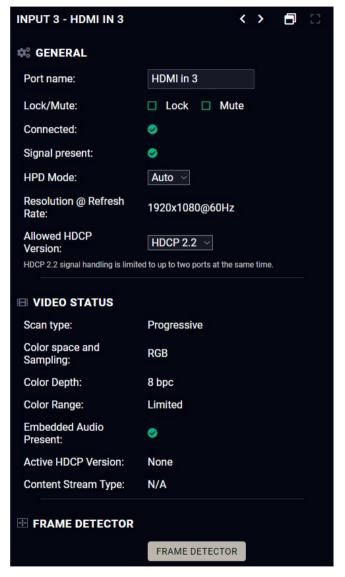
Link training is a process where the source (PC, laptop, media server) and the sink (UCX-TPN transmitter) agree on a data rate, lane count and electrical parameters. The successful link training is a pre-requisite of the video transmission. If the quality of the USB cable is insufficient to reliably handle higher data rates, link training will result in a lower data rate, where stable connection between the source and the transmitter can be maintained.

Clicking on the Restart Link Training button starts to build up the connection again between the transmitter and the source (it happens automatically when the source is connected). It is equal to unplugging and reconnecting the Type-C connector.



6.8.3. HDMI Video Input

Clicking on the HDMI video input port icon results in opening the Port properties window. The most important information and settings are available from the panel.



Port properties window of the HDMI video input

Available settings and tools

Port name

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the **Set** button. The following characters are allowed when naming: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

Lock #lock #unlock

The port can be locked to the currently connected output ports by adding a tick. If the port is locked, the crosspoint state of this port cannot be changed. INFO: When the locked input is switched to the output, the crosspoint state can not be changed and all

inputs are locked in that line.

Mute #mute #unmute

The incoming signal can be muted/unmuted by adding/removing a tick. If the port is muted, no signal is transmitted from the input port.

Allow HDCP Version #hdcp

ATTENTION! HDCP 2.2 signal handling is limited to up to two input ports at the same time. • Off: The connected source will detect that the switcher transmitter is not HDCP-compliant and turn off

- authentication if the content allows it.
- HDCP 14: The connected source will detect that the switcher transmitter is compliant with HDCP 1.4, but not compliant with HDCP 2.2.
- HDCP 2.2: The connected source will detect that the switcher transmitter is compliant with HDCP 2.2.

Frame detector

For more details, see the Frame Detector section.

6.8.4. HDMI Video Output

| OUTPUT 2 - HDMI OUT 2 | < > |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| 🗱 GENERAL | |
| Port name: | HDMI out 2 |
| Lock/Mute: | Lock Mute |
| Connected: | • |
| Signal present: | • |
| HDCP Mode: | Auto ~ |
| 🖽 VIDEO STATUS | |
| Scan type: | Progressive |
| Color space and Sampling: | RGB |
| Color Depth: | 8 bpc |
| Color Range: | N/A |
| Active HDCP Version: | None |
| Content Stream Type: | N/A |
| HDCP Status: | N/A |
| Resolution @ Refresh Rate: | 1920x1200@60Hz |
| 🎜 AUDIO STATUS | |
| Embedded Audio Present: | 8 |
| Audio Sampling frequency: | N/A |
| Audio Signal type: | N/A |
| | |
| Output 5V Enable: | On v |
| Output Signal Type: | Auto ~ |
| Embedded Audio Mute: | Mute |

Port properties window of the HDMI video output

Available settings and tools

General

Port name

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the Set button. The following characters are allowed when naming: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

Lock #lock #unlock

The port can be locked to the currently connected output ports by adding a tick. If the port is locked, the crosspoint state of this port cannot be changed.

Mute #mute #unmute

The incoming signal can be muted/unmuted by adding/removing a tick. If the port is muted, no signal is transmitted from the input port.

HDCP Mode #hdcp

• HDCP mode: Auto / Always - The transmitter forces the source to send the signal without encryption if the content allows when Auto mode is selected; *#signaltype*

Output Options

Output 5V Enable

• Auto / On / Off - The setting lets the source and the sink devices be connected - independently of the transmitted signal.

Output Signal Type

• Auto / DVI - The outgoing signal format can be selected from a drop-down menu.

Embedded Audio Mute

Add a tick to turn off the embedded audio.

Frame detector

For more details, see the Frame Detector section.

#hdcp

Autoselect

Autoselect feature makes the switching of an input to an output without human intervention possible. The crosspoint state changes based on the active input signals.

Three operation policies can be set: *#autoselect # videoautoselect*

Disable autoselect: crosspoint state change happens manually.

First detect: selected input port is kept connected to the output as long as it has an active signal.

Last detect mode: it is always the last attached input that is selected to be transmitted.

Individual input settings: it is always the highest priority active input that is selected to be transmitted (1highest priority, 100-lowest priority).

Pay attention to the following settings for the proper operation of the Autoselect function:

- Be sure that all priority values are filled in;
- Be sure that all inputs are enabled with the green tick on the right side;
- Always click on the Apply autoselect settings button after the changes to launch the new settings.

See more details about the feature in the The Autoselect Feature section.

| FRAME DETECTOR | |
|--|---------------------------|
| | FRAME DETECTOR |
| A AUTOSELECT | |
| Operation policy | |
| Disable Autoselect | |
| First detect | |
| O Last detect | |
| Individual input settings | |
| USB-C in 1 | Priority 50 |
| USB-C in 2 | Priority 50 🗘 |
| HDMI in 3 | Priority 50 🔅 |
| HDMI in 4 | Priority 50 |
| Welcome Screen | Priority 100 🛇 |
| Hint: 1 - highest priority 100 - lowest prio | prity |
| | APPLY AUTOSELECT SETTINGS |

6.8.5. Embedded Audio Input

| INPUT 1 - USB-C IN 1 | |
|----------------------|------------|
| 💠 GENERAL | |
| Port name: | USB-C in 1 |
| Lock/Mute: | 🗆 Lock 🔲 M |
| Connected: | 0 |
| Signal present: | 8 |
| Signal type: | N/A |
| Sampling frequency: | N/A |
| | |

Port properties window of the audio input

Available settings

Port name

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the **Set** button. The following characters are allowed when naming: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

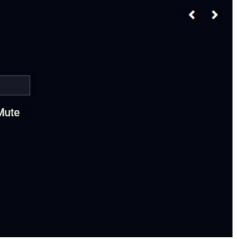
Lock #lock #unlock

The port can be locked to the currently connected output ports by adding a tick. If the port is locked, the crosspoint state of this port cannot be changed.

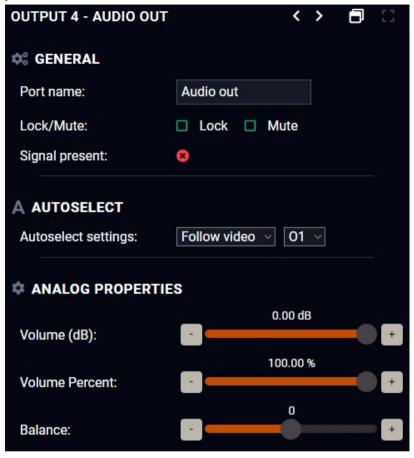
Mute *#mute #unmute*

The incoming signal can be muted/unmuted by adding/removing a tick. If the port is muted, no audio signal is transmitted from the input port.

ATTENTION! Video crosspoint has a limitation: I1 and I5 ports are not available at the same time, only one of them can be selected to any output. When I5 is selected for video source, the de-embedded audio of the I1 is not available because of the video crosspoint limitation. For more details about it, see the port diagram in the Audio Interface section.



6.8.6. Analog Audio Output



Port properties window of the analog audio output

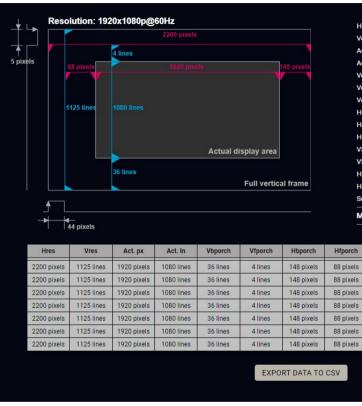
Available settings:

#analogaudio #volume #balance

- Port name
- Mute/unmute the port;
- Lock/unlock the port; .
- Autoselect settings: off / follow video (01 or 02). Follow video option means that the audio of the selected video input will be switched to the analog audio output. When the video crosspoint changes, audio crosspoint follows it.
- Volume: from 100 to 0%, in step 1% (0 dB to -95.625 dB, in step 0.375 dB (default is 0 dB)); •
- Balance: from -100 to +100, in step 1 (default is 0 = center).

6.8.7. Frame Detector

The ports can show detailed information about the signal like full size and active video resolution. This feature is a good troubleshooter if compatibility problems occur during system installation. To access this function, open the port properties window and click on the Frame detector button. #framedetector



Frame Detector Window

Lightware's Frame Detector function works like a signal analyzer and makes it possible to determine the exact video format that is present on the port, thus helps identify many problems. E.g. actual timing parameters may differ from the expected and this may cause some displays to drop the picture.

Frame Detector measures detailed timings on the video signals just like a built-in oscilloscope, but it is much easier to use. The actual display area shows the active video size (light grey). Dark grey area of the full frame is the blanking interval, which can contain the info frames and embedded audio data for HDMI signals. Shown values are measured directly on the signal and not retrieved only from the HDMI info frames.

It is possible to download the results by clicking on the Export Data to CSV button.

Automatic scrolling can be toggled by clicking on the Autoscroll checkbox in the lower right corner. It is enabled by default.

| Ho | rizontal resolut | ion: | 22 | 00 pixels | | | | | | |
|------|------------------------|--------|--------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ver | tical resolution | ı: | 11: | 1125 lines | | | | | | |
| Act | ive pixels: | | 19 | 20 pixels | | | | | | |
| Act | ive lines: | | 10 | 80 lines | | | | | | |
| Ver | tical back porc | :h: | 36 | lines | | | | | | |
| Ver | tical front porc | h: | 4 l i | nes | | | | | | |
| Ver | tical sync widt | h: | 5 li | nes | | | | | | |
| Ho | Horizontal back porch: | | 14 | 8 pixels | | | | | | |
| Ho | rizontal front p | orch: | 88 | pixels | | | | | | |
| Ho | rizontal sync w | idth: | 44 | pixels | | | | | | |
| VS | YNC frequency | | 60 | 60 Hz | | | | | | |
| VS | YNC polarity: | | Positive | | | | | | | |
| HS | YNC frequency | | 67. | .5 kHz | | | | | | |
| HS | YNC polarity: | | Po | sitive | | | | | | |
| Sca | an: | | Pro | ogressive | | | | | | |
| Me | asured pixel (| clock: | 14 | 8 MHz | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| rch | Hsyncw | Vfreq | Hfreq | PxClk | TMDSCIk | | | | | |
| xels | 44 pixels | 60 Hz | 67.5 kHz | 148 MHz | 148 MHz | | | | | |
| xels | 44 pixels | 60 Hz | 67.5 kHz | 148 MHz | 148 MHz | | | | | |
| xels | 44 pixels | 60 Hz | 67.5 kHz | 148 MHz | 148 MHz | | | | | |
| xels | 44 pixels | 60 Hz | 67.5 kHz | 148 MHz | 148 MHz | | | | | |
| xels | 44 pixels | 60 Hz | 67.5 kHz | 148 MHz | 148 MHz | | | | | |
| xels | 44 pixels | 60 Hz | 67.5 kHz | 148 MHz | 148 MHz | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

67.5 kHz

148 MHz



Autoscroll

148 MHz

44 pixels

60 Hz

6.9. CEC Tool

The device is able to send Consumer Electronics Control (CEC) commands via the HDMI outputs. This feature is to remote control the sink device. CEC is a bi-directional communication via the HDMI cable. #cec

ATTENTION! Make sure that the controlled unit is CEC-capable and this function is enabled.

INFO: UCX-TPN series devices are only capable of sending CEC commands, but not of receiving them.



| 1 | Drop-down command list | Containing the basic CEC comm graphical interface too (on the le command. |
|---|-----------------------------|--|
| 2 | Custom command textbox | The text field is for sending hexa to the source. Click on the Send b |
| 3 | Received Command box | Displays all the sent CEC comma blue) with a timestamp. |
| 4 | Clear button | Click on the Clear button to erase |
| 5 | CEC command button panel | This panel provides the quick an These buttons are pre-programm commands towards the sink. Th Received Command box. For the Command Sending section. Both the design of a remote control. |

It can occur that the third-party device can receive, but not execute the command, because it is not supported by the product. Check the accepted commands in the documentation of the device.

nands, most of them are displayed on the left side). Click on the **Send** button to send the

adecimal commands in the indicated format button to send the command.

nands (in red) and the received answers (in

se the content of the terminal window.

nd easy management of CEC commands. med with basic functions and send he communication is displayed in the list of the commands, see the CEC th the layout and functionality are similar to

6.10. USB Crosspoint

In USB crosspoint tab, the connection between the of the upstream ports (USB-C and USB-B ports) and the USB hub (USB-A ports) can be set. #usb #usbc

| | LW_UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20_00008643 🖋 | | CROSSPOINTS | EDID MANAGEMENT | CONTROL SE | C Device Discovery | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---|---|---|
| Video & Audio US | 8 | | | | | еам Р USB-С НО < > 🗗 | |
| USB-CHOST UI | USB-C HOST 2 UZ USB-8 HOST 3 UZ | USB-8 HOST 4 | U4 TPN HOST 5 | | *** GENERA Port name: Lock: Connected: *** SETTING Host Suppo Alt Mode: Active Altern Mode: Active DP A Mode Pins: *Pin Assignmen Supported. *Pin Assignmen Supported. DP Alternatt Policy: | AL USB-C Host 1 Lock Cock S USB-C Host 1 Lock S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S | 5 |
| | | | | | Charging st VBUS Volta Nominal VB | ge: 0.00 V | |

6.10.1. USB-C Port Properties

| USB UPSTREAM PORT 1 - USB-C HOST | 1 |
|---|-----------------|
| ¢© GENERAL | |
| Port name: | USB-C Host 1 |
| Lock: | Lock |
| Connected: | 0 |
| USB-C Power Limit: | Equal output po |
| ₩ SETTINGS | |
| Host Supports DP Alt Mode: | 8 |
| Active Alternate Mode: | DP |
| Active DP Alternate Mode Pins: | Pin Assignment |
| "Pin Assignment C' means four Lanes are used as DP and USB "Pin Assignment D' means two Lanes are used as DP and USB | |
| DP Alternate Mode Policy: | Prefer Video |
| Charging state: | Charging |
| VBUS Voltage: | 5.00 V |
| Nominal VBUS Voltage: | 5.00 V |
| Max VBUS Current: | 3.00 A |
| Active Port Data Role: | UFP |
| Active Port Power Role: | Source |
| Port Power Role: | Dual Role 🗸 |

Available settings and tools

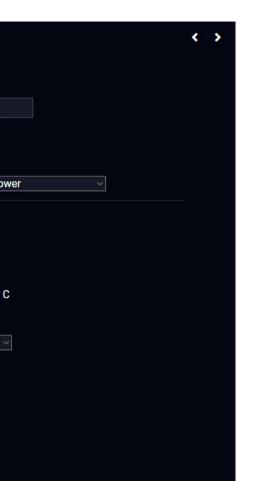
General

Port name

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the **Set** button. The following characters are allowed when naming: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

Lock #lock #unlock

The port can be locked to the currently connected output ports by adding a tick. If the port is locked, and the crosspoint state of this port cannot be changed.



USB-C Power Limit

ATTENTION! Only the UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 is capable of charging two devices with 60W at once - UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 has only one USB-C port, thus it can only charge one device up to 100W.

Choose a powering option from the drop-down menu: #power

- Equal output power: both USB-C ports supplies max. 60W power.
- Port 1 maximum, Port 2 minimum: U1port supplies max. 100W power, U2 port supplies 5V/3A.
- Port 2 maximum, Port 1 minimum: U2port supplies max. 100W power, U1 port supplies 5V/3A.

Settings

DP Alternate Mode Policy

This is equal to the DP Alternate Mode Policy setting on the USB-C video port. #dpaltmode #alternatemode #displayportalternatemode

Power Role

Dual role: The switcher transmitter can be source (and sends power to the connected device) or sink (the switcher transmitter does not send power, real power consumption does not happen) depending on the connected device.

INFO: Using **Dual role** setting is highly recommended, the other options are mainly for troubleshooting.

Source: When the connected device is a sink (e.g. smart phone or a dual-role laptop), the switcher transmitter charges it via the USB-port.

Sink: When the power role of the connected device is source-only (e.g. PC), the switcher has to change its power role (sink or dual-role) to build up the connection. Real power consumption does not happen.

6.10.2. USB-B Port Properties



Available settings and tools #usb #usbc

Port name

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the **Set** button. The following characters are allowed when naming: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

Lock #lock #unlock

The port can be locked to the currently connected output ports by adding a tick. If the port is locked, the crosspoint state of this port cannot be changed.

USB Hub Properties

| USB HUB DOWNSTREAM PORT 1 - US | SB HUB | < > |
|--|---------------------------|-----|
| ¢: GENERAL | | |
| Port name: | USB Hub | |
| Lock: | Lock | |
| 🗠 USB DEVICES | | |
| D1 Power 5V Mode: | Auto ~ | |
| D2 Power 5V Mode: | Auto ~ | |
| D3 Power 5V Mode: | Auto ~ | |
| D4 Power 5V Mode: | Auto ~ | |
| A AUTOSELECT | | |
| Operation policy | | |
| Disable Autoselect | | |
| Follow video | | |
| First detect | | |
| O Last detect | | |
| Follow video port setting $01 \sim$ | | |
| Individual input settings | | |
| USB-C Host 1 | Priority 50 | |
| USB-C Host 2 | Priority 50 | |
| USB-B Host 3 | Priority 50 | |
| USB-B Host 4 | Priority 50 | |
| Hint: 1 - highest priority 100 - lowest prio | vrity | |
| | APPLY AUTOSELECT SETTINGS | |

Available settings and tools

General

Port name

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the **Set** button. The following characters are allowed when naming: Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters.

Lock #lock #unlock

The port can be locked to the currently connected output ports by adding a tick. If the port is locked, the crosspoint state of this port cannot be changed.

Autoselect #autoselect # usbautoselect

For more details about this feature, see the Autoselect section.

Autoselect settings: Disable autoselect / Follow video / First detect / Last detect mode / Individual input settings

Follow video (01 or 02): Follow 02 means the same computer will be the video source for 02 output and the USB Host of all USB downstream devices.

Video and USB ports either have a common USB Type-C connector for each port, or an HDMI and USB-B are clearly marked to belong together as one port.

USB Devices

The power 5V Mode can be set for each port from the drop-down menu: When the option is **Off**, the switcher does not send the device 5V over the USB-A port. Using **Auto** mode is recommended.

6.11. EDID Menu

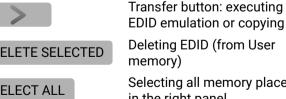
Advanced EDID Management can be accessed by selecting the EDID menu. There are two panels: the left one contains Source EDIDs, the right one contains Destination places where the EDIDs can be emulated or copied to.

| 17 | JRUS C× | LW_UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20_000 | 008643 🖋 | CROSSPOIN | ITS EDID M | ANAGEMENT | CONTROL | SETTINGS | Oevice Discovery | |
|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Factory | Dynamic | User | | | Emulated | User | _ | | | |
| Mem | Q - Manuf | aQ - Resolution | Q → Audio | Q - Monitor Name Q | - Memory Q | -ManufacQ | - Resolution | Q - Audio | Q - Monitor Name | Q Sou |
| ≡ F1 | LWR | 640x480p60.00Hz | N/A | D640x480p60 | E1 (USB-C i | LWR | 1920x1080p60.00Hz | 2chLPCM | Univ_HDMI_PCM | F47 |
| ≡ F2 | LWR | 848x480p60.00Hz | N/A | D848x480p60 | E2 (USB-C i | LWR | 1920x1080p60.00Hz | 2chLPCM | Univ_HDMI_PCM | F47 |
| Ξ F3 | LWR | 800x600p60.32Hz | N/A | D800x600p60 | E3 (HDMI i | LWR | 1920x1080p60.00Hz | 2chLPCM | Univ_HDMI_PCM | F47 |
| ≡ F4 | LWR | 1024x768p60.00Hz | N/A | D1024x768p60 | E4 (HDMI i | LWR | 1920x1080p60.00Hz | 2chLPCM | Univ_HDMI_PCM | F47 |
| ≡ F5 | LWR | 1280x768p50.00Hz | N/A | D1280x768p50 | | | | | | |
| ■ F6 | LWR | 1280x768p59.94Hz | N/A | D1280x768p60 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F7 | LWR | 1280x768p75.00Hz | N/A | D1280x768p75 | | | | | | |
| ■ F8 | LWR | 1360x768p60.02Hz | N/A | D1360x768p60 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F9 | LWR | 1280x1024p50.00Hz | N/A | D1280x1024p50 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F10 | LWR | 1280x1024p60.02Hz | N/A | D1280x1024p60 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F11 | LWR | 1280x1024p75.02Hz | N/A | D1280x1024p75 | | | | | | |
| ■ F12 | LWR | 1400x1050p50.00Hz | N/A | D1400x1050p50 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F13 | LWR | 1400x1050p60.00Hz | N/A | D1400x1050p60 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F14 | LWR | 1400x1050p75.00Hz | N/A | D1400x1050p75 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F15 | LWR | 1680x1050p60.00Hz | N/A | D1680x1050p60 | | | | | | |
| ■ F16 | LWR | 1920x1080p50.00Hz | N/A | D1920x1080p50 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F17 | LWR | 1920x1080p60.00Hz | N/A | D1920x1080p60 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F18 | LWR | 2048x1080p50.00Hz | N/A | D2048x1080p50 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F19 | LWR | 2048x1080p60.00Hz | N/A | D2048x1080p60 | | | | | | |
| ■ F20 | LWR | 1600x1200p50.00Hz | N/A | D1600x1200p50 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F21 | LWR | 1600x1200p60.00Hz | N/A | D1600x1200p60 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F22 | LWR | 1920x1200p50.00Hz | N/A | D1920x1200p50 | | | | | | |
| ≡ F23 | LWR | 1920x1200p59.56Hz | N/A | D1920x1200p60 | | | | | | |
| - 504 | IIMD | 2010-1200-50 0611- | IN17A | D2040v1200n60 | | | | | | |
| EXPORT | IMPORT | INFO EDIT CREATE | | | > | | DE | LETE SELECTED | SELECT ALL SELECT | NONE |
| CANORI | Junior | ONEATE | | | | | | | OLLOTTILE OLLOT | |
| | | | | | | | | | ADVA | NCED VIEW |
| | | | | EDID | Menu | | | | | |



| EXPORT | Exporting an EDID (save to a file) | |
|--------|--|---------------|
| IMPORT | Importing an EDID (load from a file) | DELETE SELECT |
| INFO | Display EDID Summary window | SELECT ALL |
| EDIT | Opening Advanced EDID Editor with the selected EDID | SELECT NONE |
| CREATE | Opening Easy EDID Creator | |





EDID emulation or copying Deleting EDID (from User memory)

Selecting all memory places in the right panel

Selecting none of the memory places in the right panel

6.11.1. EDID Operations

Changing Emulated EDID

- Step 1. Choose the desired EDID list on the source panel and select an EDID.
- Step 2. Press the Emulated button on the top of the Destination panel.
- Step 3. Select the desired port on the right panel (one or more ports can be selected); the EDID(s) will be highlighted in yellow.
- Step 4. Press the Transfer button to change the emulated EDID.

Learning an EDID

The process is the same as changing the emulated EDID; the only difference is the Destination panel: press the User button. Thus, one or more EDIDs can be copied into the user memory either from the factory memory or from a connected sink (Dynamic).

Exporting an EDID

- A source EDID can be downloaded as a file (*.bin, *.dat or *.edid) to the computer. Step 1. Select the desired EDID from the Source panel (line will be highlighted in yellow).
- Step 2. Press the Export button to open the dialog box and save the file to the computer.
- Importing an EDID
 - A previously saved EDID (*.bin, *.dat or *.edid file) can be uploaded to the user memory:
 - Step 1. Press the User button on the top of the Source panel and select a memory slot.
 - Step 2. Press the Import button below the Source panel.
 - Step 3. Browse the file in the opening window then press the Open button. The browsed EDID is imported into the selected User memory.
 - **ATTENTION!** The imported EDID overwrites the selected memory place even if it is not empty.

Deleting EDID(s)

- The EDID(s) from User memory can be deleted as follows:
- Step 1. Press the User button on the top of the Destination panel.
- Step 2. Select the desired memory slot(s); one or more can be selected ("Select All" and "Select None" buttons can be used). The EDID(s) will be highlighted in yellow.
- Step 3. Press the Delete selected button to delete the EDID(s).

IMPORT

DELETE SELECTED



INFO

6.11.2. EDID Summary Window

DisplayID Tiled Display Topology **DisplayID Unknown Blocks**

Select an EDID from the Source panel and press the Info button to display the EDID summary.

| General | GENERAL | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Power Management | | |
| Gamma / Colors | EDID version: | 1 |
| Established Timings | EDID revision: | 3 |
| Standard Timings | Manufacturer ID: | LWR (Lightware Visual Engineering) |
| Preferred Timing Mode | Product ID: | 0000 |
| 2nd Descriptor Field | Monitor serial number. | Not present |
| 3rd Descriptor Field | | |
| 4th Descriptor Field | Year of manufacture: | 2010 |
| CEA General | Week of manufacture: | Not Used |
| CEA Video | Signal interface: | Digital |
| CEA Audio | Separate Sync H&V: | |
| CEA Speaker Allocation | Composite sync on H: | |
| CEA HDMI VSDB | Sync on green: | |
| CEA HDMI Forum VSDB | Serration on VS: | |
| CEA YCbCr 4:2:0 VDB | | |
| CEA YCbCr 4:2:0 Capability Map | Color depth: | Undefined |
| CEA Colorimetry | Interface standard: | Not defined |
| CEA High Dynamic Range | Color spaces: | RGB 4:4:4 |
| CEA Detailed Timing Descriptors | Aspect ratio: | 0 |
| DisplayID General | Display size: | 0 cm X 0 cm |
| DisplayID Product ID | | |
| DisplayID Type I Timing #1 | | |
| DisplayID Type I Timing #2 | | |
| DisplayID Type I Timing #3 | | |

EDID Summary Window

6.11.3. Editing an EDID

Select an EDID from the Source panel and press the Edit button to display the Advanced EDID EDIT Editor window. The editor can read and write all descriptors that are defined in the standards, including the additional CEA extensions. Any EDID from the device's memory or a saved EDID file can be loaded into the editor. The software resolves the raw EDID and displays it as readable information to the user. All descriptors can be edited, saved in an EDID file, or uploaded to the User memory. For more details about EDID Editor, please visit our website (www.lightware.com) and download the EDID Editor Application note.

| Basic EDID | EDID BYTE ED | л | JR | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----|----------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Vendor / Product Information | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display Parameters | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Power Management and Features | 0 | 00 | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | 00 | 32 | F2 |
| Gamma / Color and Established Timings | 10 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 14 | 01 | 03 |
| Standard Timings Preferred Timing Mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 20 | 80 | 00 | 00 | 78 | 06 | EE | 91 | A3 | 54 | 4C |
| 2nd Descriptor Field 3rd Descriptor Field | 30 | 99 | 26 | 0F | 50 | 54 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 01 | 01 |
| 4th Descriptor Field | 40 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 |
| | 50 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 | | ЗA | | DO | | 38 |
| CEA Extension | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General | 60 | 2D | 40 | | 2C | | | 80 | | 74 | 00 |
| Video Data | 70 | 00 | 1E | 00 | 00 | 00 | 10 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 |
| Audio Data | 80 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 |
| Speaker Allocation Data | 90 | 00 | 00 | 00 | FD | | 31 | 33 | 37 | 39 | 0F |
| HDMI VSDB | 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - | | | | | | | | | | |
| HDMI Forum VSDB | 100 | 01 | and the second | | 20 | | 20 | 20 | 20 | 00 | 00 |
| YCbCr 4:2:0 VDB | 110 | 00 | FC | 00 | 44 | 31 | 39 | 32 | 30 | 78 | 31 |
| YCbCr 4:2:0 Capability Map | 120 | 30 | 38 | 30 | 70 | 35 | 30 | 00 | BD | | |
| Colorimetry High Dynamic Range | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Detailed Timing Descriptor #1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Detailed Timing Descriptor #1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Detailed Timing Descriptor #3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Detailed Timing Descriptor #4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Detailed Timing Descriptor #5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Detailed Timing Descriptor #6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Display ID Extension | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Product ID | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type I Timing Descriptor #1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type I Timing Descriptor #2 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type I Timing Descriptor #3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tiled Display Topology | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unknown DisplayID Data | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Save EDID | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

EDID Editor Window

6.11.4. Creating an EDID - Easy EDID Creator

CREATE Since the Advanced EDID Creator mentioned above needs more complex knowledge about EDID, Lightware introduced a wizard-like interface for fast and easy EDID creation. With Easy EDID Creator, it is possible to create custom EDIDs in four simple steps. By clicking on the Create button below the Source panel, Easy EDID Creator is opened in a new window. For more details about the EDID Editor, please visit our website (www.lightware.com) and download the EDID Editor Application note.

Select Resolution & Interface Video Format Audio Format Finish Back Next

SELECT RESOLUTION & INTERFACE

Welcome to the Easy EDID Creator!

With this software you are able to create a unique EDID according to your demands. Details can be added or changed in the Advanced EDID Editor later if needed.

Please select the format type and the preferred resolution. If you don't find the proper mode in the list, use the Custom format type setting, enter the resolution and the program will estimate the best blanking times.

Important notes:

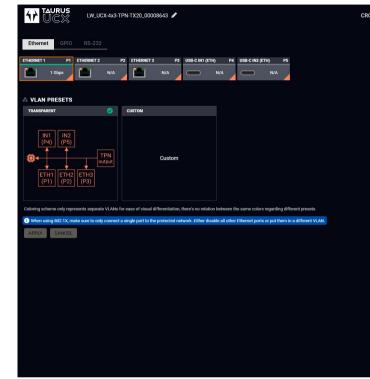
- If you want to send audio then you must select HDMI or DisplayPort. DVI and VGA do not support audio transmission.
- Most DVI displays are not able to process HDMI signals. If you have a DVI display, please check its specifications.
- The supported color depth will be 24bits/pixel by default.
- USB TYPE-C means DisplayPort interface over a different physical interface.

| Format type: | Broadcast | × |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| Resolution: | 640x480p60 | ~ |
| | Service VGA | |
| | olimiii DAI | |
| Interface type: | НДМІ | |
| | DisplayPort | |
| | USB TYPE-C | |

EDID Creator Window

6.12. Control Menu

6.12.1. Ethernet



Ethernet tab in Control menu

Several ports are displayed in the Ethernet settings: Three of them belong to the RJ45 Ethernet connectors. You can check the status of the Ethernet line by each port: the speed and the duplexity of the connection. The remaining two are for configuring the Ethernet layer in the USB-C ports.

The following settings are available for each port:

- Rename the port,
- Enable / disable the port;
- VLAN membership.

VLAN Membership

The VLAN membership setting offers isolated networks for the chosen ports that are independent from the management network and even each other. In case the VLAN membership setting of any port is changed, the VLAN preset will be **Custom**. Further management options will be implemented in a later firmware update.

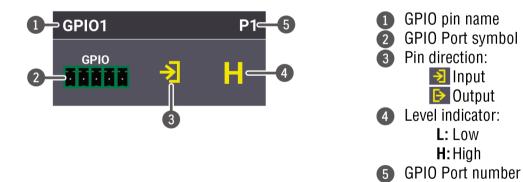
| OSSPOINTS | EDID MANAGE | EMENT | CONTROL | SETTINGS | O Device Discovery |
|-----------|-------------|---------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | PORT 1 | - ETHERNET 1 | | <> 53 |
| | | ≡ SET | TINGS | | |
| | | Port na | ame: | Ethernet 1 | |
| | | Enable | | Enable | |
| | | Speed: | | 1 Gbps | |
| | | Duplex | ity: | Full-duplex | |
| | | Link st | atus: | 0 | |
| | | VLAN | Membership: | Default | ~ |
| | | = DEB | UG COUNTERS | | |
| | | Rx cou | nter: | 161044 | |
| | | Rx crc | counter: | 0 | |
| | | Rx dro | p counter: | 0 | |
| | | Rx frag | ment counter: | 0 | |
| | | Tx cou | nter: | 94055 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | ADVANCED VIEW |

6.12.2. GPIO

The GPIO port has 6 pins, which operate at TTL digital signal levels and can be controlled by LDC or protocol commands. Select a GPIO pin under the Port settings section; the settings (pin direction and input level) are displayed on the port tiles as well. #gpio

| 47 | TAU U | RUS | LW_ | UCX-4x3-T | PN-TX20 | _0000864 | 3 🥒 | | | | CROSSP | DINTS | EC | DID MAN | AGEME | NT | CONTROL | SETTING | is 🤇 | O Device I | Discovery | |
|---------------|----------|---------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|---------|-------|------------|---------|--------|-------|----|---------|-------|---------|----------------|---------|-----------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Eth | ernet | GPIO | RS-2 | 32 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GPI01 | -7] | P1 H | GPIO2 | -≯ F | P2 GPI03 | | P3 H | GPIO4 | -) | P4 H | GPIO5 | ÷ | | GPIO6 | ->] | P6 H | PORT 1 - GPIO1 | | | < | > | |
| BORNAU | | | NAMMA | | No. | | | MANNA | | | MHMMM | | | REARCH | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Port name: | GI | PIO1 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Direction: | | Input Output | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Input level: | Hig | jh | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

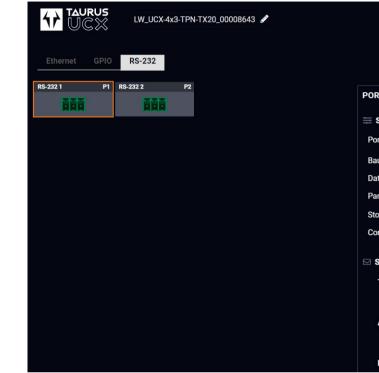
INFO: Output level can be set only if the pin direction is set to Output. In case of input direction, the output level setting and the Toggle button is not available.



Interval

Interval section is designed for setting the chosen GPIO pin to the specified level for a specified time. Configure the **Duration** time and the **Logic level** of the desired value. Confirm by clicking the **Set interval** button.

6.12.3. RS-232



RS-232 tab in Control menu

The following settings and functions are available: *#rs-232*

- Baud rate: 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200;
- Data bits: 8;
- Parity: None, Odd, or Even; #rs232

| | 0 | Device Discovery | Ξ |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|
| | | | |
| T 1 - RS-232 1 | | < > | |
| SETTINGS | | | |
| rt name: | RS-232 1 | | |
| udrate: | 9600 ~ | | |
| tabits: | 8 | | |
| rity: | None ~ | | |
| pBits: | 1 ~ | | |
| nfiguration: | 9600, 8N1, Off | | _ |
| END MESSAGE | | | |
| Туре | | | |
| Text | | | |
| Additional details | | | |
| append CR append LF | | | |
| Data | | | |

#serial

Send Message Section

The serial message sending is achieved by Lightware REST API, and it can be in text or hexadecimal format. The CR/LF (Carriage Return/Line Feed) can be enabled optionally.

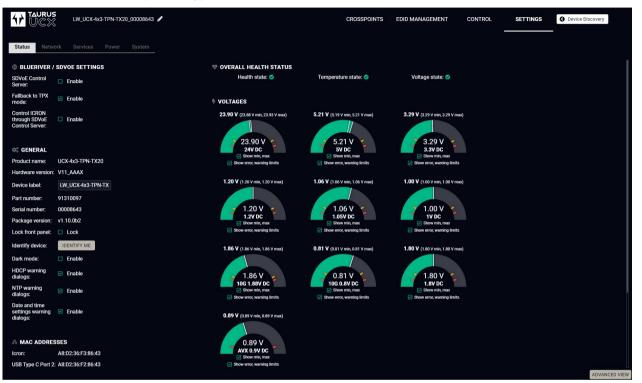
| PORT 1 - RS-232 | 1 | | < | > | 5 |
|--|---|--------------|-----|---|----------|
| SEND MESSA | CE. | | | | |
| | SL | | | | |
| Туре | | | | | |
| Text | | | | | |
| ⊖ HEX | | | | | |
| Additional deta | nils | | | | |
| append | CR | | | | |
| append | LF | | | | |
| Data | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| application/b Compiled data Data input Local send his | is empty | END | | | |
| Timestamp | | Data | | | Status |
| 10:00:27 | | 123 | | | S |
| | | | | | |
| POST 172.24.5.3 | st for sending from an 19/api/V1/MEDIA/SEF as no influence on Ser | RIAL/P1/send | er: | | |

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6.13. Settings Menu

6.13.1. Status

#devicelabel #label #producttype #firmwareversion #status #serialnumber



TX Status tab in the Settings menu

The most important hardware and software related information can be found on this tab: hardware and firmware version, serial numbers, MAC addresses, temperatures, and voltage information. Device label can be changed to a unique description by the **Set** button. #buttonlock #lockbutton

You can manage the SDVoE control settings from this tab:

- Enable/Disable the SDVoE Control Server
- Enable/Disable ICRON Control through SDVoE Control Server

ATTENTION! Make sure to only have one SDVoE Control Server running in your system! Turn this function off in all other capable devices and also the one run by AV Manager.

It may sometimes happen that if the connected switch is booting, the device might enter TPX (point-to-point) operation mode, which situation can only be resolved by restaring the device. To avoid this, you can Disable the Fallback to TPX mode by removing the tick from the checkbox.

You can disable the functionality of the front panel buttons by marking the Lock front panel option. This is same method of the control lock enabled by the front panel buttons. See the details in the Control Lock section.

Clicking on the Identify me button results in the blinking of the status and crosspoint LEDs in green for 10 seconds. The feature helps to identify the device itself in the rack shelf.

Dark mode enable: When Dark mode is enabled, all LEDs on the unit are switched off (after 60 seconds by default) if no buttons are pressed. Pressing any button brings back the status info on the LEDs without performing the function of the button itself. #darkmode

6.13.2. Network

| | LW_UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20_00008643 🖋 | CROSSPOINTS | EDID MANAGEMENT | CONTROL | SETTINGS | O Device Discovery |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Status Network | Services Power System | | | | | |
| 🕸 NETWORK SETTIN | GS | | 802.1X CONFIGURAT | ΓΙΟΝ | | |
| Current IP address: | 192.168.0.124 | | Enable 802.1X: | 🗖 Ena | able 🥪 | |
| Current subnet mask: | 255.255.255.0 | | Authentication method: | | TLS ~ | |
| Current gateway address: | 192.168.0.1 | | *Required fields | | | |
| Host name: | lightware-00008643 | | | APPI | LY NEW CONFIGURATION | CANCEL |
| Obtain IP address automa | atically (DHCP, AutoIP): 🗹 | | When using 802.1X, make su other Ethernet ports or put the | ure to only connect a sing hem in a different VLAN. | le port to the protected netw | ork. Either disable all |
| Static IP address: | 192.168.0.100 | | ③ 802.1X STATUS | | | |
| Static subnet mask: | 255.255.255.0 | | WPA Supplicant Status: | | | |
| Static gateway address: | 192.168.0.1 | | ✓ Show more status deta | ails (for debug purpos | ses) | |
| APPLY CHANGES CAN | NCEL | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ADVANCED V |

Network tab in Settings menu

Network Settings

IP address and DHCP settings can be set on this tab. Always press the **Apply settings** button to save changes.

When the host name is modified, clicking on the Restart http(s) services button is also needed.

INFO: A new certificate is generated after the hostname changing.

802.1x Configuration

Authentication Process

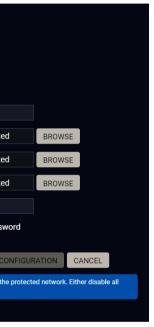
You will find the 802.1x authentication section in the right. You can enable authentication by ticking in the Enable box. With EAP-TLS, you will also need CA and Client certificates, a Client Private Key, and a password for the Key.

| Status Network System | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 802.1X CONFIGURATION | |
| Enable 802.1X: | 🗹 Enable |
| Authentication method: | EAP-TLS ${}^{\scriptstyle \vee}$ |
| Identity*: | |
| CA Certificate*: | No file selecte |
| Client Certificate*: | No file selecte |
| Client Private Key*: | No file selecte |
| Client Private Key Password: | |
| *Required fields | 🔖 Show pass |
| | APPLY NEW C |
| When using 802.1X, make sure to only connect other Ethernet ports or put them in a different 1 | |
| ④ 802.1X STATUS | |
| | |

After entering every necessary information, click on the **Apply new configuration** button, and the authentication process starts.

| 802.1X CONFIGURATION | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Enable 802.1X: | 🗹 Enable (|
| Authentication method: | EAP-TLS |
| Identity*: | (Present in current con |
| CA Certificate*: | (Present in curre |
| Client Certificate*: | (Present in curre |
| Client Private Key*: | (Present in curre |
| Client Private Key Password: | (Present in current con |
| *Required fields | 🐼 Show passwor |
| | APPLY NE |
| Client Private Key Password: | (Present in current of (Present in current of Show passwork) |

If every component is correct, the device will gain access to the secure LAN.



| 9 - | ĺ. | |
|--------|------------|--------|
| fig) | 0 | |
| nt | BROWSE | 0 |
| nt | BROWSE | 0 |
| nt | BROWSE | 0 |
| fig) | 0 | |
| ď | | |
| N CON | FIGURATION | CANCEL |

6.13.3. Services

| | 3-TPN-TX20_00008643 / CROSSPOIN | TS EDID MANAGEMENT | CONTROL SETTINGS |
|--|---|--|--|
| Status Network Services | Power System | | |
| A NETWORK SERVICES | | CERTIFICATE MANAGEME | NT |
| HTTP(S) | | Updating certificate status is not auto management related operations | omatic, please use the Refresh button to update it without certification |
| Enable port 80: Includes HTTP, LW3 over WS, REST API | ☑ Enable | STATUS | |
| Require Authentication over HTTP: | Require | Current certificate status: | Self-signed certificate present |
| Enable port 443: | Enable | | REFRESH |
| Includes HTTPS, LW3 over WSS, Secure REST AP | | Before uploading any certificate, pleas | se make sure the certificate chain is complete and begins with the |
| Require Authentication over HTTPS: | Require | issued certificate. | |
| By changing HTTP(S) related settings (incl apply them. If you currently using LDC via e | uding host name) the device will restart these services automatically to either port 80 or 443 this will result a connection loss to the device. | UPLOAD | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | RESTART HTTP(S) SERVICES | Full certificate chain file: | No file selected BROWSE |
| | | | UPLOAD |
| SERIAL OVER IP | | | |
| Enable Serial1 over 8001: | Enable | ADDITIONAL OPERATIONS | |
| Enable Serial2 over 8002: | Enable | DOWNLOAD CURRENT | DELETE CURRENT |
| Enable Serial3 over 8003: | Enable | DOWNLOAD CERTIFICATE SIGNI | NG REQUEST |
| LW3 | | | |
| Enable LW3 over 6107: Warning: Disabling all network interfaces will prevenable network interfaces. | Enable ent any communication with the unit. Restoring factory default settings can re- | | |
| BLUERIVER | | | |
| Enable HTTP access over 8080: | Enable | | |
| Enable TCI access over 6970: | Enable | | |
| LARA | | | |
| | | | |
| Enable LARA : To access LARA, please enable HTTPS service (p | Enable ort 443) and set a valid password below, in advance. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | l is mandatory if exists, otherwise leave it blank. | | |
| Username: | admin | | |
| Current password: | | | |
| New password: | | | |
| Confirm new password: | | | |
| | Show passwords | | |
| | SAVE PASSWORD | | |

Network Services

HTTP/HTTPS

UCX-TPN series transmitter provides HTTP/HTTPS server services on its 80 and 443 ports to make it accessible over WebSocket (WS), LW3 protocol, using Lightware Device Controller and REST API for device control (see the detailed list about the additional available features in the summary table of the Lightware Advanced Room Automation (LARA) section).

HTTPS protocol encrypts the transferred data to keep it protected. For more details about the HTTPS, see the Encryption (HTTPS, WSS) section.#portblock #network

• Enable/Disable HTTP/ HTTPS port: To ensure the secure data traffic, the HTTP port (80) can be disabled, and the all the information can be transferred via HTTPS (443 port). 80 or 443 port is necessary to upload/download WelcomeScreen image, log and clone files so one of them should be opened to reach these functions.

ATTENTION! Please ensure proper UCX time and date setting in UCX, because it affects the self-signed certificate (SSL) generation when using WSS or HTTPS. Improper time and date setting may lead to certificate rejection.

- Require Authentication over HTTP/HTTPS: authentication helps limit the access to the device by setting a username (admin) and a password. For more details, see the Basic Network Security section. No password is set by default, the authentication can be enabled after setting a password.
- Restart HTTP(S) Services is required after the authentication settings changed.

Serial over IP

The signal route of the serial-IP transmission can be broken by disabling the serial over 8001 or 8002 port. For more details about the RS-232, see the Serial Interface section. LW3

Enable LW3 over 6107: LW3 protocol commands, Ligthware Device Controller software.

WARNING! The Lightware Device Controller software operates on 6107 port, when it is disabled, the UCX-TPN series transmitter can be controlled only with protocol commands via http(s). Reset to Factory Default Settings can re-enable the network interfaces.

BlueRiver

To access the BlueRiver Control Server in the UCX-TPN series device, make sure to enable the 8080 (for HTTP) and 6970 (for TCP) ports.

LARA

LARA can be enabled by ticking in the box after enabling HTTPS and setting a password, which can be done below.

Credentials

DIFFERENCE: From LDC version v2.8.0, password history is maintained in authentication, not allowing for the last 10 passwords to be set again.

The authentication password can be set here for HTTP/HTTPS ports. UTF-8 characters are allowed. Min length: 10 characters, max length: 100 characters. The password string can not be gueried. #password ATTENTION! If a wrong password is entered during login five times in a row, all login attempts are denied

for 15 minutes.

New Password

INFO: The old password is also required when changing the password.

ATTENTION! Authentication feature in UCX-TPN series is not equal to the Cleartext login feature in the Advanced Control Pack in the TPS family extenders.

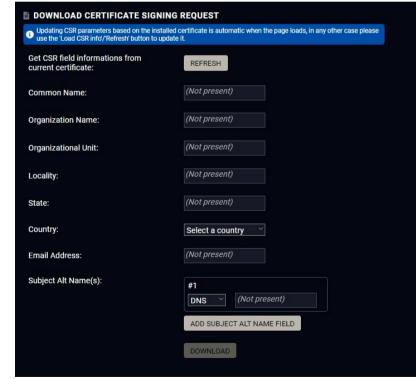
Certificate Management

You can upload certificates signed by the Certificate Authority (CA) to provide secure connection to the devices with the webLDC.

To download a Certificate Signing Request (CSR), follow these steps:

- Step 1. Navigate to the Settings menu, Services tab and click on the Certificate Signing Request button.
- Step 2. Enter the data required for the authentication process. It is important to provide all information related to your organization, because it will be used to verify your identity.
- Step 3. Once all the necessary data has been entered, the file can be downloaded via the button in the bottom, and sent for signing.
- Step 4. When the CA signs the certificate, it will create a .pem file, which then can be uploaded onto the device.
- Step 5. After uploading, press the Refresh button in the Certificate Management section and the signed certificate shall be active.

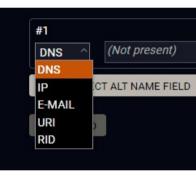
Please be aware that the certificate will use the device's own private key and will not work for any other device. Each device must have its own certification.



The certificate signing request form

| Information | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| Common Name | The domain name you wish to secure. |
| Organization Name | The legal name of the company or organization, any s included. |
| Organizational Unit | The name of the internal organizational department/ division. |
| Locality | The name of the city, town, village etc. of the organiza |
| State | Province, region, county or state, not abbreviated. |
| Country | The country of the organization can be chose from the down menu. |
| Email Address | The contact address of the certificate administrator o IT department of the company. |

In the Subject Alt Name(s) field you can enter additional information for more hosts to be certified with one SSL file. The information type can be chosen from the drop down menu. You can have several Subject Alt Name fields.



You can enter the following information in the Subject Alt Name field:

- DNS
- IP address
- E-mail address
- URI
- RID

anization, any suffix

Example www.example.com Lightware Visual **Engineering PLC**

IT

of the organization. abbreviated. e chose from the drop-

Budapest Pest county

Hungary

administrator or the

example@lightware. com



6.13.4. Power

| | JCX-4x3-TPN-TX20_00 | 008643 🖋 | CROSSPOINTS | EDID MANAGEMENT | CONTROL | SETTINGS | Ovice Discovery |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|----------|-----------------|
| Status Network Servi | ices Power Sy | /stem | | | | | |
| F POWER SETTINGS | | | | | | | |
| POWER BUDGET INFORMA | TION | | | | | | |
| Total Power Budget (): | 150 W | | | | | | |
| Unreserved Power Budget (): | 30 W | | | | | | |
| Unallocated Power Budget 🚯 | 30 W | | | | | | |
| POWER DISTRIBUTION SE | TTINGS | | | | | | |
| | USB-C Port U1 | USB-C Port U2 | | | | | |
| Reserved Power 🖲 | 60 W ~ | 60 W 🗸 | | | | | |
| Power Allocation Mode | Static ~ | Static ~ | | | | | |
| Allocated Power (| 60 W | 60 W | | | | | |
| OVERALL POWER USAGE | | | | | | | |
| USB-C Port U1 | | USB-C Port U2 | Unallocated | | | | |

Power tab in the Settings menu

On this tab you can set the power output by each capable port.

Power Budget Information

- Total Power Budget: you can see the full amount of power available for output.
- Unreserved Power Budget: you can see the amount of power that remains after the amount has been set on all ports.
- Unallocated Power Budget: you can see the amount of power that remains available in case one of the Power Allocation Mode on a port is set to Auto. If needed, this power amount will be automatically provided for the port.

Power Distribution Settings

In this table you can quickly and efficiently set the power capabilities of each port.

- Reserved Power: You can choose a minimum amount of power to be output on the port from a drop-. down menu.
- Power Allocation Mode: You can set whether the port shall be capable of outputting more than the minimum amount set in the line above. In case of Static, the port will output the set amount. In case of Auto, the port may use any unallocated power in addition to the given minimum to supply to the device connected to it if needed.
- Allocated Power: total amount of power output by the port.

Enabling 100W power to first connected device

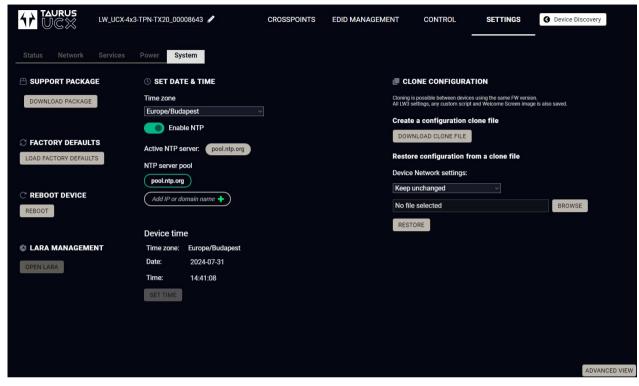
In order for a USB-C port to be able to supply 100W, the amount of reserved power must be sufficient. If the user wants to allocate 100W to the first connected device, regardless of which USB-C port it is connected to, the setting must be arranged as follows:

PoE Off

- Step 1. Make sure that Power Allocation Mode for all ports is Static.
- Step 2. Set the Reserved Power for both USB-C ports to a maximum of 30W.
- Step 3. Turn Power Allocation Mode to Auto for the USB-C ports.

This will enable the transmitter so supply the first connected device with up to 100W, while the other port will be able to supply 50W.

6.13.5. System



System tab in Settings menu

The following functions are available under the System tab:

- Support package saving a log file of the device, helps during the troubleshooting process
- Load factory defaults recalling factory default settings and values. All factory default settings are listed in the Content of the Backup File section.
- Reboot rebooting the system.
- Set time (internal clock) of the switcher, which is used for logging events.
- Pressing the **Sync with Computer** button is a quick and easy way to set the time. #factory #log #systemlog #reboot #restart

ATTENTION! Please ensure proper UCX time and date setting in UCX, because it affects the self-signed certificate (SSL) generation when using WSS or HTTPS. Improper time and date setting may lead to certificate rejection.

LARA management

The LARA interface can be opened by clicking on the Open LARA button.

Clone configuration

Clone configuration makes saving all the LW3 settings, custom scripts and welcome screen image and uploading them to another device possible.

ATTENTION! Please note that clone configuration function operates properly when the same firmware version is installed on the devices.

ATTENTION! If the device that the clone configuration is created on is password protected, the devices where this file is uploaded will also ask for a password. However, as passwords are not saved in the configuration file, the password is reset to **admin**.

Create a configuration clone file

Click on the **Download Clone File** button to save the setting to the computer.

Restore a configuration from a clone file

Step 1. Choose the desired network setting from the drop down menu:

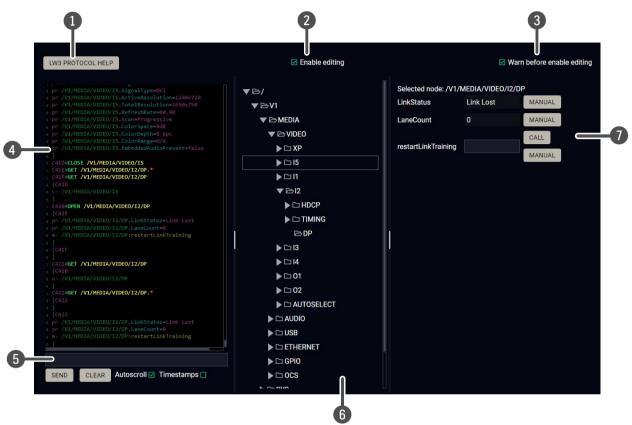
- Keep unchanged.
- Restore from clone file (hostname will change, because the hostname property is also cloned from the original device and it can affect the generated certificates of the 443 port).
- Set to DHCP mode.
- Set to custom non-DHCP mode (in this case additional settings required: IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway Address).

INFO: The network settings relates to Static or DHCP setting/ IP address/ Subnet mask/ Gateway address and the hostname property. Network service settings (enable http(s) ports, authentication etc.) will be always restored.

Step 2. Click on the Select file button to browse a clone file from the PC.

Step 3. The cloning process will start by clicking on the Restore button.

See the entire list of the saved data in the backup file in the Content of the Backup File section.



| 1 | LW3 protocol help | Pushing the bu most important | |
|-----|----------------------------|--|---|
| 2 | Edit mode | The default ap values or paran selection. | |
| 3 | Warning mode | If this is checke | d, a warning v |
| 4 | Terminal window | Commands and command start The color of ea The content of t option is ticked | s with '>' chara ch item deper he window ca |
| 5 | Command line | Type the desired commands and | |
| 6 | Protocol tree | LW3 protocol tr | ee; select an it |
| 1 | Node list | Correspondent selected item ir | |
| | #advancedview #terminal | Manual button: | Manual (sho displayed in |
| | | Set button: | Saves the va |
| | | Call button: | Calls the me |
| TIP | S AND TRICKS: You ca | n browse the pre | eviously entere |

TIPS AND TRICKS: You can browse the previously entered commands by using the **Up** and **Down** arrows in the Command line.

in a help window opening, which describes the about LW3 protocol commands in HTML format.

the read-only mode. If you want to modify the ne option. You will be prompted to confirm your

window pops up when you enable Edit mode.

with time and date are listed in this window. Sent racter, received response starts with '<' character. ends on the type of the command and response. an be emptied by the **Clear** button. If the **Autoscroll** rolled automatically when a new line is added.

and execute it by the **Send** button. Clear all current n the Terminal window by the **Clear** button.

item to see its content.

and nodes are shown that are connected to the tree.

nort description) of the node can be called and n the terminal window.

alue/parameter typed in the textbox.

ethod, e.g. reloads factory default settings.



Software Control - BlueRiver AV Manager

The chapter sows the BlueRiver AV Manager from Semtech, which provides easy access and control features to the UCX-TPN matrix over a user-friendly GUI.

- INTRODUCTION
- INSTALLATION
- ► SOFTWARE USER GUIDE



7.1. Introduction

BlueRiver AV Manager controls and manages AV distribution systems and endpoints that utilize Semtech's BlueRiver technology platform, including all devices that are compatible with the Software Defined Video over Ethernet (SDVoE[™]) standard. The easy-to-deploy, highly intuitive software provides manufacturers, resellers and users of AV equipment featuring BlueRiver a free and easily customizable baseline AV control software that can be repackaged to deliver a wide variety of highly targeted user interface (UI) experiences. In addition to standard video and audio, the software can be used to establish and control Video Walls layouts. Basic USB HID and USB 2.0 routing and switching is also supported (mouse, keyboard, webcam, etc.). *

* Source: https://info.semtech.com/blueriver-av-manager

7.2. Installation

The software can be downloaded from Semtech's website (https://info.semtech.com/blueriver-av-manager) for Windows and Linux operating systems.

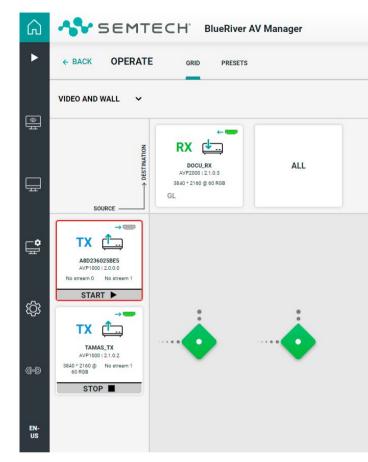
INFO: After the installation the Windows and the Linux application have the same look and functionality.

The following ports are reserved by the software:

| Protocol | Port Number | Description |
|----------|-------------|--|
| ТСР | 5920 | BlueRiver AV Manager Service |
| ТСР | 5936 | BlueRiver AV Manager SDVoE API Service |
| ТСР | 20020 | BlueRiver API |
| TCP | 5148 | BlueRiver AV Manager |

ATTENTION! The running BlueRiver services on the listed ports can obstruct the SDVoE device discovery functions of the Lightware Device Updater V2 (LDU2). Read more details about it in the Reserved Ports for SDVoE Control Server section.

7.3. Software User Guide



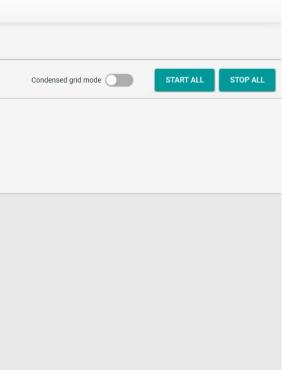
Crosspoint view in the BlueRiver AV Manager software

The following functions and features are available in the software:

- Endpoint configuration
- Device monitoring
- Crosspoint setting
- Video wall configuration

The detailed user guide can be downloaded from Semtech's website (PDF):

https://info.semtech.com/blueriver-av-manager





Lightware REST API Reference

The device can be controlled through standard HTTP(S) requests to ensure the control functions from web browsers or terminal program.

- OVERVIEW
- ► INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE TERMINAL APPLICATION USAGE
- PROTOCOL RULES
- REST API SECURITY
- SYSTEM COMMANDS
- VIDEO PORT SETTINGS GENERAL
- WELCOME SCREEN SETTINGS
- ► VIDEO PORT SETTINGS USB-C RELATED COMMANDS
- CEC COMMAND SENDING
- AUDIO PORT SETTINGS
- USB PORT SETTINGS
- ► USB PORT SETTINGS USB-C RELATED COMMANDS
- EDID MANAGEMENT
- ETHERNET PORT CONFIGURATION
- NETWORK SECURITY
- SERIAL PORT CONFIGURATION
- SERIAL PORT MESSAGING
- ► GPIO PORT CONFIGURATION
- UPDATING THE DEVICE VIA REST API
- ► LIGHTWARE REST API QUICK SUMMARY

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8.1. Overview

The Lightware REST API is designed to provide a platform-free interface, where the UCX series switcher transmitter can be controlled by HTTP requests. REST API is a software architectural style based on HTTP protocol, so it can be used via web browser, Node.is, terminal programs.

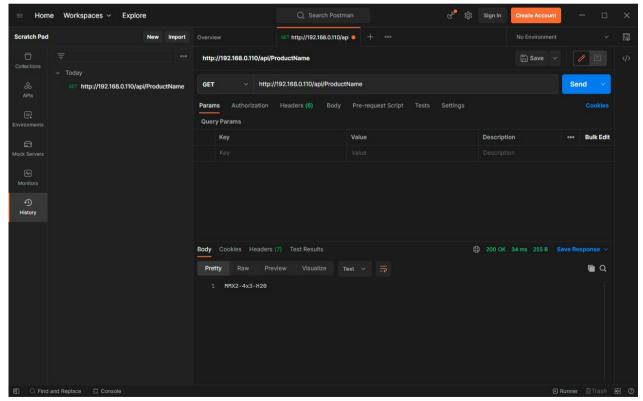
The UCX-TPN series device provides a REST API server where most of the LW3 commands are available (for more details, see the Lightware REST API vs. LW3 Protocol section).

Lightware devices can be controlled with LW3 protocol commands (for more details, see the LW3 Programmers' Reference). LW3 protocol consists of read-only, read-write properties and methods, which operate in the same way as REST API GET/POST methods. This is not a new protocol, the LW3 tree structure became available via HTTP(s).

8.2. Instructions for the Terminal Application Usage

8.2.1. Third-party API Platform

Postman is one of the numerous applications that can be used for sending REST API requests.



Postman – for REST API Usage

8.2.2. Terminal Application

The REST API requests can be applied to the switcher transmitter using a terminal application. You need to install one of them on your control device, for example, Putty, CLI or Curl. #terminal

Curl

Curl is a command line tool that can also connect to the Taurus REST SERVER and display communication in a terminal window. It supports data transferring with HTTP and HTTPS standards and handles the basic authentication (username and password) in Windows® and Linux operating systems. Multi-line commands are also accepted, so a script can be stored in a .txt file for future reference.

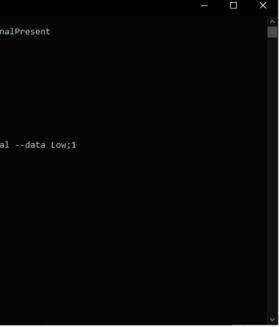
Check if the Curl package is installed on your system. Type into your console: curl. When the answer is 'curl: try 'curl --help' for more information', curl is installed.

Some web browser plugins (e.g. REST Client) display the curl version of the sent request.

Once the terminal window is opened, you can enter the commands. Some typical examples are listed in the following section.

..... Command Prompt

| | REST API communication in a command line window |
|-------------|--|
| | |
| ок С:\>_ | |
| | ontrol: no-cache,private Lightware webservice |
| Date: Tu | "2-nOO9QiTIwXgNtWtBJezz8kv3SLc" ne, 25 Apr 2023 09:15:35 GMT |
| | Length: 2 |
| Content- | Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8 |
| HTTP/1.1 | |
| false | i -X POST http://192.168.0.110/api/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/P1/intervaldata Low;1 |
| Server: | Lightware webservice |
| Accept-R | Ranges: bytes |
| | ntrol: no-cache,private |
| | e, 25 Apr 2023 09:15:05 GMT |
| | "5-fLbvuYullyqbUJDcLlF/4U0SywQ" |
| | Length: 5 |
| HTTP/1.1 | . 200 OK Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8 |
| | i -X GET http://192.168.0.110/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2/SignalPresent |
| | |



GET Command Example

Query the Signal Presence

curl -i -X GET <ip>/api/<NodePath>/<PropertyName>

X-Powered-By: Express Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8 ETag: W/"5-fLbvuYullyqbUJDcLlF/4U0SywQ" Date: Sat, 13 May 2034 13:39:24 GMT

POST Command Example 1.

Set the Mute State

curl -X POST -i <ip>/api/<NodePath>/<PropertyName> --data <value>

X-Powered-By: Express Content-Length: 5 ETag: W/"5-hg914ZeUflab5o9bn2uUeaPo3CI" cache-control: max-age=86400, private

POST Command Example 2.

Switch video crosspoint

curl -X POST -i <ip>/api/<NodePath>/<PropertyName> --data <value>

X-Powered-By: Express Content-Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8 ETag: W/"2-n009QiTIwXqNtWtBJezz8kv3SLc" Date: Sat, 13 May 2034 14:02:01 GMT cache-control: max-age=86400, private Server: lighttpd/1.4.56

POST Command with Basic Authentication Example

Switch video crosspoint

curl --user <username>:<password> -X POST -i <ip>/api/<NodePath>/<PropertyName> --data <value>

HTTPS Command Example 2.

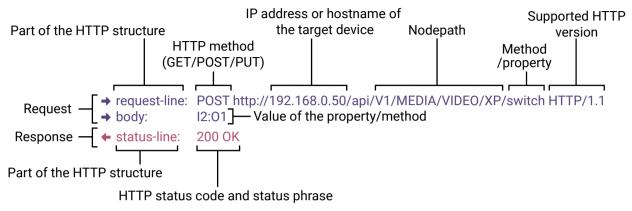
Switch video crosspoint

curl -X POST -k -i <ip>/api/<NodePath>/<PropertyName> --data <value>

HTTP/1.1 200 OK X-Powered-By: Express Content-Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8 Content-Length: 2 cache-control: max-age=86400, private Server: lighttpd/1.4.56

8.3. Protocol Rules

8.3.1. Command Structure Example



The examples below show how to apply the REST API in different environments:

Curl in Command Line Terminal

➡ curl -X POST -i http://192.168.0.55/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switch --data I2:01

REST API Client in Mozilla

Method: POST URL: http://192.168.0.55/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switch Body content type: text/plain Body: 12:01

8.3.2. General Rules

- All names and parameters are case-insensitive.
- The methods, nodes and properties are separated by a slash ('/) character.
- The node name consists of letters of the English alphabet and numbers. .
- All properties and methods are available HTTP(S) below /api as an URL. .
- The HTTP server is available on port 80, the HTTPS server is available on port 443.
- GET / PUT/ POST methods are supported. .
- The request-line contains the IP address (or hostname) and the nodepath.
- Arguments and property values should be given in the HTTP request's body as a plain text.
- REST API LW3 converter does escaping automatically. .
- The node paths describe the exact location of the node, listing each parent node up to the root. .
- The supported HTTP protocol: standard HTTP/1.1
- There is no maxiumum size or character length of the request.

8.3.3. Legend for the Control Commands

Command and Response – Example

- → request-line: GET <ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/SignalPresent
- + body: <status code>

| Format | Desc |
|---------------------------|---|
| <ip></ip> | IP address or hostname |
| <in></in> | Input port number |
| <out></out> | Output port number |
| <port></port> | Input or output port num |
| <loc></loc> | Location number |
| <parameter></parameter> | Variable defined and des |
| <expression></expression> | Batched parameters: the expressions or parameters semicolon, e.g. 12;14;15 o |
| → | Sent request |
| + | Received response |
| • | Space character |
| | |

Further, not listed <parameters> are defined at each command.

8.3.4. Lightware REST API vs. LW3 Protocol

All methods and properties of the LW3 tree structure appear below /api as a HTTP(s) URL. The separator character is always a slash ('/') character instead of point ('.') and colon ('.'). The URL is case-insensitive.

Example

The LW3 property: /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I2.ActiveResolution

Available in REST API:

192.168.0.1/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1/ActiveResolution 192.168.0.1/API/v1/media/video/i1/activeresolution

The following features are implemented only in REST API, but not in LW3 protocol:

Sending a message via RS-232

The most important commands are listed in this chapter. Other commands can be inferred by the LW3 tree structure, where the read-only (eg. pr /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5.Connected) and read-write properties (pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5.Name) can be listed. For more details about the LW3 tree structure, see the LW3 Programmers' Reference section or the Advanced View Window.

cription

of the target device

ber

scribed in the command e underline means that more ers can be placed by using a or F27:E1;F47:E2

8.3.5. Method Types

GET method

GET method can be used to get the value of a property. It works the same way as the LW3 GET command.

PUT/ POST method

In this case, POST and PUT are equivalent, they are for modifying read-write properties and invoking methods. They replace the LW3 SET and CALL commands.

8.3.6. Supported Commands

Querying property value (GET)

The requested value is in the body of the response.

| Protocol | Command | |
|-----------------|--|---|
| REST API | → request-line: GET· <ip>/api/<nodepath>/<propertyname></propertyname></nodepath></ip> | |
| Example | → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.1/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2/SignalPresent | |
| LW3 | • | GET·/ <nodepath>.<propertyname></propertyname></nodepath> |
| Example | • | GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2.SignalPresent |

Setting property value (SET)

The desired property value should be given as a plain text in the body of the request. The new value is in the body of the response.

| Protocol | Command | |
|----------|--|---|
| REST API | → request-line:→ body: | POST· <ip>/api/<nodepath>/<propertyname> <new_value></new_value></propertyname></nodepath></ip> |
| Example | → request-line: → body: | POST http://192.168.0.1/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2/Mute false |
| LW3 | • | SET·/ <nodepath>.<propertyname>=<new_value></new_value></propertyname></nodepath> |
| Example | 4 | SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2.Mute=false |

Invoking method (CALL)

The argument should be given in the body of the request.

| Protocol | Command | |
|----------|--|---|
| REST API | → request-line:→ body: | POST· <ip>/api/<nodepath>/<methodname> <new_value></new_value></methodname></nodepath></ip> |
| Example | → request-line: → body: 15:01 | POST http://192.168.0.1/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switch |
| LW3 | • | CALL·/ <nodepath>:<methodname>(<value>)</value></methodname></nodepath> |
| Example | • | CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(I5:01) |

8.3.7. Not Supported Commands

Querying node (GET)

| Protocol | Command | Note | |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------------|--|
| REST API | Not supported | 404 error code | |
| LW3 | ► GET·/ <nodepath></nodepath> | | |
| Example | ▲ GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO | | |

Subscribing to a node (OPEN)

| Protocol | Command | Note |
|----------|--------------------------------|---------|
| REST API | Not interpreted | Not sup |
| LW3 | ▶ OPEN·/ <nodepath></nodepath> | |
| Example | OPEN /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO | |

Unsubscribing from a Node (CLOSE)

| Protocol | Command | Note |
|----------|---------------------------------|---------|
| REST API | Not interpreted | Not sup |
| LW3 | ► CLOSE·/ <nodepath></nodepath> | |
| Example | CLOSE /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO | |

8.3.8. Status Codes, Error Messages

The standard HTTP response codes are defined to supply information about the response and the executed command like:

| Error code | | Description |
|------------|-----------------------|--|
| 200 | ОК | Standard response for successful HTTP request. |
| 401 | Unauthorized | |
| 405 | Method Not Allowed | A request method is not supported for the requested resource. This is the error code when trying to modify a read-only property. |
| 404 | Not Found | Invalid nodepath or property name. |
| 406 | Not Acceptable | LW3 server error response for POST and PUT method, equals the following LW3 error codes: pE: an error for the property mE: an error for a method |
| 500 | Internal Server Error | All other errors (Lw3ErrorCodes_InternalError). |

8.3.9. Polling

Subscription and unsubscription features are not supported, they can be substituted with polling. It means that a custom user script sends a request for a detected property from time to time.

pported

pported

8.4. REST API Security

The REST API is designed with two security features: Authentication and Encryption. Both of them are optional and can be used independently of each other.

8.4.1. Authentication

Basic access authentication is designed to limit user access for the REST API server. It requires user authentication by using a password (username is fixed).

Follow the instructions below to set the password:

Step 1. Set the password.

- → request-line: POST ·< ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTHENTICATION/setPassword
- <new password> → body:
- Step 2. Enable the basic authentication on the chosen port (HTTP: 80 or HTTPS: 443).
- → request-line: POST-<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP/AuthenticationEnabled
- ➡ body: true
- Step 3. Restart network services.
- → request-line: POST <ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP/restart

ATTENTION! The password will not be encrypted by this authentication mode, it remains accessible when the communication happens on HTTP.

For more details, see the Basic Authentication section.

8.4.2. Encryption (HTTPS)

There is no encryption when the REST API communication happens via HTTP, because the HTTP protocol is not encrypted. The REST API server is available via HTTPS on the 443 port. To avoid the data interception (e.g. stealing the password) HTTP should be disabled and HTTPS protocol should be used instead.

ATTENTION! Please ensure proper UCX time and date setting in UCX, because it affects the self-signed certificate (SSL) generation when using WSS or HTTPS. Improper time and date setting may lead to certificate rejection.

HTTPS does not guarantee that the communication is secure. Make sure that the client communicates with the server directly, without any third-party element in the communication route (Man-in-the-middle attack).

For more details, see the Encryption (HTTPS, WSS) section.

8.5. System Commands

8.5.1. Setting the Device Label

INFO: The device label can be changed to a custom text in the Status tab of the LDC software.

Request and Response #devicelabel #label

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/LABEL/DeviceLabel
- → body: <custom name>
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- ← body: <custom_name>

The Device Label can be 49 characters long and ASCII characters are allowed. Longer names are truncated.

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/LABEL/DeviceLabel → body: UCXroom
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: UCXroom

8.5.2. Resetting the Device

The device can be restarted – the current connections will be terminated.

Request and Response #reboot #restart

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>/restart
- INFO: The body has to be empty, and the content type should be text/plain.
- ← status-line: 200 OK

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/SYS/DEVICES/TX/restart
- + status-line: 200 OK

8.5.3. Restoring the Factory Default Settings

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>/factoryDefaults
- INFO: The body has to be empty, and the content type should be text/plain.
- ← status-line: 200 OK

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/SYS/DEVICES/TX/factoryDefaults
- status-line: 200 OK

The device is restarted, current connections are terminated, and the default settings are restored. See the complete list in the Factory Default Settings section. #factory

Request and Response #firmwareversion

- ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UID/PACKAGE/Version
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- <firmware_version> + body:

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UID/PACKAGE/Version
- + status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: 1.0.0b2

8.5.5. Control Lock

Enable/disable the operation of the front panel buttons.

Request and Response #lockbutton #buttonlock

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/ControlLock
- → body: <lock status>
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: <lock_status>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| <lock_status></lock_status> | Front panel button | None | None: all functions of the front panel button are enabled. |
| | locking status force locked | locked | The front panel buttons are locked, and can be unlocked by a button combination (Control Lock). |
| | | The front panel buttons are locked and cannot be unlocked by a button combination, only in LDC (on the Status tab) or using the LW3 command (or REST API). | |

Example

- request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/ControlLock
- force locked → body:
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: Force locked

8.5.6. Setting the Current Time

Request and Response #time

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/DATETIME/setTime
- → body: <current time>
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: OK

Parameters

<current_time>: The new router time in ISO 8601 date time format.

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/DATETIME/setTime
- ➡ body: 2034-05-06T14:47:25
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

8.5.7. Identifying the Device

Calling the method makes the status LEDs blink for 10 seconds. The feature helps find the device physically.

Request and Response #identifyme

- → reguest-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/identifyMe INFO: The body has to be empty, and the content type should be text/plain.
- ← status-line: 200 OK

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/identifyMe
- + status-line: 200 OK

8.5.8. Toggling the Dark Mode Setting

The LEDs of the device can be switched off if their light could be annoying. In Dark mode all the LEDs are switched off, except the LEDs of the RJ45 connectors (Ethernet and TPN out). #darkmode

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE/Enable <mode_state> → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <mode_state>

Parameters

If the <mode_state> parameter is true (or 1), the Dark mode function is enabled, if the parameter is false (or 0), the function is disabled

Example

- → reguest-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE/Enable
- → body: true

```
+ status-line: 200 OK
```

+ body: true

8.5.9. Setting the Delay of the Dark Mode

The Dark mode can be enabled right away, or after a certain time. Thus, the mode is enabled if no buttons are pressed for a while. Pressing any button brings back the status info on the LEDs without performing the function of the button itself. The delay time can be set with this command.

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE/Delay
- → body: <delay_time>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <delay_time>

Parameters

The <delay_time> parameter means seconds, and the default value is 0. If set to 0, no delay is applied, and the Dark mode can be enabled immediately by the DarkModeEnable property. This delay has an affect to the wakeFromDarkMode method as well.

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE/Delay
- → body:
- status-line: 200 OK

10

10

+ body:

8.6. Video Port Settings - General

8.6.1. Switching the Video Input

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switch
- ➡ body: <in>:<out>
- ← status-line: 200 OK

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switch
- → body: 15:01
- status-line: 200 OK
- INFO: When using the '0' value as an input, the input will be disconnected and no signal will appear on the output.
- ATTENTION! Video crosspoint has a limitation: 11 and 15 ports are not available at the same time, only one of them can be selected to any output. When one of the outputs is switched to 11 or 15, the other output can not be switched to 11 or 15. In this case the switch command returns an error message.

Example

- ➡ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/01/ConnectedSource
- + body:
- ➡ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02/ConnectedSource
- + body: 15
- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switch
- ➡ body: 11:01
- + header: 405 Method Not Allowed

8.6.2. Switching an Input to All Outputs

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Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switchAll
- → body: <in>
- ← status-line: 200 OK

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switchAll
- → body: 11
- + status-line: 200 OK

8.6.3. Locking the Video Port

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>/Lock
- → body: <locked state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <locked_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|----------------------|
| <locked_state></locked_state> | Locked state | true | The port is locked |
| | | false | The port is unlocked |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2/Lock
- → body: false
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

8.6.4. Muting the Video Port

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>/Mute
- → body: <muted_state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <muted_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| <muted_state></muted_state> | Muted state | true | The port is locked. |
| | | false | The port is unlocked. |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2/Mute
- → body: false
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

8.6.5. Setting the Autoselect Policy

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/Policy
- → body: <autoselect mode>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <autoselect_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| <autoselect_mode></autoselect_mode> | The autoselect policy | Off |
| | | Last Detect |
| | | First Detect |

Example

→ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02/Policy First detect → body:

- + status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: First detect

8.6.6. Changing the Autoselect-Included Input Ports

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>/Included
- → body: <state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--------|--|
| <state></state> | | true | The port is included in autoselect. |
| | | false | The autoselect function ignores that port. |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02/I1/Included
- → body: false
- + status-line: 200 OK
- false ← body:

Value description

The autoselect function is disabled. It is always the last attached input that is automatically switched to the output. The first active video input is selected.

8.6.7. Changing the Input Port Priority

Request and Response

- → reguest-line: POST·http://<jp>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>/Priority
- → body: <prio num>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <prio_num>

Parameters

The <prio> parameter means the priority number from 1 to 100, equal numbers are allowed. Inputs can have different priorities in relation with two or more outputs. Therefore the output port number is part of the node path of input port priorities.

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02/I2/Priority
- → body:
- + status-line: 200 OK

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+ body:

8.6.8. Querying the Connected Source

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>/ConnectedSource
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: <in>

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02/ConnectedSource
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: 11

8.6.9. Querving the Connected Destinations

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<in>/ConnectedDestinations
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: "<out1>";"<out1>"

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I3/ConnectedDestinations
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ["01","02"] + body:

8.6.10. Querying the Input Switching Capability

Video crosspoint has a limitation: I1 or I5 ports can not be selected to any output at the same time. Busy value of the switchable property refers to the limitation.

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>/SWITCHABLE/<in>
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- <switchable state> + body:

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--|
| <switchable_state></switchable_state> | switched to the output or not. | OK | The connection of the chosen input and output is allowed. |
| | | Busy | The chosen input can not be switched to the output. |
| | | Locked | The chosen input can not be switched to the output, because the input is locked. |

Example

- request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02/SWITCHABLE/I1
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: Busy

8.6.11. Query the Video Signal Presence

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/SignalPresent
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- ← body: <state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------|---|--------|----------------------------------|
| <state></state> | This property gives a feedback about the current signal presence of the port. | true | The video signal is present. |
| | | false | The video signal is not present. |

Example

➡ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1/SignalPresent

+ status-line: 200 OK

+ body: true

8.6.12. HDCP Setting (Input Port)

HDCP capability can be set on the input ports, thus non-encrypted content can be seen on a non-HDCP compliant display. See more information in the HDCP Management section.

ATTENTION! HDCP 2.2 signal handling is limited to up to two input ports at the same time.

Request and Response #hdcp

- → request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/HDCP/AllowedHdcpVersion
- → body: <allowed hdcp>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <allowed_hdcp>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|---|
| <allowed_hdcp></allowed_hdcp> | The input port reports the | | The input port reports HDCP 1.4 capability. |
| | HDCP capability. | HDCP 2.2 | The input port reports HDCP 2.2 capability. |
| | | Off | The input port reports non-HDCP compliance. |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1/HDCP/AllowedHdcpVersion
- HDCP 1.4 → body:

```
+ status-line: 200 OK
```

+ body: HDCP 1.4

8.6.13. HdcpMode

HDCP capability can be set to Auto/Always on the output ports, thus non-encrypted content can be transmitted to a non-HDCP compliant display. See more information in the HDCP Management section.

Request and Response #hdcp

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/HdcpMode
- → body: <hdcp_mode>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <hdcp_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------|--|--------|--|
| <hdcp_mode></hdcp_mode> | HDCP encryption setting on the output | | The encryption is enabled on the output port if the signal on the input port is encrypted. |
| | port | Always | The outgoing signal is HDCP-encrypted. |

Example

→ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/HDCP/HdcpMode → body: Auto

+ status-line: 200 OK ← body: Auto

8.6.14. Querying the Embedded Audio Presence

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/EmbeddedAudioPresent
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- <embedded_state> + body:

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|-----------|------------------------|--------|-----|
| | It shows if the video | true | The |
| | contains audio or not. | false | The |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I2/EmbeddedAudioPresent
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: true

8.6.15. Muting the Embedded Audio

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/EmbeddedAudioMute
- → body: <mute_state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <mute_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|-----|
| <mute_state></mute_state> | It shows if the | true | The |
| | embedded audio is muted or not. | false | The |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/EmbeddedAudioMute → body: false
- status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

Value description ere is embedded audio in the video signal. ere is no embedded audio in the video signal.

Value description embedded audio is muted. embedded audio is unmuted.

8.6.16. Setting the Output Signal Type

Request and Response #signaltype

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/OutputSignalType
- → body: <signal_type>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <signal_type>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| <signal_type></signal_type> | Signal type setting | Auto | The outgoing signal type is HDMI. |
| | | DVI | The outgoing signal type is DVI. |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/OutputSignalType
- → body: Auto
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: Auto

8.6.17. Turning on Output 5V

The 5V power towards the sink can be enabled or disabled as follows:

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/Output5VMode
- → body: <5V_pwr>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <5V_pwr>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | Value description |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| <5V_pwr> | 5V power towards the sink | On | Enable 5V power on HDMI port |
| | | Off | Disable 5V power on HDMI port |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/Output5VMode
- → body: On
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: On

8.7. Welcome Screen Settings

For details about the Welcome screen feature, please see the Welcome Screen section.

8.7.1. Displaying the Welcome Screen Image

Request and Response #welcomescreen

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/ImageEnabled
- → body: <image_state>
- + status: 200 OK
- ← body: <image_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Values | Va |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| <image_state></image_state> | true | The welcome scree |
| | false | The welcome scree |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/ImageEnabled → body: true
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: true

8.7.2. Displaying the Welcome Screen Text

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/MessageEnabled
- → body: <text state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <text_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Values | V |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| <text_state></text_state> | true | The welcome scree |
| | false | The welcome scree |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/MessageEnabled
- → body: false
- status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

alue description en image is displayed. en image is not displayed.

Value description

en text is displayed.

en text is not displayed.

8.7.3. Setting the Welcome Screen Text

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/MessageText
- → body: <text>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <text>

Parameters

The <text> may consist of letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), space () and dot (.). Max length: 63 characters. Longer names are truncated.

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/MessageText
- → body: helloworld
- status-line: 200 OK
- + body: helloworld

8.7.4. Resetting the Welcome Screen Image

This command restores the original welcome screen image.

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/resetImage
- INFO: The body has to be empty, and the content type should be text/plain.
- ← status-line: 200 OK

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/resetImage
- + status-line: 200 OK

8.8. Video Port Settings - USB-C Related Commands

8.8.1. Restarting the Link Training

This method is equal to pulling the USB-C connector out and plugging it in again.

Request and Response

- #linktraining
- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/DP/restartLinkTraining

INFO: The body has to be empty, and the content type should be text/plain.

← status-line: 200 OK

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1/DP/restartLinkTraining
- status-line: 200 OK

The device is able to send Consumer Electronics Control (CEC) commands. This feature is for remote controlling the source or sink device. CEC is a bi-directional communication via the HDMI cable.

ATTENTION! To have a successful CEC command processing, the connected HDMI device must support CEC. #cec

8.9.1. Simple CEC Code Sending

This command is for sending simple CEC commands to the connected sink device. In this case the <command> is sent in a CEC frame without any opcode. The command also allows sending many commands at once.

The commands can be sent by the following two formats - defined in the header:

- text/plain: hexa strings (as seen in the example)
- application/octet-stream: binary data that allows sending a file with the desired codes

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/CEC/send
- → body: <command>·
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <response>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|---|----------|--------------------------|
| <port></port> | Video output port | 01-02-03 | Video output port number |
| <command/> * | Two-digit-long hexa code to control the sink device | 04 | Power on |
| | | 0D | Power off |
| | | 36 | Standby |
| | | 821000 | Select input 1 |
| | | 822000 | Select input 2 |
| | | 823000 | Select input 3 |

* The supported list of <commands> depends on the connected sink device.

The <response> can be:

| <response></response> | HTTP code | Result |
|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| ACK | 200 | The transmission is successful |
| NACK | 444 | The command is not accepted |
| Timeout | 408 | Timeout |
| Internal Error | 500 | Other error |

Example

- → request-line: POST·http://192.168.1.9/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/CEC/send
- → body: 04

```
← status-line: 200 OK
```

+ body: ACK

8.9.2. Remote Control Code Sending

This command is for sending the so-called 'push-button-commands'. There is a range within the CEC commands for this purpose, e.g. volume up/down. With this method one <command> is put between the 0x44 and 0x45 opcodes in the background.

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/CEC/sendUserControlClick
- → body: <command>·
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <response>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <port></port> | Video output port | 01-02-03 | Video output port number |
| <command/> * | Two-digit-long hexa code to control | 6D | Power on |
| | the sink device | 6C | Power off |

* The supported list of <commands> depends on the connected sink device.

The <response> can be the same as written at the previous command.

Example

- → request-line: POST·http://192.168.1.9/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/CEC/sendUserControlClick
- → body: 6D
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: ACK

8.10. Audio Port Settings

INFO: Audio port numbers may differ depending on the model. For more information, see the Port Numbering section.

8.10.1. Switching the Audio Input

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/switch <audio in>:03· → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <audio_in>:03

Parameters

| Paramete | r Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| <audio_in></audio_in> | Audio input port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/switch
- → body: 12:03
- status-line: 200 OK
- + body: 12:03

INFO: When using the '0' value as an input, the input will be disconnected and no signal will appear on the output.

ATTENTION! When 15 is selected for video source, the de-embedded audio of the 11 is not available, because the video crosspoint has a limitation: I1 and I5 ports are not available at the same time, only one of them can be selected to any output. For more details about it, see the port diagram in the Audio Interface section.

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/O3/ConnectedSource
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- <audio_in> + body:

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| <audio_in></audio_in> | Audio input port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/03/ConnectedSource
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body:

8.10.3. Querying the Connected Destinations

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Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_in>/ConnectedDestinations
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: <audio_out>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| <audio_in></audio_in> | Audio input port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |
| <audio_out></audio_out> | Audio output port | 04 | Audio output port number |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I3/ConnectedDestinations
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: 04

8.10.4. Setting the Autoselect Operation Mode

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03/Policy → body: <op_mode>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <op_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---|
| <op_mode></op_mode> | Operation mode | Follow video | Follows the video crosspoint state automatically. |
| | | Off | Autoselect function is disabled. |

Example

- request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03/Policy → body: Follow video
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- Follow video + body:

8.10.5. Setting the Followed Video Port to Autoselect

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03/VideoFollowPort
- → body: <out>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <out>

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03/VideoFollowPort 01
- → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: 01

8.10.6. Locking the Audio Port

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>/Lock
- → body: <locked state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <locked_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---|
| <audio_port></audio_port> | Audio port | 11-14 04 | Audio input port number Audio output port number |
| <locked_state></locked_state> | Locked state | true false | The port is locked The port is unlocked |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I2/Lock
- → body: false
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

8.10.7. Muting the Audio Port 1.

INFO: Suspends the connection of the chosen port (no signal is forwarded).

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>/Mute
- → body: <muted_state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <muted_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---|
| <audio_port></audio_port> | Audio port | 11-14 04 | Audio input port number Audio output port number |
| <muted_state></muted_state> | Muted state | true false | The port is muted. The port is unmuted. |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I2/Mute
- → body: false
- + status-line: 200 OK
- false + body:

INFO: All inputs and analog output ports have a mute property in the audio XP (e.g. http://<ip>/api/V1/ MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I1.Mute). Outputs have a separate mute function within the port node as well:

- http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/01.EmbeddedAudioMute
- http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02.EmbeddedAudioMute
- http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03.Mute

8.10.8. Muting the Audio Port 2.

INFO: The volume of the analog audio output is set to low.

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03/Mute
- → body: <muted_state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- <muted state> + body:

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------------|--|
| <audio_port></audio_port> | Audio port | 11-14 | Audio input port number | |
| | | O 4 | Audio output port number | |
| <muted_state></muted_state> | Muted state | true | The port is muted. | |
| | | false | The port is unmuted. | |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDI0/04/Mute → body: false
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- false + body:

8.10.9. Querying the Audio Signal Presence

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/<audio_port>/SignalPresent
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- ← body: <signal_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---|
| <audio_port></audio_port> | Audio port | 11-14 04 | Audio input port number Audio output port number |
| <signal_state></signal_state> | Signal presence | true false | The audio signal is present. No audio signal is present. |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/I1/SignalPresent
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

8.10.10. Analog Audio Output Volume (dB) Setting

Request and Response #analogaudio #volume

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/VolumedB
- → body: <level>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <level>

Parameter

The <level> parameter sets the output volume (attenuation) between -95.62 dB and 0 dB in step of -0.375 dB. The value is rounded up if necessary, to match with the step value.

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDI0/04/VolumedB
- → body:
- status-line: 200 OK

-15

+ body: -15

8.10.11. Analog Audio Output Volume Percent Setting

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/VolumePercent
- → body: <percent>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <percent>

Parameters

The <percent> parameter sets the output volume (attenuation) between 100% and 0%, in step of 1%. The value is rounded up if necessary, to match with the step value.

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/VolumePercent
- → body: 50
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: 50

8.10.12. Setting the Balance

Request and Response #balance

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/Balance
- → body: <level>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <level>

Parameters

The <level> parameter sets the balance; -100 means left balance, 100 means right balance, step is 1. Center is 0 (default).

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/Balance 0
- → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK 0
- + body:

8.10.13. Analog Audio Output Level Setting by Steps (dB)

Request and Response #analogaudio #volume

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4/stepVolumedB
- → body: <step>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <step>

Parameters

The volume is increased or decreased with the given <step> value in dB.

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/stepVolumedB → body: -1
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

The volume is decreased with 1 dB, the current volume is -1.95 dB, which means 77.84% in percent.

8.10.14. Analog Audio Output Level Setting by Steps in Percent

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/stepVolumePercent
- → body: <step>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <step>

Parameters

The volume is increased or decreased by the given <step> value in percent.

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/stepVolumePercent
- → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK

5

OK

+ body:

8.10.15. Analog Audio Output Balance Setting by Steps

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/stepBalance
- → body: <step>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <step>

Parameters

The volume is increased or decreased by the given <step> value.

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDI0/04/stepBalance
- → body:
- + status-line: 200 OK

5

OK

+ body:

8.11. USB Port Settings

INFO: USB port numbers may differ depending on the model. For more information, see the Port Numbering section.

8.11.1. Switching the USB Input

Request and Response #usb

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/switch<host>/H1 <host>:H1 → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <host>:H1

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| <host></host> | USB Host | 0 | Disconnected |
| | | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |

Example

➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/switch → body: U1:H1

- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: OK

INFO: When using the '0' value as an input, the input will be disconnected and no signal will appear on the output.

8.11.2. Querying the Connected Source

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/H1/ConnectedSource
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: <host>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| <host></host> | USB Host | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/H1/ConnectedSource
- ← status-line: 200 OK + body: U4

Request and Response *#autoselect*

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/<host>/ConnectedDestinations
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- ← body: <host>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| <host></host> | USB Host | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/U3/ConnectedDestinations
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: H1

8.11.4. Locking the USB Port

Request and Response #lock

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/<usb_port>/Lock
- → body: <locked_state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <locked_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| <usb_port></usb_port> | USB Port | U1-U4 H1 | USB-C and USB-B port number USB hub |
| <locked_state></locked_state> | Locked state | true false | The port is locked The port is unlocked |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/U2/Lock
- false → body:
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

8.11.5. Setting the 5V Sending to the USB Peripherals

The 5V power towards the USB A-type ports can be enabled or disabled as follows:

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/H1/<device_id>/Power5VMode → body: <device_pwr>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <device pwr>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------|---|
| <device_id></device_id> | USB A-type port | D1-D4 | Downstream port number |
| <device_pwr></device_pwr> | 5V power sending | Auto | The host controls the 5V power sending. |
| | | Off | Disable 5V power on USB downstream port |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/H1/D1/Power5VMode → body: Auto
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: Auto

8.11.6. Setting the USB Autoselect Policy

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/Policy
- → body: <op_mode>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <op_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---|
| <op_mode></op_mode> | Operation mode | Off | • |
| | | Last Detect | |
| | | First Detect | • |
| | | Follow video | |
| | | | į |

Value description

The autoselect function is disabled.

It is always the last attached input that is automatically switched to the output. The first active USB input is selected.

Follows the video crosspoint state automatically.

Example

- → reguest-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/Policy
- → body: Follow video
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: Follow video

8.11.7. Setting the Followed Video Port to Autoselect

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/VideoFollowPort
- → body: <out>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <011>

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/VideoFollowPort
- → body:
- + status-line: 200 OK

01

+ body: 01

8.11.8. Changing the Autoselect Included USB Ports

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>/Included
- → body: <state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| <host></host> | USB Host | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number | |
| (ot ot ot o | The chosen input is ignored from the | true | The port is included in autoselect. | |
| <state></state> | autoselect process or not. | false | The autoselect function ignores that port. | |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/U1/Included
- → body: false
- + status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: false

8.11.9. Changing the USB Port Priority

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>/Priority → body: <prio_num>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <prio_num>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------|---|--------|---|
| <host></host> | USB Host | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |
| <prio_num></prio_num> | Priority number from 1 to 100, equal numbers are allowed. | 1-100 | 1: the highest priority 100: the lowest priority |

Example

- request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/U1/Priority 51 → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- 51 + body:

8.12. USB Port Settings - USB-C Related Commands

INFO: USB-C port numbers may differ depending on the model. For more information, see the Port Numbering section.

8.12.1. Setting the USB-C Power

Request and Response #power

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/SYS/MB/USBCPOWER/PowerLimit
- → body: <power>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <power>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------|------|
| <power></power> | Power limit to the USB-C ports | 0 | Equ |
| | | 1 | Port |
| | | 2 | Port |

Example

- request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/SYS/MB/USBCPOWER/PowerLimit → body: 2
- ← status-line: 200 OK 2
- + body:

Value description

ual output power on the two ports (30W each) rt1 maximum, Port2 minimum (60W for U1) rt1 minimum, Port2 maximum (60W for U2)

8.12.2. Setting the Displayport Alternate Mode Policy

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/DpAltModePolicy
- → body: <dp_policy>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <dp_policy>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------|--|---------|--|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C port number |
| <dp_policy></dp_policy> | The preferred video or USB data transmission | Auto | Auto: Taurus offers both operation modes described below. A BYOD device can choose between the two. 4 lane DP Alt mode operation (4K@60) is not guaranteed. |
| | | Force C | It means 4 Lane Video setting. |
| | | Force D | It means 2 Lane Video setting. It is used in case the 4 Lane mode is not supported. |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/U2/DpAltModePolicy
- → body: Auto
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: Auto

ATTENTION! Changing DpAltModePolicy is recommended before connecting a computer to the input.

8.12.3. Querying the Host Alternate Mode Support

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/HostSupportsDpAltMode
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- <altmode_support> ← body:

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|----|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | US |
| <altmode_support></altmode_support> | | False | Th |
| | | True | Th |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/U1/HostSupportsDpAltMode
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: true

8.12.4. Querying the Status of the Alternate Mode

Request and Response #dpaltmode #alternatemode #displayportalternatemode

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/ActiveAltMode
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- ← body: <altmode_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-----|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | US |
| <altmode_state></altmode_state> | | N/A | The |
| | | None | DP |
| | | DP | DP |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/U2/ActiveAltMode
- ← status-line: 200 OK + body: DP

Value description

ISB-C port number he host does not support the alternate mode. he host supports the alternate mode.

| Value | description |
|-------|-------------|
|-------|-------------|

SB-C port number

e host is not connected

P Alt mode is not active

P Alt mode is active.

8.12.5. Querying the Port Data Role

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/ActivePortDataRole
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- <data_role> + body:

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C port number |
| <data_role></data_role> | | N/A No information about the data role. | |
| | | DFP | Downstream Facing Port (usually a Host / HUB ports) The port data role is configured as USB Host. This is for building up the connection (USB data transmission operates after the data role swap) |
| | | UFP | Upstream Facing Port (usually a device) |

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/U2/ActivePortDataRole
- + status-line: 200 OK
- UFP + body:

8.12.6. Querying the Port Power Role

Request and Response #power

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/ActivePortPowerRole
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: <power_role>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C port number |
| <power_role></power_role> | | N/A No information about the power role. | |
| | | Sink | The port is configured as a sink. |
| | | Source | The port is configured as a source |

Example

→ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/U2/ActivePortPowerRole

+ status-line: 200 OK

+ body: Source

8.12.7. Setting the Port Power Role

Request and Response

| ➡ request-line | : POST·http:// <ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb< th=""></usb<></ip> |
|-----------------------|---|
| | <pre><power_role></power_role></pre> |
| A status-line: | 200 04 |

- status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <power_role>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C po |
| <power_role></power_role> | | Sink | The port |
| | | Source | The port |
| | | Dual Role | The port |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/U1/PortPowerRoleSetting Dual Role → body:
- + status-line: 200 OK
- Dual Role + body:

8.13. EDID Management

8.13.1. Querying the Emulated EDIDs

Request and Response #edid

- ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/EdidStatus
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- ["<source>:E1";"<source>:E2";" <source>:E3;""<source>:E4"] ← body:

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| <source/> | Source EDID memory place | F1-F120 | Factory EDIDs |
| | | U1-U14 | User EDIDs |
| | | D1-D2 | Dynamic EDIDs |

Example

→ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/EDID/EdidStatus

← status-line: 200 OK

["F47:E1","F47:E2","F47:E3","F47:E4"] + body:

Emulated EDID memory for input port is listed with the EDID number that is currently emulated on the input.

sb-c_port>/PortPowerRoleSetting

Value description

ort number

rt is configured as a sink.

rt is configured as a source.

rt is configured to be in Dual Power Role mode.

8.13.2. Querying the Validity of a Dynamic EDID

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/D/D1/Validity
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: <validity>

Parameters

If the <validity> parameter is true, the EDID is valid. If the parameter is false, the EDID is invalid.

Example

- ➡ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/EDID/D/D1/Validity
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: true

The 'Validity' property is true, valid EDID is stored in D1 memory place.

8.13.3. Querying the Preferred Resolution of a User EDID

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/U/<user_edid>/PreferredResolution
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- <preferred_resolution> + body:

Example

- → request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/EDID/U/U2/PreferredResolution
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: 1920x1080p60.00Hz

INFO: Use the Manufacturer and MonitorName properties to query further information.

8.13.4. Emulating an EDID to an Input Port

Request and Response

| ➡ request-line | ➡ request-line: POST·http:// <ip>/api/V1/EDID/switch</ip> | | | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| ➡ body: | <source/> : <destination></destination> | | | | |
| ← status-line: | 200 OK | | | | |

+ body: <source>:<destination>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------|-------------------|
| <source/> | Source EDID memory place | F1-F120 | Factory EDIDs |
| | | U1-U14 | User EDIDs |
| | | D1-D2 | Dynamic EDIDs |
| <destination></destination> | The emulated EDID memory of the desired input port | U1-U14 | User EDIDs |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/EDID/switch
- → body: F49:E2
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

8.13.5. Emulating an EDID to All Input Ports

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/switchAll
- → body: <source>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: OK

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------|--------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| <source/> | Source EDID memory place | F1-F148 | Factory EDIDs |
| | | | User EDIDs |
| | | D1-D2 | Dynamic EDIDs |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/EDID/switchAll
- → body: F47
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

8.13.6. Copying an EDID to User Memory

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/copy
- → body: <source>:<destination>

OK

- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body:

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|--|---------|-------------------|
| <source/> | Source EDID memory place | F1-F148 | Factory EDIDs |
| | | U1-U100 | User EDIDs |
| | | D1-D2 | Dynamic EDIDs |
| <destination></destination> | The emulated EDID memory of the desired input port | U1-U100 | User EDIDs |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/EDID/copy
- → body: F1:U2
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

8.13.7. Deleting an EDID from User Memory

OK

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/delete
- <user_edid> → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body:

Parameters

| Parameter | • | | Value description |
|-------------------------|---|--------|-------------------|
| <user_edid></user_edid> | The emulated EDID memory of the desired input port. | U1-U14 | User EDIDs |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/EDID/delete
- U2 → body:
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

8.13.8. Resetting the Emulated EDIDs

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/reset
- INFO: The body has to be empty, and the content type should be text/plain.
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: OK

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/EDID/reset
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

Calling this method switches all emulated EDIDs to a factory default one. See the table in the Factory EDID List section.

8.14. Ethernet Port Configuration

8.14.1. Setting the DHCP State

ATTENTION! When you change a network property, the new value is stored, but the applySettings method must always be called to apply the new settings. When two or more network parameters are changed, the applySettings method is enough to be called once as a final step.

Request and Response #dhcp #network *#ipaddress*

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/DhcpEnabled
- → body: <dhcp_status>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <dhcp_status>

Parameters

If the <dhcp_status> parameter is true, the current IP address setting is DHCP, if the parameter is false, the current IP address is static.

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Example

- → reguest-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/DhcpEnabled
- → body: true
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: true
- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/applySettings
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body:

INFO: The applySettings method will save and apply the new value and it will reboot the device.

INFO: The current setting can be gueried by using the GET method.

8.14.2. Changing the IP Address (Static)

0K

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticlpAddress
- <IP_address> ➡ body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- <IP address> + body:

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticIpAddress
- 192.168.0.100 → body:
- + status-line: 200 OK
- 192.168.0.100 + body:
- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/applySettings
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

INFO: The applySettings method saves and applies the new value and it will reboot the device.

INFO: The current setting can be gueried by using the GET method.

8.14.3. Changing the Subnet Mask (Static)

Request and Response *#ipaddress*

- ➡ request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticNetworkMask
- → body: <netmask>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- <netmask> ← body:

Example

- request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticNetworkMask
- → body: 255.255.255.0
- status-line: 200 OK
- 255.255.255.0 + body:
- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/applySettings
- ← status-line: 200 OK OK
- + body:

INFO: The applySettings method will save and apply the new value and it will reboot the device.

INFO: The current setting can be queried by using the GET method.

8.14.4. Changing the Gateway Address (Static)

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticGatewayAddress
- → body: <gw_address>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <gw_address>

Example

- request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticGatewayAddress ➡ body: 192.168.0.1
- status-line: 200 OK
- 192.168.0.1 ← body:
- request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/applySettings
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK
- INFO: The applySettings method will save and apply the new value and it will reboot the device.
- INFO: The current setting can be queried by using the GET method.

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/applySettings
- INFO: The body has to be empty, and the content type should be text/plain.
- ← status-line: 200 OK 0K
- + body:

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/applySettings
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

All network settings that were changed are applied and network interface restarts.

8.14.6. Setting the Hostname

The host name is a property that can be used instead of the IP address when connecting to the device. It is also suitable for finding the device in the Device Discovery window of the LDC, see more details in the Add New Favorite Device section. Furthermore, it can be used to open the The Built-in Miniweb. If the IP address of the device is changing, the host name can be used as a fixed property.

After hostname changing, restarting the network services is required. New SSL certificate will be generated.

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/HostName
- ➡ body: <unique_name>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <unique_name>

Parameters

The <unique_name> can be 1-64 character(s) long and the following are allowed for naming: the elements of the English alphabet and numbers. Hyphen (-) and dot (.) are also accepted, except as last character.

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/HostName
- → body: room-switcher
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: room-switcher

8.15. Network Security

8.15.1. Enabling/Disabling the Ethernet Port

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/ETHERNET/<ethernet_port>/Enabled ➡ body: <status>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <status>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| <ethernet_port></ethernet_port> | Ethernet port number | P1-P5* |
| <status></status> | The port is disabled. | false |
| | The port is enabled. | true |

*The UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 model has four Ethernet ports.

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/ETHERNET/P4/Enabled → body: false
- ← status-line: 200 OK false + body:

8.15.2. Querying the Network Service Port Number

Request and Response #http #https

- ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>/Port
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- ← body: <port_num>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| <port></port> | Port type | HTTP |
| <port_num></port_num> | Port number | 80 / 44 |

Example

request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP/Port

+ status-line: 200 OK

+ body: 80 104

Parameter values

Parameter values /HTTPS/LW3/SERIAL1/SERIAL2 43 / 6107 / 8001 / 8002

8.15.3. Enabling/Disabling the Network Service Port

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>/Enabled
- → body: <status>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <status>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| <port></port> | Port type | HTTP / HTTPS |
| <status></status> | The port is enabled. | true |
| | The port is disabled. | false |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP/Enabled
- → body: false
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

8.15.4. Querying the Username for Authentication

INFO: UCX-TPN series deal with one user for authentication and the username (admin) can not be changed.

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1/Name
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- admin + body:

Example

- ➡ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1/Name
- status-line: 200 OK
- + body: admin

8.15.5. Setting a Password for Authentication

ATTENTION! The minimum character requirement for the password is 10 characters, and it can contain any UTF-8 character.

INFO: Due to security reasons, the password is not stored in any property, so it can not be queried. No password is set by default, setting a password before authorizing the authentication is necessary.

Request and Response #password

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1/setPassword
- → body: <password>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <password>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Value description |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| <password></password> | | min. character length: 10 max. character length: 100 accepted characters: UTF-8 characters |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1/setPassword
- #password12 → body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: #password12

8.15.6. Enabling the Authentication

INFO: Set the password before enabling the authentication, because no password is set by default. Restarting the HTTP(S) services is required to apply the authentication settings.

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST-http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>/AuthenticationEnabled
- → body: <status>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <status>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| <port></port> | Port type | HTTP / HTTPS |
| | Authentication enabled | true |
| <status></status> | Authentication disabled | false |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP/AuthenticationEnabled
- → body: false
- status-line: 200 OK
- + body: false

8.16. Serial Port Configuration

INFO: Port numbering can be found in the Port Numbering section.

8.16.1. BAUD Rate Setting

Request and Response #rs-232 #rs232

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/Baudrate
- → body: <baudrate>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- <baudrate> + body:

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2 |
| <baudrate></baudrate> | Baud rate value | 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200 |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1/Baudrate → body: 19200
- + status-line: 200 OK + body: 19200

8.16.2. Stop Bits Setting

- Request and Response #rs232 #rs-232 #serial
 - → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/StopBits
 - → body: <stopbits>
 - ← status-line: 200 OK
 - + body: <stopbits>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P: |
| <stopbits></stopbits> | Stop bit value | 1 2 |

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Parameter values

Parameter values P1-P2

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1/StopBits
- ➡ body:
- ← status-line: 200 OK

1

← body: 1

8.16.3. Querying the Data Bits

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/DataBits
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- + body: <databits>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2 |
| <databits></databits> | DataBits value | 8 9 |

Example

- ➡ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1/DataBits
- ← status-line: 200 OK 8
- + body:

8.16.4. Parity Setting

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/Parity
- ➡ body: <parity>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <parity>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2 |
| <parity></parity> | Parity value | None Odd Even |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1/Parity
- → body: None
- + status-line: 200 OK + body: None

8.16.5. Querying the Serial over IP Port Number

Request and Response

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/SERIALOVERIP/Port
- ← status-line: 200·OK
- ← body: <port_nr>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2; 1 |
| <port_nr></port_nr> | Serial over IP port number | 8001 8002 |

Example

➡ request-line: GET http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1/SERIALOVERIP/Port

← status-line: 200 OK

+ body: 8001

8.16.6. Enabling the Serial over IP Port

Request and Response #rs232 #rs-232 #serial

- → request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/SERIALOVERIP/Enabled
- ➡ body: <state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <state>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2; 1 |
| <state></state> | | true |
| | | false |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1/SERIALOVERIP/Enabled → body: false
- + status-line: 200 OK + body: false

8.17. Serial Port Messaging

8.17.1. Sending a Message via RS-232

ATTENTION! Serial message sending is implemented only via Lightware REST API. This function is not available with LW3 protocol command. #message

Request and Response

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/send
- → body: <message>
- ← status-line: 200 OK

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2; 1 | | |
| <message></message> | Serial message | Any format is acceptable (text, binary, hexadecimal etc.), maximum message size is 100K. Escaping is unnecessary. | | |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1/send
- → body: PWR0
- + status-line: 200 OK

The 'PWR0' message is sent out via the P1 serial port.

INFO: Taurus can receive a serial message in a special way. When a message is sent from the Taurus, the response from the connected device is accepted within 100 ms. The communication is closed after that time interval.

8.18. GPIO Port Configuration

8.18.1. Setting the Direction of a GPIO Pin **Request and Response**

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/<port>/Direction → body: <dir>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <dir>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | Value description |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| <dir></dir> | The direction of the GPIO pin. | Input | input |
| | | Output | output |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1/Direction → body: Input
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: Input

8.18.2. Setting the Output Level of a GPIO Pin

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/<port>/Output
- → body: <state>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: <state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | Value description |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| <value></value> | The output value of the GPIO pin. | High | high level |
| | | Low | low level |

Example

- ➡ request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1/Output
- → body: High
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body: High

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8.18.3. Setting the Output Level for a Specified Time

Request and Response

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>/interval
- → body: <value>;<time>
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- ← body: <value>;<time>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | Value description |
|-----------------|---|-------|-------------------|
| <value></value> | The output value of the GPIO pin. | High | high level |
| | | Low | low level |
| <time></time> | Duration of the desired value in seconds. | 1-120 | second(s) |

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1/interval
- → body: Low;1
- + status-line: 200 OK
- + body:

8.18.4. Toggling the Level of a GPIO Pin

OK

The output level can be changed from high to low and from low to high with the command below.

Request and Response

➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>/toggle

INFO: The body has to be empty, and the content type should be text/plain.

- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

Example

- → request-line: POST http://192.168.0.50/api/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1/toggle
- ← status-line: 200 OK
- + body: OK

8.19. Updating the Device via REST API

8.19.1. Querying the Update REST API Version

Request and Response

- ➡ request: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/Version
- response: <standard_response>
- + body: <major> <minor>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---|---|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| <ip></ip> | The IP address of the device separated with dots. | | e.g.: 192.168.0.110 |
| <standard_response></standard_response> | Standard HTTP response | 200 OK | The request has succeeded. |
| | | 400 Bad request | The request cannot be processed. |
| <major></major> | REST API major version number | | |
| <minor></minor> | REST API minor version number | | |

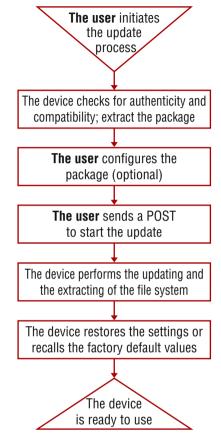
Example

| ➡ request: | GET http://192.168.0.110/api/V1/MANAGEN |
|---|---|
| ← response:← body: | |

MENT/UPDATE/Version

8.19.2. The Updating Process

The API allows the device to update itself with an **LFP2** FW package. This new approach means there is no need to run a software on the connected PC (in case of LDU2) for updating the Lightware device.



The Updating Process

The Updating Steps

- 1. The User uploads the package to a dedicated URL.
 - The package is being unpacked during the uploading process.
 - The package is checked by the device to see if they are compatible with each other.
- 2. The User can set the uploaded package.
 - The factory default settings can be recalled (this is the default setting of the package) or the current settings of the device can be restored (optional).
- 3. The User starts the self-updating process by sending a POST method.
 - The device performs the operations in connection with the update (e.g. file system replacement).
 - The device restores the previous settings to the new system, if it was set to.
- 4. The device is ready to use.

8.19.3. Uploading the Package

This step may take up to one or two minutes to finish as the size of the LFP2 package is approx. 100-150 MB (depends on the device and FW version).

Request and Response

| → request: | POST·http:// <ip host="">/api/V1/MANA</ip> |
|-----------------|--|
| ➡ body: | <lfp2 file=""></lfp2> |
| ➡ content-type: | application/octet-stream |

- response: <standard_response>
- ← body: <message>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|
| <ip host=""></ip> | The IP address or the host name of the device. | | e.g.: 192.168.0.110, myDevice |
| <standard_response></standard_response> | Standard HTTP response | 200 OK | <message>: OK The request has succeeded; the whole package is extracted and the basic checks are done.</message> |
| | | 400 Bad request | <pre><message>: Package incompatible: Incompatible partnumber: [] The request cannot be processed; error during the uploading/checking. e.g. the package is not compatible with the device. The <message> is in text/plain format.</message></message></pre> |
| | | 500 Internal Server Error | <message>: Socket timeout The package uploading was not successful. Please try it again.</message> |

Example

| | POST http://192.168.0.110/api/V1/MANAGE (the LFP2 file) |
|-------------|---|
| + response: | 200 OK |

+ body: OK

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8.19.4. Configuration Parameters – Keep the Current Settings

This is an optional step that allows keeping the current settings of the device. The default setting of an update is to recall the factory default values. If you want to keep the current settings of the device, delete the 'dofactoryreset' file from the uploaded package as follows:

Request and Response

- DELETE-http://<ip/host>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/CONFIG/dofactoryreset ➡ request:
- response: <standard_response>
- ← body: <message>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| <ip host=""></ip> | The IP address or the host name of the device. | | e.g.: 192.168.0.110, myDevice |
| <standard_response></standard_response> | Standard HTTP response | 200 OK | "Deleted" |
| | | 405 Method not allowed | LFP2 package was not uploaded to the device. |
| | | 500 Internal Server Error | The file does not exist in the uploaded package (e.g. it was deleted previously). Continue the update process. |

Example

DELETE http://192.168.0.110/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/CONFIG/dofactoryreset ➡ request:

- ← response: 200 OK
- + body: Deleted

8.19.5. Executing the Update

The command is for installing the uploaded package in place of the current system. This step may take up to 7 minutes.

Request and Response

➡ request:

→ body:

- POST·http://<ip/host>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/update <payload>
- ➡ content-type: text/plain
- response: <standard_response>
- + body: <message>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---|--|-----------------|---|
| <ip host=""></ip> | The IP address or the host name of the device. | | e.g.: 192.168.0.110, myDevice |
| <payload></payload> | optional | force | The update can be forced to run in Package incompatible error state, but the security check cannot be bypassed (Package untrusted state). |
| <standard_response></standard_response> | Standard HTTP response | 200 OK | The request has succeeded; the update process finished successfully. |
| | | 400 Bad request | The request cannot be processed. it may happen that the uploaded package is not compatible with the device (Package incompatible error state) and the force payload was not used. |

ATTENTION! Please note that running a **forced update** can make the device inoperable.

Example

- → request: POST http://192.168.0.110/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/update
- ← response: 200 OK
- + body: OK

When the 'force' payload is used:

- → request: POST http://192.168.0.110/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/update
- → body: force
- RAW (JSON) ➡ content-type:
- ← response: 200 OK
- + body: OK

8.19.6. Querying the State of the Updating Process

This command is for querying the current state of the updating process.

Request and Response

- ➡ request: GET·http://<ip/host>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/Status
- response: <standard_response>
- ← body: <message>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|
| <ip host=""></ip> | The IP address or the host name of the device. | | e.g.: 192.168.0.110, myDevice |
| <standard_response></standard_response> | Standard HTTP response | 200 OK | The request has succeeded. <message> states: Idle: not active, update has not started yet. Package uploading: updating and checking is in progress. Package ready: uploading is done, checking is successful.</message> |
| | | 400 Bad Request | The request cannot be processed. <message> states: Package incompatible: the uploaded package is not compatible with the device. Package untrusted: the uploaded package is not secure. Failed: the update is not successful.</message> |

INFO: Please note that while the new firmware is being programmed in the device, it cannot send a response for a request. Thus the current state cannot be requested either.

After the firmware update is finished successfully, the device would send the 'Idle' response when requesting its status with this command.

Example

- → request: GET http://192.168.0.110/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/Status
- ← response: 200 OK

+ body: Package uploading

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System Commands

Setting the Device Label

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/LABEL/DeviceLabel
- → body: <custom name>

Resetting the Device

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>/restart
- **Restoring the Factory Default Settings**
 - → request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>/factoryDefaults

Querying the Firmware Package Version

➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UID/PACKAGE/Version

Control Lock

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/ControlLock
- → body: <lock_status>

Setting the Current Time

➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/DATETIME/setTime

Identifying the Device

➡ request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/identifyMe

Toggling the Dark Mode Setting

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE/Enable
- → body: <mode_state>

Setting the Delay of the Dark Mode

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE/Delay
- → body: <delay_time>

Video Port Settings - General

Switching the Video Input

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switch
- → body: <in>:<out>

Switching an Input to All Outputs

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/switchAll
- → body: <in>

Locking the Video Port

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>/Lock
- ➡ body: <locked state>

Muting the Video Port

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>/Mute
- → body: <muted state>

Setting the Autoselect Policy

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/Policy
- → body: <autoselect mode>

Changing the Autoselect-Included Input Ports

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>/Included
- → body: <state>
- **Changing the Input Port Priority**
 - → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>/Priority
 - ➡ body: <prio num>

Querving the Connected Source

- → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>/ConnectedSource
- Querying the Connected Destinations
 - ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<in>/ConnectedDestinations
- Querying the Input Switching Capability
 - → request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>/SWITCHABLE/<in>

Query the Video Signal Presence

➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/SignalPresent

HDCP Setting (Input Port)

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/HDCP/AllowedHdcpVersion → body: <allowed hdcp>

HdcpMode

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/HdcpMode
- → body: <hdcp mode>

Querving the Embedded Audio Presence

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/EmbeddedAudioPresent

Muting the Embedded Audio

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/EmbeddedAudioMute
- → body: <mute state>

→ body: <current_time>

Setting the Output Signal Type

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/OutputSignalType
- → body: <signal_type>

Turning on Output 5V

- ➡ reguest-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/Output5VMode
- → body: <5V_pwr>

Welcome Screen Settings

Displaying the Welcome Screen Image

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/ImageEnabled
- → body: <image_state>

Displaying the Welcome Screen Text

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/MessageEnabled
- → body: <text state>

Setting the Welcome Screen Text

- ➡ request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/MessageText
- → body: <text>

Resetting the Welcome Screen Image

→ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN/resetImage

Video Port Settings - USB-C Related Commands

Restarting the Link Training

→ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/DP/restartLinkTraining

CEC Command Sending

Simple CEC Code Sending

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/CEC/send
- → body: <command>·

Remote Control Code Sending

- → request-line: POST-http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/CEC/sendUserControlClick
- → body: <command>·

Audio Port Settings

Switching the Audio Input

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/switch
- → body: <audio in>:03·

Querying the Connected Source

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/03/ConnectedSource

Querying the Connected Destinations

➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_in>/ConnectedDestinations

Setting the Autoselect Operation Mode

→ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03/Policy → body: <op_mode>

Setting the Followed Video Port to Autoselect

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03/VideoFollowPort
- → body: <out>

Locking the Audio Port

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>/Lock
- <locked state> ➡ body:

Muting the Audio Port 1.

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>/Mute
- → body: <muted state>

Muting the Audio Port 2.

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03/Mute
- → body: <muted state>

Querying the Audio Signal Presence

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/<audio_port>/SignalPresent

Analog Audio Output Volume (dB) Setting

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4/VolumedB
- → body: <level>

Analog Audio Output Volume Percent Setting

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04/VolumePercent
- ➡ body: <percent>

Setting the Balance

➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4/Balance → body: <level>

Analog Audio Output Level Setting by Steps (dB)

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4/stepVolumedB
- → body: <step>

Analog Audio Output Level Setting by Steps in Percent

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4/stepVolumePercent
- → body: <step>

Analog Audio Output Balance Setting by Steps

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4/stepBalance
- → body: <step>

USB Port Settings

Switching the USB Input

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/switch<host>/H1
- → bodv: <host>:H1

Querying the Connected Source

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/H1/ConnectedSource

Querying the Connected Destinations

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/<host>/ConnectedDestinations

Locking the USB Port

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/<usb_port>/Lock
- → body: <locked state>

Setting the 5V Sending to the USB Peripherals

- → reguest-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/H1/<device_id>/Power5VMode
- → body: <device_pwr>

Setting the USB Autoselect Policy

- → request-line: POST http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/Policy
- → body: <op_mode>

Setting the Followed Video Port to Autoselect

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/VideoFollowPort
- → body: <out>

Changing the Autoselect Included USB Ports

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>/Included
- ➡ body: <state>

Changing the USB Port Priority

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>/Priority
- ➡ body: <prio_num>

USB Port Settings - USB-C Related Commands

Setting the USB-C Power

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/SYS/MB/USBCPOWER/PowerLimit
- → body: <power>

Setting the Displayport Alternate Mode Policy

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/DpAltModePolicy
- ➡ body: <dp_policy>

Querying the Host Alternate Mode Support

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/HostSupportsDpAltMode

Querying the Status of the Alternate Mode

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/ActiveAltMode

Querving the Port Data Role

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/ActivePortDataRole

Querying the Port Power Role

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/ActivePortPowerRole

Setting the Port Power Role

→ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>/PortPowerRoleSetting → body: ver role>

EDID Management

Querying the Emulated EDIDs

➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/EdidStatus

Querying the Validity of a Dynamic EDID

➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/D/D1/Validity

Querying the Preferred Resolution of a User EDID

➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/U/<user_edid>/PreferredResolution

Emulating an EDID to an Input Port

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/switch
- <source>:<destination> → body:

Emulating an EDID to All Input Ports

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/switchAll → body: <source>

Copying an EDID to User Memory

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/copy
- → body: <source>:<destination>

Deleting an EDID from User Memory

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/delete
- → body: <user_edid>

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Resetting the Emulated EDIDs

→ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/EDID/reset

Ethernet Port Configuration

Setting the DHCP State

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/DhcpEnabled
- → body: <dhcp_status>

Changing the IP Address (Static)

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticlpAddress
- → body: <IP address>

Changing the Subnet Mask (Static)

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticNetworkMask
- → body: <netmask>

Changing the Gateway Address (Static)

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/StaticGatewayAddress
- → body: <gw_address>

Applying the Network Settings

➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/applySettings

Setting the Hostname

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/HostName
- → body: <unique_name>

Network Security

Enabling/Disabling the Ethernet Port

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/ETHERNET/<ethernet_port>/Enabled
- → body: <status>

Querying the Network Service Port Number

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>/Port

Enabling/Disabling the Network Service Port

- ➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>/Enabled
- → body: <status>

Querying the Username for Authentication

➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1/Name

Setting a Password for Authentication

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1/setPassword
- ➡ body: <password>

Enabling the Authentication

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>/ AuthenticationEnabled
- → body: <status>

Serial Port Configuration

BAUD Rate Setting

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/Baudrate
- → body: <baudrate>

Stop Bits Setting

- → request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/StopBits
- → body: <stopbits>

Ouerving the Data Bits

➡ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/DataBits

Parity Setting

➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/Parity → body: <parity>

Querying the Serial over IP Port Number

→ request-line: GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/SERIALOVERIP/Port

Enabling the Serial over IP Port

→ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/SERIALOVERIP/Enabled → body: <state>

Serial Port Messaging

Sending a Message via RS-232

- ➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>/send
- → body: <message>

GPIO Port Configuration

Setting the Direction of a GPIO Pin

➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>/Direction → body: <dir>

Setting the Output Level of a GPIO Pin

→ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>/Output → body: <state>

Setting the Output Level for a Specified Time

➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>/interval → body: <value>;<time>

Toggling the Level of a GPIO Pin

➡ request-line: POST·http://<ip>/api/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/<port>/toggle

Updating the Device via REST API

GET·http://<ip>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/Version → request:

Uploading the Package

- ➡ request: POST·http://<ip/host>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/Package <LFP2 file>
- → body:
- ➡ content-type: application/octet-stream

Configuration Parameters – Keep the Current Settings

→ request: DELETE-http://<ip/host>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/CONFIG/dofactoryreset

Executing the Update

- ➡ request: POST·http://<ip/host>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/update
- → body: <payload>
- text/plain ➡ content-type:

Querying the State of the Updating Process

➡ request: GET·http://<ip/host>/api/V1/MANAGEMENT/UPDATE/Status





LW3 Programmers' Reference

The device can be controlled through Lightware 3 (LW3) protocol commands to ensure the compatibility with other Lightware products. The supported LW3 commands are described in this chapter.

- OVERVIEW
- ► INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE TERMINAL APPLICATION USAGE
- ▶ WEBSOCKET (WS) OR SECURED WEBSOCKET (WSS) USAGE
- PROTOCOL RULES
- SYSTEM COMMANDS
- ► VIDEO PORT SETTINGS GENERAL
- ► WELCOME SCREEN SETTINGS
- ► VIDEO PORT SETTINGS USB-C RELATED COMMANDS
- ► CEC COMMAND SENDING
- AUDIO PORT SETTINGS
- ► USB PORT SETTINGS
- ► USB PORT SETTINGS USB-C RELATED COMMANDS
- EDID MANAGEMENT
- ETHERNET PORT CONFIGURATION
- NETWORK SECURITY
- SERIAL PORT CONFIGURATION
- SENDING A MESSAGE VIA RS-232
- ► GPIO PORT CONFIGURATION
- LW3 COMMANDS QUICK SUMMARY

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9.1. Overview

The Lightware Protocol #3 (LW3) is implemented in almost all new Lightware devices (matrix switchers, signal extenders and distribution amplifiers) since 2012. The protocol is ASCII-based and all commands are terminated with a carriage return (Cr, '\r') and line feed (Lf, '\n') pair. It is organized as a tree structure that provides outstanding flexibility and user-friendly handling with 'nodes', 'properties' and 'methods'. The Advanced View of the Lightware Device Controller software is the perfect tool for browsing and learning how the LW3 protocol can be used in practice.

9.2. Instructions for the Terminal Application Usage

Terminal Application

The LW3 protocol commands can be applied to the receiver using a terminal application. You need to install one of them on your control device, for example Putty or CLI. #terminal

Establishing Connection

Follow the steps to establish connection to the receiver:

- **Step 1.** Connect the receiver to a LAN over Ethernet.
- Step 2. Open the terminal application (e.g. Putty).
- Step 3. Add the IP address of the device (default: 192.168.0.100) and the port number (6107).
- **Step 4.** Select the **Raw** connection type, and open the connection.

Once the terminal window is opened, you can enter the LW3 protocol commands, which are listed in the following sections.



LW3 protocol command communication in a terminal window

| Appearance Load, save or delete a stored session Translation Saved Sessions Translation Default Settings Connection Default Settings Proxy Tehret Rlogin Default Settings | □ Terminal Host Name (or IP address) Port □ Keyboard [5109] [6109] □ Features Image: Second connection type: Image: Second connection type: □ Window Image: Second connection type: Image: Second connection type: □ Pertures Image: Second connection type: Image: Second connection type: □ Pertures Image: Second connection type: Image: Second connection type: □ Pertures Image: Second connection type: Image: Second connection type: □ Pertures Image: Second connection type: Image: Second connection type: □ Connection Saved Sessions Image: Second connection type: □ Connection Image: Second connection Image: Second connection type: □ Connection Image: Second connection Image: Second connection Image: Second connection □ Default Settings Image: Second connection Image: Second connection Image: Second connection □ Default Settings Image: Second connection Image: Second connection Image: Second connection □ Default Settings </th <th>ategory:</th> <th>Basic options fo</th> <th>r your PuTTY session</th> | ategory: | Basic options fo | r your PuTTY session |
|--|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Features Connection type: Appearance Behaviour Translation Colours Connection Data Proxy Telnet Riogin Refault Selection Default Settings Load Saye Default Settings Setting Seting Seting Setting Setting Seting Setting | Features Connection type: ● Window ● Raw Ielnet Rlogin SSH Serial ● Window ● Raw Ielnet Rlogin SSH Serial ● Connection Saved Sessions Ielnet Ielnet <td< td=""><td>⊡ ·· Terminal ··· Keyboard</td><td>Host Name (or IP address</td><td>s) <u>P</u>ort</td></td<> | ⊡ ·· Terminal ··· Keyboard | Host Name (or IP address | s) <u>P</u> ort |
| Behaviour Load, save or delete a stored session Translation Saved Sessions Selection | Behaviour Load, save or delete a stored session Translation Saved Sessions Colours Default Settings Connection Load Proxy Telnet Rlogin SsH Serial Close window on exit: | Features ⊡ • Window | |) Rlogin () <u>S</u> SH () Serial |
| Connection Default Settings Load Saye Proxy Telnet Rlogin | Connection Data Proxy Telnet Rlogin SSH Serial Close window on exit: | Behaviour Translation | | ored session |
| - Proxy - Telnet - Rlogin | Save Save Save Delete Delete Delete SSH Serial Close window on exit: | | Default Settings | - |
| | Serial Close window on exit: | Proxy Telnet | | |
| Serial Close window on exit: | | 1 | | Only on clean exit |

9.3. Websocket (WS) or Secured Websocket (WSS) Usage

UCX-TPN series switcher transmitter provides WS/WSS services on its 80 (for WS) and 443 (for WSS) ports to control the device with LW3 protocol commands. For more details about the websocket, see the 802.1x Authentication section.

The LW3 node tree is available after opening a session with the device on the following path:

- ws://<ip>/lw3
- wss://<ip>/lw3

WebSocket Client Application

Establishing Connection

| Follow switch | the steps to establish connection to the er: | ← ⊢ Se |
|------------------|--|-----------|
| Step 1. | Connect the receiver to a LAN over Ethernet. | |
| Step 2. | Open the websocket client (e.g. Simple websocket Client). | |
| Step 3. | Add the IP address of the device (default: DHCP): ws:// <ip>/lw3 or wss://<ip>/lw3</ip></ip> | |
| Step 4. | Press the open/connect button. | S |
| Step 5. | Once connected, enter a message and press the Send button. | |
| Step 6. | Press the Close/Disconnect button to end the session. | |

| | Simple Web Socket Client × + | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------|-------|--|
| \leftarrow | \rightarrow | C | 0 | د Kiegészítő …et Client) | moz-extension://ffc1547b-a216-4a40-b5ad-9c9ddeం ర్లో | \bigtriangledown | \pm | |
| UF Sta | L: WS | Location - s://192.168 PENED | 1.0.114/lw | 3 Close | | | | |
| | | | /VIDEO/ | XP:switch(I1:01) | | | | |

| vss:// <ip>/lw3</ip> | |
|----------------------|------|
| utton. | Send |

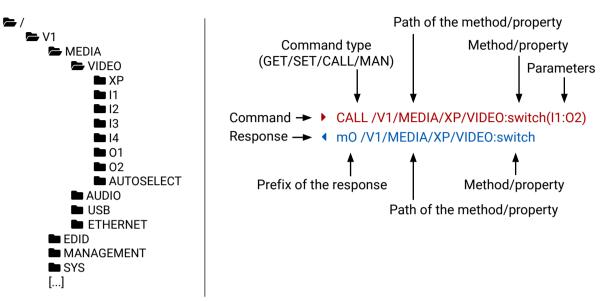
Iessage Log Clear

[Shortcut] Ctr + Enter ALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(I1:01

mO /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch=

9.4. Protocol Rules

9.4.1. LW3 Tree Structure and Command Structure (examples)



9.4.3. Legend for the Control Commands

Command and Response – Example

- ▶ GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I2.SignalPresent
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I2.SignalPresent=<signal_present>

| Format | D |
|---------------------------|--|
| <in></in> | Input port number |
| <out></out> | Output port number |
| <port></port> | Input or output port number |
| <loc></loc> | Location number |
| <parameter></parameter> | Specific parameter defined and descr |
| <expression></expression> | Batched parameters: the underline me be placed by using a semicolon, e.g. |
| • | Sent command |
| • | Received response |
| • | Space character |
| | |

Further not listed <parameters> are defined at each command.

9.4.2. General Rules

- All names and parameters are case-sensitive.
- The nodes are separated by a slash ('/') character. .
- The node name can contain the elements of the English alphabet and numbers. .
- The command lines have to be closed by Carriage return and Line Feed (CrLf). .
- Use the TCP port no. 6107 when using LW3 protocol over Ethernet. .
- The length of a line (command/response, command type / prefix, path, method/property and parameters together) can be max. 800 bytes.
- When a command is issued by the device, the received response cannot be processed by the CPU.
- The node paths describe the exact location of the node, listing each parent node up to the root.

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Description

cribed in the command neans that more expressions or parameters can 12;14;15 or F27:E1;F47:E2

9.4.4. Command Types

GET command

The **GET** command can be used to get the child nodes, properties and methods of a specific node. It can also be used to get the value of a property. Use the dot character (.) when addressing a property:

- GET /V1/.SerialNumber
- pr /V1/.SerialNumber=87654321

GETALL command

The **GETALL** command can be used to get all child nodes, properties and methods of a node with one command.

- GETALL /V1/MEDIA/UART
- ns /V1/MEDIA/UART/RECOGNIZER
- ns /V1/MEDIA/UART/P1
- ns /V1/MEDIA/UART/P2
- pr /V1/MEDIA/UART.PortCount=2
- pr /V1/MEDIA/UART.PortUi=P1:12209;P2:12224
- pr /V1/MEDIA/UART.P1=Local RS-232
- pr /V1/MEDIA/UART.P2=TPS in RS-232

SET command

The **SET** command can be used to modify the value of a property. Use the dot character (.) when addressing the property:

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.TpgPattern=CYCLE
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.TpgPattern=CYCLE

CALL command

A method can be invoked by the CALL command. Use the colon character (:) when addressing the method:

- CALL /V1/EDID:switchAll(F49)
- MO /V1/EDID:switchAll

MAN command

The manual is a human readable text that describes the syntax and provides a hint for how to use the primitives. For every node, property and method in the tree there is a manual, type the MAN command to get the manual:

- MAN /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Pwr5vMode
- m /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Pwr5vMode ["0" | "1" | "2"] 0 Auto, 1 Always On, 2 Always Off

9.4.5. Prefix Summary

DEFINITION: The prefix is a two-character long code that describes the type of the response. The following prefixes are defined in the LW3 protocol:

| Prefix | Description | Prefix | Description | | | |
|--------|---------------------------|--------|---|--|--|--|
| n- | a node | nr | remote node | | | |
| nE | an error for a node | pm | a manual for the property | | | |
| nm | a manual for a node | m- | a method | | | |
| pr | a read-only property | m0 | a response after a success method execution | | | |
| pw | read-write property | mF | a response after a failed method execution | | | |
| рE | an error for the property | mE | an error for a method | | | |
| ns | symlink node | mm | a manual for a method | | | |
| nv | virtual node | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

9.4.6. Error Messages

There are several error messages defined in the LW3 protocol, all of them have a unique error number.

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:lock(IA)
- mE /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:lock %E002:Not exist

9.4.7. Escaping

DEFINITION: An escape sequence is a sequence of characters that does not represent itself when used inside a character or string literal, but is translated into another character or a sequence of characters.

Property values and method parameters can contain characters that are used as control characters in the protocol. They must be escaped. The escape character is the backslash ('\') and escaping means injecting a backslash before the character that should be escaped (like in C language).

Control characters are the following: \ { } # % () \r \n \t

| The original message: | CALL /V1/MEDIA/UART/P1:sen |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| The escaped message: | CALL /V1/MEDIA/UART/P1:sen |

ndMessage(Set(01)) ndMessage(Set\(01\))

9.4.8. Signature

DEFINITION: The signature is a four-digit-long hexadecimal value that can be optionally placed before every command to keep a command and the corresponding responses together as a group.

Each line is terminated with carriage return (Cr, '\r') and line feed (Lf, '\n') characters. In several cases the number of the lines in the response cannot be determined in advance, e.g. the client intends to receive the whole response and also wants to be sure that the received lines belong together and to the same command. In these cases, a special feature, the 'signature' can be used. The response to that particular command will also be preceded by the signature, and the corresponding lines will be between brackets:

- 1700#GET /V1/EDID.*
- {1700
- pr /V1/EDID.EdidStatus=F47:E1;F47:E2
- m-/V1/EDID:copy
- m- /V1/EDID:delete
- m- /V1/EDID:reset
- m- /V1/EDID:switch
- m- /V1/EDID:switchAll
- }

INFO: The lines of the signature are also Cr and Lf terminated.

9.4.9. Subscription

DEFINITION: Subscription to a node means that the user will get a notification if a property of the node changes.

A user can subscribe to any node. These notifications are asynchronous messages and are useful to keep the client application up to date, without having to periodically poll the node to detect a changed property. When the user does not want to be informed about the changes anymore, he can simply unsubscribe from the node.

ATTENTION! The subscriptions are handled separately for connections. Hence, if the connection is terminated, all registered subscriptions are deleted. After reopening a connection all subscribe commands have to be sent in order to get the notifications of the changes on that connection.

Subscribe to a Node

- OPEN /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO
- o- /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO

Unsubscribe from a Node

- CLOSE /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO
- c- /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO

Subscribe to Multiple Nodes

- OPEN /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/*
- o- /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/*

Unsubscribe from Multiple Nodes

- CLOSE /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/*
- c- /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/*

Get the Active Subscriptions

- OPEN
- o- /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO
- o- /V1/EDID
- o- /V1/DISCOVERY

9.4.10. Notifications about the Changes of the Properties

When the value of a property is changed and the user is subscribed to the that which the property belongs to, an asynchronous notification is generated. This notification is called the 'change message'. The format of such a message is very similar to the response for the GET command:

CHG /V1/EDID.EdidStatus=F48:E1

A Short Example of How to Use the Subscription

There are two independent users controlling the device through two independent connections (Connection #1 and Connection #2). The events in the rows occur after each other.

OPEN /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03 o- /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03 GET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent • pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/ 03.VolumePercent=100.00 GET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent • pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/ 03.VolumePercent=100.00 SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/ 03.VolumePercent=50.00 • pw/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent=50.00 CHG /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/ 03.VolumePercent=50.00

The first user (Connection #1) set a subscription to a node. Later the other user (Connection #2) made a change, and thanks to the subscription, the first user got a notification about the change.

connection #1

connection #2

connection #1

9.5. System Commands

9.5.1. Setting the Device Label

INFO: The device label can be changed to a custom text in the Status or Network tabs respectively of the LDC software.

Command and Response #devicelabel #label

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/LABEL.DeviceLabel=<custom name>
- ✓ pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/LABEL.DeviceLabel=<custom_name>

The Device Label can be 49 characters long and ASCII characters are allowed. Longer names are truncated.

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/LABEL.DeviceLabel=UCX Conference room1
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/LABEL.DeviceLabel=UCX Conference room1

9.5.2. Resetting the Device

The device can be restarted – the current connections will be terminated.

INFO: Please use TX or RX after the DEVICES node depending on which device is to be reset.

Command and Response #reboot #restart

- CALL·/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>:restart()
- MO·/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>:restart=

Example

- CALL /V1/SYS/DEVICES/TX:restart()
- MO /V1/SYS/DEVICES/TX:restart=

9.5.3. Restoring the Factory Default Settings

INFO: Please use TX or RX after the DEVICES node depending on which device is to be restored to factory default settings.

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>:factoryDefaults()
- ◀ mO·/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>:factoryDefaults=

Example

- CALL /V1/SYS/DEVICES/TX:factoryDefaults()
- mO /V1/SYS/DEVICES/TX:factoryDefaults=

The device is restarted, current connections are terminated, and the default settings are restored. See the complete list in the Factory Default Settings section.

#factory

9.5.4. Querying the Firmware Package Version

Command and Response #firmwareversion

- GET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UID/PACKAGE.Version
- pr·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UID/PACKAGE.Version=<firmware version>

Example

- GET V1/MANAGEMENT/UID/PACKAGE.Version
- pr /V1/MANAGEMENT/UID/PACKAGE.Version=1.0.0b2

9.5.5. Control Lock

Enable/disable the operation of the front panel buttons.

Command and Response #lockbutton #buttonlock

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=<lock_status>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=<lock_status>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| <lock_status></lock_status> | Front panel button | None | All functio |
| | locking status | Locked | The front p by button o |
| | | Force locked | The front p unlocked b Status tab |

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=force locked
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=force locked

9.5.6. Setting the Current Time

Command and Response #time

- CALL:/V1/MANAGEMENT/DATETIME:setTime(<current_time>)
- mO·/V1/MANAGEMENT/DATETIME:setTime=

Parameters

<current time>: The new router time in ISO 8601 date time format.

Example

- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/DATETIME:setTime(2020-11-01T04:39:54.000Z)
- MO /V1/MANAGEMENT/DATETIME:setTime=

Value description

ons of the front panel button are enabled.

panel buttons are locked and can be unlocked combination (Control Lock).

panel buttons are locked and cannot be by button combination, only in LDC (on the b) or using the LW3 command.

9.5.7. Identifying the Device

Calling the method makes the status LEDs blink for 10 seconds. The feature helps find the device physically.

Command and Response *#identifyme*

- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI:identifyMe()
- m0 /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI:identifyMe=

Example

- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI:identifyMe()
- m0 /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI:identifyMe=

9.5.8. Toggling the Dark Mode Setting

The LEDs of the device can be switched off if their light could be annoying. In Dark mode, all LEDs are switched off, except for the LEDs of the RJ45 connectors. #darkmode

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Enable=<mode_state>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Enable=<mode state>

Parameters

If the <mode_state> parameter is true (or 1), the Dark mode function is enabled, if the parameter is false (or 0), the function is disabled.

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Enable=true
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Enable=true

9.5.9. Setting the Delay of the Dark Mode Setting

The Dark mode can be enabled right away, or after a certain time. Thus, the mode is enabled if no buttons are pressed for a while. Pressing any button brings back the status info on the LEDs without performing the function of the button itself. The delay time can be set by this command.

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Delay=<delay_time>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Delay=<delay_time>

Parameters

The <delay_time> parameter means seconds, and the default value is 60. If set to 0, no delay is applied, and the Dark mode can be enabled immediately by the DarkModeEnable property. This delay affects the wakeFromDarkMode method as well.

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Delay=10
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Delay=10

9.6. Video Port Settings - General

9.6.1. Switching Video Input

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(<in>:<out>)
- m0·/V1/MEDIA/VIDE0/XP:switch=

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(I5:01)
- MO /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch=

INFO: When using the '0' value as an input, the input will be disconnected and no signal will appear on the output.

ATTENTION! Video crosspoint has a limitation: 11 and 15 ports are not available at the same time, only one of them can be selected to any output. When one of the outputs is switched to 11 or 15, the other output can not be switched to 11 or 15. In this case the switch command returns an error message.

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/01.ConnectedSource
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/01.ConnectedSource=I5
- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02.ConnectedSource
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02.ConnectedSource=I5
- CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(I1:01)
- mE /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch %E006: Illegal operation

9.6.2. Switching an Input to All Outputs

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switchAll(<input>)
- mO·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switchAll=

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switchAll(I1)
- MO /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switchAll=

9.6.3. Locking the Video Port

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>.Lock=<locked_state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>.Lock=<locked_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|----------------------|
| <locked_state></locked_state> | Locked state | true | The port is locked |
| | | false | The port is unlocked |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2.Lock=false
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2.Lock=false

9.6.4. Muting the Video Port

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>.Mute=<muted_state>
- ✓ pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>.Mute=<muted_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| <muted_state></muted_state> | Muted state | true | The port is locked. |
| | | false | The port is unlocked. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2.Mute=false
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I2.Mute=false

9.6.5. Setting the Autoselect Policy

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>.Policy=<autoselect_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| <autoselect_mode></autoselect_mode> | The autoselect policy | Off |
| | | Last Detect |
| | | First Detect |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02.Policy=First detect
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02.Policy=First detect

9.6.6. Changing the Autoselect Included Input Ports

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>.Included=<state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>.Included=<state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| <state> The chosen input is ignored in the</state> | true | The port is included in autoselect. | |
| | autoselect process or not. | false | The autoselect function ignores that port. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02/I1.Included=false
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02/I1.Included=false

Value description

The autoselect function is disabled.

It is always the last attached input that is automatically switched to the output.. The first active video input is selected.

9.6.7. Changing the Input Port Priority

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>.Priority=<prio_num>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>.Priority=<prio_num>

Parameters

The <prio> parameter means the priority number from 1 to 100, equal numbers are allowed. Inputs can have different priorities in relation to two or more outputs. Therefore, the output port number is part of the node path of input port priorities.

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02/I2.Priority=51
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/02/I2.Priority=51

9.6.8. Querying the Connected Source

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>.ConnectedSource
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>.ConnectedSource=<in>

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/03.ConnectedSource
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/03.ConnectedSource=I2

9.6.9. Querying the Input Switching Capability

Video crosspoint has a limitation: 11 or 15 ports can not be selected to any output at the same time. Busy value of the switchable property refers to the limitation.

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>/SWITCHABLE.<in>
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>/SWITCHABLE.<in>=<switchable_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------|---|
| <switchable_state></switchable_state> | _state> The chosen input can be switched to the output or not. | | The connection of the chosen input and output is allowed. |
| | | Busy | The chosen input can not be switched to the output. |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02/SWITCHABLE.I1
- pr /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02/SWITCHABLE.I1=Busy

9.6.10. Querying the Connected Destinations

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<n>.ConnectedDestinations
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<in>.ConnectedDestinations=<out>

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I3.ConnectedDestinations
- pr /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/I3.ConnectedDestinations=01;02

9.6.11. Querying the Video Signal Presence

Command and Response

- ► GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.SignalPresent
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.SignalPresent=<state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------|--|--------|----------------------------------|
| <state></state> | This property gives a feedback about | true | The video signal is present. |
| | the current signal presence of the port. | false | The video signal is not present. |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1.SignalPresent
- pr /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1.SignalPresent=false

9.6.12. HDCP Setting (Input Port)

HDCP capability can be set on the input ports, thus non-encrypted content can be seen on a non-HDCP compliant display. See more information in the HDCP Management section.

ATTENTION! HDCP 2.2 signal handling is limited to up to two input ports at the same time.

Command and Response #hdcp

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/HDCP.AllowedHdcpVersion=<allowed_hdcp>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/HDCP.AllowedHdcpVersion=<allowed_hdcp>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|-----------|----------------------------|----------|---|
| | The input port reports the | HDCP 1.4 | |
| | HDCP capability. | HDCP 2.2 | |
| | | Off | 1 |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1/HDCP.AllowedHdcpVersion=HDCP 1.4
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1/HDCP.AllowedHdcpVersion=HDCP 1.4

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Value description The input port reports HDCP 1.4 capability. The input port reports HDCP 2.2 capability. The input port reports non-HDCP compliance.

9.6.13. HdcpMode

HDCP capability can be set to Auto/Always on the output ports, thus non-encrypted content can be transmitted to a non-HDCP compliant display. See more information in the HDCP Management section.

Command and Response #hdcp

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>.HdcpMode=<hdcp_mode>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>.HdcpMode=<hdcp_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--|
| <hdcp_mode></hdcp_mode> | HDCP encryption setting on the output | Auto | The encryption is enabled on the output port if the signal on the input port is encrypted. |
| | port | Always | The outgoing signal is HDCP-encrypted. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/HDCP.HdcpMode=Auto
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/HDCP.HdcpMode=Auto

9.6.14. OutputSignalType

Command and Response #signaltype

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>.OutputSignalType=<signal_type>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>.OutputSignalType=<signal_type>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| <signal_type></signal_type> | Signal type setting | Auto | The outgoing signal type is HDMI. |
| | | DVI | The outgoing signal type is DVI. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.OutputSignalType=Auto
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.OutputSignalType=Auto

9.6.15. EmbeddedAudioPresent

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.EmbeddedAudioPresent
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.EmbeddedAudioPresent=<embedded_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------|------|
| <embedded_state></embedded_state> | It shows if the video | true | Ther |
| | contains audio or not. | false | Ther |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I2.EmbeddedAudioPresent
- pr /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I2.EmbeddedAudioPresent=false

9.6.16. EmbeddedAudioMute

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.EmbeddedAudioMute=<mute_state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.EmbeddedAudioMute=<mute_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| <mute_state> It shows if the</mute_state> | | true | The e |
| | embedded audio is muted or not. | false | The e |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.EmbeddedAudioMute=false
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.EmbeddedAudioMute=false

9.6.17. Output5VMode

The 5V power towards the sink can be enabled or disabled as follows:

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>.Output5VMode=<5V_pwr>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | Value description |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| <5V_pwr> | 5V power towards the sink | On | Enable 5V power on HDMI port |
| | | Off | Disable 5V power on HDMI port |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Output5VMode=On
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Output5VMode=On

Value description

re is embedded audio in the video signal. ere is no embedded audio in the video signal.

Value description

embedded audio is muted. embedded audio is unmuted.

9.6.18. HDCP Capability (Output Port)

HDCP capability of the connected sink device can be queried at each output port. See more information in the HDCP Management section.

Command and Response #hdcp

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/HDCP/SinkMaxHdcpVersion=<hdcp_ver>
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/HDCP/SinkMaxHdcpVersion=<hdcp_ver>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------|--|----------|--|
| <hdcp_ver></hdcp_ver> | The HDCP capabality is reported from the sink. | N/A | Sink is not connected or the HDCP-capability cannot be determined. |
| | | None | The connected sink is non-HDCP compliant. |
| | | HDCP 1.4 | The connected sink supports HDCP 1.4 capability. |
| | | HDCP 2.2 | The connected sink supports HDCP 2.2 capability. |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/HDCP/SinkMaxHdcpVersion=HDCP 1.4
- pr /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/HDCP/SinkMaxHdcpVersion=HDCP 1.4

9.6.19. HDCP Setting (Output Port)

The maximum allowed HDCP encryption can be queried at each output port. See more information in the HDCP Management section.

ATTENTION! HDCP 2.2 signal handling is limited when 3 outputs are available: 01 and 02 ports support up to HDCP v2.2, 03 port supports HDCP v1.4.

Command and Response #hdcp

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/HDCP.AllowedHdcpVersion=<allowed_hdcp>
- ◀ pr·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/HDCP.AllowedHdcpVersion=<allowed_hdcp>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| <allowed_hdcp></allowed_hdcp> | The maximum allowed | HDCP 1.4 | HDCP 1.4 is supported. |
| | HDCP encryption on the output port | HDCP 2.2 | HDCP 2.2 and HDCP 1.4 are supported. |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/HDCP/AllowedHdcpVersion=HDCP 1.4
- pr /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01/HDCP/AllowedHdcpVersion=HDCP 1.4

9.7. Welcome Screen Settings

For details about the Welcome screen feature, please see the Welcome Screen section.

9.7.1. Displaying the Welcome Screen Image

Command and Response #welcomescreen

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.ImageEnabled=<image_state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.ImageEnabled=<image_state</p>

Parameters

| Parameter | Values | l l |
|-----------------------------|--------|------------------|
| <image_state></image_state> | true | The welcome scre |
| | false | The welcome scre |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.ImageEnabled=true
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.ImageEnabled=true

9.7.2. Displaying the Welcome Screen Text

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageEnabled=<text_state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageEnabled=<text_state</p>

Parameters

| Parameter | Values | V |
|---------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| <text_state></text_state> | true | The welcome scree |
| | false | The welcome scree |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageEnabled=false
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageEnabled=false

abled=<image_state> bled=<image_state

Value description een image is displayed. een image is not displayed.

abled=true bled=true

Enabled=<text_state> nabled=<text_state

Value description een text is displayed. een text is not displayed.

Enabled=false nabled=false

9.7.3. Setting the Welcome Screen Text

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageText=<text>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageText=<text>

Parameters

The <text> may consist of letters (A-Z) and (a-z), hyphen (-), underscore (_), numbers (0-9), space () and dot

(.). Max length: 63 characters. Longer names are truncated.

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageText=info
- pw /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageText=info

9.7.4. Resetting the Welcome Screen Image

This command restores the original welcome screen image.

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN:resetImage()
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN:resetImage=

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN:resetImage()
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN:resetImage=

9.8. Video Port Settings - USB-C Related Commands

9.8.1. Restarting the Link Training

This method is equal to pulling the USB-C connector out and plugging it in again.

Command and Response #linktraining

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/DP:restartLinkTraining()
- ◀ mO·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/DP:restartLinkTraining=

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1/DP:restartLinkTraining()
- MO /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1/DP:restartLinkTraining=

9.9. CEC Command Sending

The device is able to send Consumer Electronics Control (CEC) commands. This feature is for remote controlling the source or sink device. CEC is a bi-directional communication via the HDMI cable.

ATTENTION! To have a successful CEC command processing, the connected HDMI device must support CEC. #cec

9.9.1. Simple CEC Code Sending

This command is for sending simple CEC commands to the connected sink device.

The commands can be sent by the following two formats – defined in the header:

- text/plain: hexa strings (as seen in the example)
- application/octet-stream: binary data that allows sending a file with the desired codes

Command and Response

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/CEC:send(<command>)
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/CEC:send=OK

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|--|-------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <port></port> | Video output port | 01-02-03 | Video output port number |
| <command/> * Two-digit-long hexa code to | 446D | Power on | |
| | control the sink device | 446C | Power off |
| | | 36 | Standby |
| | | 446901 | Select input 1 |
| | | 446902 | Select input 2 |
| | | 446903 | Select input 3 |

* The supported list of <commands> depends on the connected sink device.

INFO: For the full list of commands supported by the UCX-TPN transmitter, please see the next page.

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/02/CEC:send(446D)
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/VIDE0/02/CEC:send=OK

9.9.2. Remote Control Code Sending

This command is for sending the so-called 'push-button-commands'. There is a range within the CEC commands for this purpose, e.g. volume up/down. With this method one <command> is put between the 0x44 and 0x45 opcodes in the background.

Request and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/CEC:sendUserControlClick(<command>)
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>/CEC:sendUserControlClick=OK

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|---------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| <port></port> | Video output port | 01-02-03 | Video output port number |
| <command/> * | A hexa code to control the sink | 446D | Power on |
| | device | 446C | Power off |

* The supported list of <commands> depends on the connected sink device.

INFO: For the full list of commands supported by the UCX-TPN transmitter, please see the next page.

Example

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/02/CEC:sendUserControlClick(446D)
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/02/CEC:sendUserControlClick=0K

```
lick(<command>)
k=OK
```

(446D) 0K Command List

| Command | Неха | Binary |
|--------------------|------|------------------|
| Ok | 4400 | 01000100000000 |
| Up | 4401 | 010001000000001 |
| Down | 4402 | 010001000000010 |
| Left | 4403 | 010001000000011 |
| Right | 4404 | 010001000000100 |
| Root menu | 4409 | 010001000001001 |
| Setup menu | 440A | 010001000001010 |
| Contents menu | 440B | 010001000001011 |
| Favorite menu | 440C | 010001000001100 |
| Back | 440D | 010001000001101 |
| Media top menu | 4410 | 010001000010000 |
| Media context menu | 4411 | 010001000010001 |
| Number 0 | 4420 | 0100010000100000 |
| Number 1 | 4421 | 0100010000100001 |
| Number 2 | 4422 | 0100010000100010 |
| Number 3 | 4423 | 0100010000100011 |
| Number 4 | 4424 | 0100010000100100 |
| Number 5 | 4425 | 0100010000100101 |
| Number 6 | 4426 | 0100010000100110 |
| Number 7 | 4427 | 0100010000100111 |
| Number 8 | 4428 | 0100010000101000 |
| Number 9 | 4429 | 0100010000101001 |
| Dot | 442A | 0100010000101010 |
| Enter | 442B | 0100010000101011 |
| Clear | 442C | 0100010000101100 |
| Channel up | 4430 | 010001000000000 |
| Channel down | 4431 | 0100010000110001 |
| Sound select | 4433 | 0100010000110011 |
| Input select | 4434 | 0100010000110100 |
| Display info | 4435 | 0100010000110101 |
| Page up | 4437 | 0100010000110111 |
| Page down | 4438 | 0100010000111000 |
| Power legacy | 4440 | 010001000100000 |
| Volume up | 4441 | 010001000100001 |
| Volume down | 4442 | 010001000100010 |
| Mute toggle | 4443 | 0100010001000011 |
| Play | 4444 | 0100010001000100 |
| Stop | 4445 | 010001000100101 |
| Pause | 4446 | 0100010001000110 |

| Command | Неха | Binary |
|-------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Record | 4447 | 0100010001000111 |
| Rewind | 4448 | 0100010001000 |
| Fast forward | 4449 | 0100010001001 |
| Eject | 444A | 0100010001001010 |
| Skip forward | 444B | 0100010001001011 |
| Skip backward | 444C | 0100010001001100 |
| 3D mode | 445A | 0100010001011010 |
| Stop record | 444D | 0100010001001101 |
| Play forward | 446024 | 010001000110000000100100 |
| Play reverse | 446020 | 01000100011000000100000 |
| Stop function | 4464 | 0100010001100100 |
| Mute | 4465 | 0100010001100101 |
| Unmute | 4466 | 0100010001100110 |
| Select next media | 446800 | 01000100011010000000000 |
| Select media 1 | 446801 | 010001000110100000000001 |
| Select media 2 | 446802 | 010001000110100000000010 |
| Select media 3 | 446803 | 01000100011010000000011 |
| Select media 4 | 446804 | 010001000110100000000100 |
| Select media 5 | 446805 | 010001000110100000000101 |
| Select next input | 446900 | 01000100011010010000000 |
| Select input 1 | 446901 | 01000100011010010000001 |
| Select input 2 | 446902 | 01000100011010010000010 |
| Select input 3 | 446903 | 01000100011010010000011 |
| Select input 4 | 446904 | 010001000110100100000100 |
| Select input 5 | 446905 | 01000100011010010000101 |
| Power toggle | 446B | 0100010001101011 |
| Power on | 446D | 0100010001101101 |
| Power off | 446C | 0100010001101100 |
| Standby | 36 | 00110110 |
| Image view on | 04 | 00000100 |
| Text view on | OD | 00001101 |
| F1 | 4471 | 0100010001110001 |
| F2 | 4472 | 0100010001110010 |
| F3 | 4473 | 0100010001110011 |
| F4 | 4474 | 0100010001110100 |
| Clear OSD | 6480 | 011001001000000 |
| Get CEC version | 9F | 10011111 |

9.10. Audio Port Settings

INFO: Audio port numbers may differ depending on the model. For more information, see the Port Numbering section.

9.10.1. Switching the Audio Input

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP:switch(<audio_in>:03)
- mO·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP:switch=

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| <audio_in></audio_in> | Audio input port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP:switch(I2:03)
- MO /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP:switch=

INFO: When using the '0' value as an input, the input will be disconnected and no signal will appear on the output.

ATTENTION! When 15 is selected for video source, the de-embedded audio of the 11 is not available, because the video crosspoint has a limitation: I1 and I5 ports are not available at the same time, only one of them can be selected to any output. For more details about it, see the port diagram in the Audio Interface section.

9.10.2. Querying the Connected Source

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/03.ConnectedSource
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/03.ConnectedSource=<audio_in>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| <audio_in></audio_in> | Audio input port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/03.ConnectedSource
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/03.ConnectedSource=I2

9.10.3. Querying the Connected Destinations

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio in>.ConnectedDestinations
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio in>.ConnectedDestinations=

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| <audio_in></audio_in> | Audio input port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I3.ConnectedDestinations
- pr /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I3.ConnectedDestinations=

9.10.4. Setting the Autoselect Operation Mode

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.Policy=<op_mode>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.Policy=<op_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--|
| <op_mode></op_mode> | Operation mode | Follow video | Follows the video crosspoint state automatically. |
| | | Off | Autoselect function is disabled. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.Policy=Follow video
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.Policy=Follow video

9.10.5. Setting the Followed Video Port to Autoselect

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.VideoFollowPort=<out>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.VideoFollowPort=<out>

- SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.VideoFollowPort=01
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.VideoFollowPort=01

9.10.6. Locking the Audio Port

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>.Lock=<locked_state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>.Lock=<locked_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| <audio_port></audio_port> | Audio port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |
| | | 04 | Audio output port number |
| <locked_state></locked_state> | Locked state | true | The port is locked |
| | | false | The port is unlocked |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I2.Lock=false
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I2.Lock=false

9.10.7. Muting the Audio Port 1.

INFO: Suspends the connection of the chosen port (no signal is forwarded).

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>.Mute=<muted_state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>.Mute=<muted_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| <audio_port></audio_port> | Audio port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |
| | | 04 | Audio output port number |
| <muted_state></muted_state> | Muted state | true | The port is muted. |
| | | false | The port is unmuted. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I2.Mute=false
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/I2.Mute=false

INFO: All inputs and analog output ports have a mute property in the audio XP (e.g. /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/ XP/I1.Mute). Outputs have a separate mute function within the port node as well:

- /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/01.EmbeddedAudioMute
- /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/02.EmbeddedAudioMute
- /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/03.Mute

9.10.8. Muting the Audio Port 2.

INFO: The volume of the analog audio output is set to low.

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Mute=<muted_state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Mute=<muted_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| <audio_port></audio_port> | Audio port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |
| | | 04 | Audio output port number |
| <muted_state></muted_state> | muted_state> Muted state | true | The port is muted. |
| | | false | The port is unmuted. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Mute=true
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Mute=true

9.10.9. Querying the Audio Signal Presence

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/<audio_port>.SignalPresent
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/<audio_port>.SignalPresent=<signal_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------------------------|
| <audio_port></audio_port> | Audio port | 11-14 | Audio input port number |
| | | 04 | Audio output port number |
| <signal_state></signal_state> | Signal presence | true | The audio signal is present. |
| | | false | No audio signal is present. |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/I1.SignalPresent
- pr /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/I1.SignalPresent=false

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9.10.10. RX Analog Audio Output Volume (dB) Setting

Command and Response *#analogaudio #volume*

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumedB=<level>
- ◆ pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumedB=<|eve|>

Parameter

The <level> parameter sets the output volume (attenuation) between -95.62 dB and 0 dB in step of -0.375 dB. The value is rounded up if necessary, to match with the step value.

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumedB=-15
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumedB=-15.00

9.10.11. RX Analog Audio Output Volume Percent Setting

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumePercent=<percent>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumePercent=<percent>

Parameters

The <percent> parameter sets the output volume (attenuation) between 100% and 0%, in step of 1%. The value is rounded up if necessary, to match with the step value.

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumePercent=50
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumePercent=50.00

9.10.12. Setting the Balance

Command and Response #balance

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4.Balance=<level>
- ✓ pw·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Balance=<level>

Parameters

The <level> parameter sets the balance; -100 means left balance, 100 means right balance, step is 1. Center is 0 (default).

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Balance=0
- pw /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Balance=0

9.10.13. RX Analog Audio Output Level Setting by Steps (dB)

Command and Response *#analogaudio #volume*

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumedB(<step>)
- m0·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumedB=

Parameters

The volume is increased or decreased with the given <step> value in dB.

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumedB(-1)
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumedB=

The volume is decreased with 1 dB, the current volume is -1.95 dB, which means 77.84% in percent. 9.10.14. RX Analog Audio Output Level Setting by Steps in Percent

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumePercent(<step>)
- m0·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumePercent=

Parameters

The volume is increased or decreased by the given <step> value in percent.

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumePercent(5)
- MO /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumePercent=

The volume is increased with 5%, the current volume is -1.52 dB, which means 82.84% in percent.

9.10.15. RX Analog Audio Output Balance Setting by Steps

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepBalance(<step>)
- m0·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepBalance=

Parameters

The volume is increased or decreased by the given <step> value.

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepBalance(-5)
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/AUDI0/04:stepBalance=

9.11. USB Port Settings

INFO: USB port numbers may differ depending on the model. For more information, see the Port Numbering section.

9.11.1. Switching the USB Input

Command and Response #usb

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP:switch(<host>:H1)
- mO·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP:switch=

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| <host></host> | USB Host | 0 | disconnected |
| | | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/USB/XP:switch(U1:H1)
- MO /V1/MEDIA/USB/XP:switch=

INFO: When using the '0' value as an input, the input will be disconnected and no signal will appear on the output.

9.11.2. Querying the Connected Source

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/H1.ConnectedSource
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/H1.ConnectedSource=<host>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| <host></host> | USB Host | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |

Example

- ◀ GET /V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/H1.ConnectedSource
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/H1.ConnectedSource=U4

9.11.3. Querying the Connected Destinations

Command and Response #autoselect

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/<host>.ConnectedDestinations
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/<host>.ConnectedDestinations=H1

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| <host></host> | USB Host | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/U3.ConnectedDestinations
- pr /V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/U3.ConnectedDestinations=H1

9.11.4. Locking the USB Port

Command and Response #lock

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/<usb_port>.Lock=<locked_state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/<usb_port>.Lock=<locked_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| <usb_port></usb_port> | USB Port | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |
| | | H1 | USB hub |
| <locked_state></locked_state> | Locked state | true | The port is locked |
| | | false | The port is unlocked |

- SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/U2.Lock=false
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/U2.Lock=false

9.11.5. Setting the 5V Sending to the USB Peripherals

The 5V power towards the USB A-type ports can be enabled or disabled as follows:

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/H1/<device_id>.Power5VMode=<device_pwr>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/USB/H1/<device_id>.Power5VMode=<device_pwr>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------|---|
| <device_id></device_id> | USB A-type port | D1-D4 | Downstream port number |
| <device_pwr></device_pwr> | | Auto | The host controls the 5V power sending. |
| | | Off | Disable 5V power on USB downstream port |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/H1/D1.Power5VMode=Auto
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/H1/D1.Power5VMode=Auto

9.11.6. Setting the USB Autoselect Policy

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1.Policy=<op_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---|
| <op_mode></op_mode> | Operation mode | Off | T |
| | | Last Detect | |
| | | First Detect | |
| | | Follow video | T |
| | | | |

Example

- ◀ SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1.Policy=Follow video
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1.Policy=Follow video

9.11.7. Setting the Followed Video Port to Autoselect

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1.VideoFollowPort=<out>

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1.VideoFollowPort=01
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1.VideoFollowPort=01

de> e>

Value description

The autoselect function is disabled. It is always the last attached input that is switched to the output automatically. The first active USB input is selected. Follows the video crosspoint state

automatically.

<mark>deo</mark> leo

t=<out> =<out>

t=01 =01

9.11.8. Changing the Autoselect Included USB Ports

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>.included=<state>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>.included=<state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------|--|
| <host></host> | USB Host | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |
| <state></state> | The chosen input is ignored in the | true | The port is included in autoselect. |
| | autoselect process or not. | | The autoselect function ignores that port. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/U1.Included=true
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/U1.Included=true

9.11.9. Changing the USB Port Priority

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>.Priority=<prio_num>
- ✓ pw·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>.Priority=<prio_num>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------|---|--------|---|
| <host></host> | USB Host | U1-U4 | USB-C and USB-B port number |
| <prio_num></prio_num> | Priority number from 1 to 100, equal numbers are allowed. | 1-100 | 1: the highest priority 100: the lowest priority |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/U1.Priority=51
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/U1.Priority=51

9.12. USB Port Settings - USB-C Related Commands

INFO: USB-C port numbers may differ depending on the model. For more information, see the Port Numbering section.

9.12.1. Setting the USB-C Power

Command and Response #power

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<port_number>/POWER.Reserved=<power>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<port_number>/POWER.PowerLimit=<power>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------|---------------------|
| <power></power> | Power output for the USB-C | 15 W | 15W power minimum* |
| | ports | 30 W | 30W power minimum* |
| | | 60 W | 60W power minimum* |
| | | 100 W | 100W power minimum* |
| <port_number></port_number> | USB-C Port number | U1-U2 | USB-C port number |

* In case of Static Allocation Mode, this is the maximum amount of output power, if the Allocation mode is Auto, it is the minimum amount of output power.

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1/POWER.Reserved=30 W
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1/POWER.Reserved=30 W

9.12.2. Setting the Power Allocation Mode

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<port_number>/POWER.AllocationMode=<allocation_mode>
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<port_number>/POWER.AllocationMode=<allocation_mode>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------|
| <allocation_mode></allocation_mode> | Power Allocation Mode | Static | The |
| | | Auto | The out dep |
| <port_number></port_number> | USB-C Port number | U1-U2 | US |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1/POWER.AllocationMode=Static
- pr /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1/POWER.AllocationMode=Static

Value description

e power set on the port is being output.

e power set on the port is the minimum tput, which can increase automatically epending on the amount of unallocated power. SB-C port number

9.12.3. Setting the Displayport Alternate Mode Policy

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb port>.DpAltModePolicy=<dp_policy>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb port>.DpAltModePolicy=<dp_policy>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------|--|---------|--|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C port number |
| <dp_policy></dp_policy> | The preferred video or USB data transmission | Auto | Auto: Taurus offers both operation modes described below. A BYOD device can choose between the two. 4 lane DP Alt mode operation (4K@60) is not guaranteed. |
| | | Force C | It means 4 Lane Video setting. |
| | | Force D | It means 2 Lane Video setting. It is used when 4 Lane mode is not supported. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/U2.DpAltModePolicy=Auto
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/U2.DpAltModePolicy=Auto

ATTENTION! Changing DpAltModePolicy is recommended before connecting a computer to the input.

9.12.4. Querying the Host Alternate Mode Support

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>.HostSupportsDpAltMode
- ◀ pr·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>.HostSupportsDpAltMode=<altmode_support>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | Value description |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|---|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C port number |
| <altmode_support></altmode_support> | | False | The host does not support the alternate mode. |
| | | True | The host supports the alternate mode. |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1.HostSupportsDpAltMode
- pr /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1.HostSupportsDpAltMode=true

9.12.5. Querying the Status of the Alternate Mode

Command and Response #dpaltmode #alternatemode #displayportalternatemode

- ► GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c port>.ActiveAltMode
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>.ActiveAltMode=<altmode_state>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB- |
| <altmode_state></altmode_state> | | N/A | The b |
| | | None | DP A |
| | | DP | DP A |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/USB/U2.ActiveAltMode
- pr /V1/MEDIA/USB/U2.ActiveAltMode=DP

9.12.6. Querying the Port Data Role

Command and Response

- ▶ GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb_port>.ActivePortDataRole
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb_port>.ActivePortDataRole=<data_role>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------|---|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C p |
| <data_role></data_role> | | N/A | No infor |
| | | DFP | Downstr The port This is fo transmis |
| | | UFP | Upstrear |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/USB/U2.ActivePortDataRole
- pr /V1/MEDIA/USB/U2.ActivePortDataRole=UFP

| Value description |
|---------------------------|
| JSB-C port number |
| The host is not connected |
| DP Alt mode is not active |
| DP Alt mode is active. |

Value description

port number

rmation about the data role.

ream Facing Port (usually a Host / HUB ports) t data role is configured as USB Host. for building up the connection (USB data ission operates after the data role swap) am Facing Port (usually a device)

9.12.7. Querying the Port Power Role

Command and Response #power

- ► GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb port>.ActivePortPowerRole
- pr/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb_port>.ActivePortPowerRole=<power role>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C port number |
| <power_role></power_role> | | N/A | No information about the power role. |
| | | Sink | The port is configured as a sink. |
| | | Source | The port is configured as a source. |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/USB/U2.ActivePortPowerRole
- pr /V1/MEDIA/USB/U2.ActivePortPowerRole=Source

9.12.8. Setting the Port Power Role

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>.PortPowerRoleSetting=<power_role>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---|
| <usb-c_port></usb-c_port> | USB-C port number | U1-U2 | USB-C port number |
| <power_role></power_role> | | Sink | The port is configured as a sink. |
| | | Source | The port is configured as a source. |
| | | Dual Role | The port is configured to be in Dual Power Role mode. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1.PortPowerRoleSetting=Dual Role
- pw /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1.PortPowerRoleSetting=Dual Role

9.13. EDID Management

9.13.1. Querying the Emulated EDIDs

Command and Response #edid

- ► GET·/V1/EDID.EdidStatus
- pr·/V1/EDID.EdidStatus=<source>:E1;<source>:E2; <source>:E3;<source>:E4

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| <source/> | Source EDID memory place | F1-F120 | Factory EDIDs |
| | | U1-U14 | User EDIDs |
| | | D1-D2 | Dynamic EDIDs |

Example

- ◀ GET /V1/EDID.EdidStatus

Emulated EDID memory for input port is listed with the EDID number that is currently emulated on the input.

9.13.2. Querying the Validity of a Dynamic EDID

Command and Response

- ► GET·/V1/EDID/D/D1.Validity
- pr·/V1/EDID/D/D1.Validity=<validity>

Parameters

If the <validity> parameter is true, the EDID is valid. If the parameter is false, the EDID is invalid.

Example

- ◀ GET /V1/EDID/D/D1.Validity
- pr /V1/EDID/D/D1.Validity=true

The 'Validity' property is true, valid EDID is stored in D1 memory place.

9.13.3. Querying the Preferred Resolution of a User EDID

Command and Response

- ► GET·/V1/EDID/U/<user_edid>.PreferredResolution
- pr·/V1/EDID/U/<user_edid>.PreferredResolution=<preferred_resolution>

Example

- ◀ GET /V1/EDID/U/U2.PreferredResolution
- pr /V1/EDID/U/U2.PreferredResolution=1920x1080p60.00Hz
- INFO: Use the Manufacturer and MonitorName properties to query further information.

9.13.4. Emulating an EDID to an Input Port

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/EDID:switch(<source>:<destination>)
- ◀ mO·/V1/EDID:switch

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|--|---------------|-------------------|
| <source/> | Source EDID memory place | | Factory EDIDs |
| | | | User EDIDs |
| | | D1-D2 | Dynamic EDIDs |
| <destination></destination> | The emulated EDID memory of the desired input port | U1-U14 | User EDIDs |

Example

- CALL /V1/EDID:switch(F49:E2)
- MO /V1/EDID:switch

9.13.5. Emulating an EDID to All Input Ports

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/EDID:switchAll(<source>)
- ◀ mO·/V1/EDID:switchAll

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------|--------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| <source/> | Source EDID memory place | F1-F148 | Factory EDIDs |
| | | U1-U100 | User EDIDs |
| | | D1-D2 | Dynamic EDIDs |

Example

- CALL /V1/EDID:switchAll(F47)
- MO /V1/EDID:switchAll

9.13.6. Copying an EDID to User Memory

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/EDID:copy(<source>:<destination>)
- m0·/V1/EDID:copy

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-----------------------------|--|---------|-------------------|
| <source/> | Source EDID memory place | F1-F148 | Factory EDIDs |
| | | U1-U100 | User EDIDs |
| | | D1-D2 | Dynamic EDIDs |
| <destination></destination> | The emulated EDID memory of the desired input port | U1-U100 | User EDIDs |

Example

- CALL /V1/EDID:copy(F1:U2)
- MO /V1/EDID:copy

9.13.7. Deleting an EDID from User Memory

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/EDID:delete(<user_edid>)
- mO·/V1/EDID:delete

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------|---|--------|-------------------|
| <user_edid></user_edid> | The emulated EDID memory of the desired input port. | U1-U14 | User EDIDs |

- CALL /V1/EDID:delete(U2)
- MO /V1/EDID:delete

9.13.8. Resetting the Emulated EDIDs

Command and Response

- ► CALL·/V1/EDID:reset()
- mO·/V1/EDID:reset

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------|
| <user_edid></user_edid> | The emulated EDID memory of the desired input port. | U1-U14 | User EDIDs |

Example

- CALL /V1/EDID:reset()
- m0 /V1/EDID:reset

Calling this method switches all emulated EDIDs to a factory default one. See the table in the Factory EDID List section.

9.14. Ethernet Port Configuration

9.14.1. Setting the DHCP State

ATTENTION! When you change a network property, the new value is stored, but the applySettings method must always be called to apply the new settings. When two or more network parameters are changed, the applySettings method is enough to be called once as a final step; it will reboot the device.

Command and Response #dhcp #network *#ipaddress*

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=<dhcp_status>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=<dhcp_status>

Parameters

If the <dhcp_status> parameter is true, the current IP address setting is DHCP, if the parameter is false, the current IP address is static.

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=true
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=true
- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings()
- m0 /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings

INFO: The applySettings method will save and apply the new value, and it will reboot the device. INFO: The current setting can be queried by using the GET command.

9.14.2. Changing the IP Address (Static)

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress=<IP_address>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress=<IP_address>

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress=192.168.0.85
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticIpAddress=192.168.0.85
- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings()
- m0 /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings
- INFO: The applySettings method will save and apply the new value and it will reboot the device.
- INFO: The current setting can be gueried by using the GET command.

9.14.3. Changing the Subnet Mask (Static)

Command and Response #ipaddress

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask=<netmask>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask=<netmask>

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask=255.255.255.0
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask=255.255.255.0
- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings()
- m0 /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings
- INFO: The applySettings method will save and apply the new value and it will reboot the device.
- INFO: The current setting can be queried by using the GET command.

9.14.4. Changing the Gateway Address (Static)

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress=<gw_address>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress=<gw_address>

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress=192.168.0.5
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress=192.168.0.5
- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings()
- mO /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings
- INFO: The **applySettings** method will save and apply the new value, and it will reboot the device.
- INFO: The current setting can be queried by using the GET command.

9.14.5. Applying the Network Settings

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings()
- ◀ m0·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings

Example

- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings()
- m0 /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings

All network settings that were changed are applied and network interface restarts.

9.14.6. Setting the Host name

The host name is a property that can be used instead of the IP address when connecting to the device. It is also suitable for finding the device in the Device Discovery window of the LDC, see more details in the Add New Favorite Device section. If the IP address of the device is changing, the host name can be used as a fixed property.

Restarting HTTP(S) Services is required after the host name changed. A new certificate is generated after modifying the host name.

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.HostName=<unique_name>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.HostName=<unique_name>

Parameters

The <unique_name> can be 1-64 character(s) long, and the following are allowed for naming: the elements of the English alphabet and numbers. Hyphen (-) is also accepted, except as last character.

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.HostName=room-switcher
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.HostName=room-switcher

e_name> _name>

witcher /itcher

9.15. Network Security

INFO: Ethernet port numbers may differ depending on the model. For more information, see the Port Numbering section.

9.15.1. Enabling/Disabling the Ethernet Port

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/ETHERNET/<ethernet_port>.Enabled=<status>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| <ethernet_port></ethernet_port> | Ethernet port number | P1-P5 | Ethernet port number |
| | true | true | The port is enabled. |
| | | false | The port is disabled. |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/ETHERNET/P4.Enabled=true
- pw /V1/MEDIA/ETHERNET/P4.Enabled=true

9.15.2. Querying the Service Port Number

Command and Response

- ▶ GET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>.Port
- pr·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>.Port=<port_num>

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| <port></port> | Port type | HTTP HTTPS LW3 UART1 UART2 |
| <port_num></port_num> | Port number | 80 443 6107 8001 8002 |

Example

- GET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP.Port
- pr /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP.Port=80

9.15.3. Enabling/Disabling the Service Port

Command and Response #http #https

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>.Enabled=<status>
- pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>.Enabled=<status>

Parameters

| Parameter | | Parameter description |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| | <port></port> | Port type |
| | <status></status> | |

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP.Enabled=true
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP.Enabled=true

9.15.4. Querying the Username for Authentication

INFO: UCX-TPN series devices deal with one user for authentication and the username (admin) can not be changed.

Command and Response

- GET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1.Name
- pr /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1.Name=admin

Example

- ◀ GET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1.Name
- pr /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1.Name=admin

nabled=<status> nabled=<status>

| on | Values | Value description |
|----|---------------|-----------------------|
| | HTTP HTTPS | |
| | true | The port is enabled. |
| | false | The port is disabled. |

habled=true abled=true

ie ⊧admin

<mark>e</mark> ⊧admin INFO: Set the password before enabling the authentication, because no password is set by default.

Command and Response

- SET:/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>.AuthenticationEnabled=<status>
- ◀ pw·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>.AuthenticationEnabled=<status>
- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP:restart()
- m0 /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP:restart=

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Values | Value description |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| <port></port> | Port type | HTTP HTTPS | |
| <status></status> | | true | The authentication is enabled. |
| | | false | The authentication is disabled. |

Example

- SET /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP.AuthenticationEnabled=true
- pw /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP.AuthenticationEnabled=true
- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP:restart()
- MO /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP:restart=
- INFO: Restart HTTP(S) Services is required after the authentication settings changed.

9.15.6. Restatring the Network Services

Command and Response *#http #https*

- CALL·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>:restart()
- mO·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>:restart=

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| <port></port> | Port type | HTTP HTTPS |

Example

- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP:restart()
- MO /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP:restart=

9.16. Serial Port Configuration

9.16.1. BAUD Rate Setting

Command and Response #rs-232 #rs232

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.Baudrate=<baudrate>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.Baudrate=<baudrate>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2 |
| <baudrate></baudrate> | Baud rate value | 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200 |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1.Baudrate=19200
- pw /V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1.Baudrate=19200

9.16.2. Stop Bits Setting

Command and Response #rs-232 #rs232

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.StopBits=<stopbits>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.StopBits=<stopbits>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2 |
| <stopbits></stopbits> | Stop bit value | 1 |
| | | 2 |

- SET /V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1.StopBits=1
- pw /V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1.StopBits=1

9.16.3. Querying the Data Bits

Command and Response #rs-232 #rs232

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.DataBits
- pr·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.DataBits=<databits>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2 |
| <databits></databits> | DataBits value | 8 |
| | | 9 |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1.DataBits
- pr /V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1.DataBits=8

9.16.4. Parity Setting

Command and Response *#rs-232 #rs232*

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.Parity=<parity>
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.Parity=<parity>

Parameters

| Identifier | Parameter description | Parameter values |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| <serial_port></serial_port> | Serial port number | P1-P2 |
| <parity></parity> | Parity value | None Odd Even |

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1.Parity=None
- pw /V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/P1.Parity=None

9.17. Sending a Message via RS-232

ATTENTION! Serial message sending is implemented only via Lightware REST API. This function is not available with LW3 protocol command. For more details, see Serial Port Messaging.

9.18. GPIO Port Configuration

9.18.1. Querying the Direction of a GPIO Pin

- Command and Response #gpio
 - GET·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Direction
 - pw·/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/<port>.Direction(<dir>)

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | Value description |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| <dir></dir> | The direction of the GPIO pin. | Input | input |
| | | Output | output |

Example

- GET /V1/MEDIA/GPIO/P1.Direction
- pw /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1.Direction=Input

9.18.2. Setting the Direction of a GPIO Pin

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Direction(<dir>)
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/<port>.Direction(<dir>)

Parameters

See the previous section.

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1.Direction=Input
- pw /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1.Direction=Input

9.18.3. Querying the Output Level of a GPIO Pin Command and Response

- ► GET·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Output
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Output(<value>)

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| <value></value> | The output value of the GPIO pin. | |

Example

- ◀ GET /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1.Output
- w /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1.Output=Low

| Value | Value description | |
|-------|-------------------|--|
| High | high level | |
| Low | low level | |

9.18.4. Setting the Output Level of a GPIO Pin

Command and Response

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Output(<value>)
- pw·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Output(<value>)

Parameters

See the previous section.

Example

- SET /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1.Output=High
- pw /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1.Output=High

9.18.5. Setting the Output Level for a Specified Time

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>:interval(<value>;<time>)
- MO·/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/<port>:interval=

Parameters

| Parameter | Parameter description | Value | Value description |
|-----------------|---|-------|-------------------|
| <value></value> | The output value of the GPIO pin. | High | high level |
| | | Low | low level |
| <time></time> | Duration of the desired value in seconds. | 1-120 | second(s) |

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/GPIO/P1:interval(Low;1)
- m0 /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1:interval=

9.18.6. Toggling the Level of a GPIO Pin

The output level can be changed from high to low and from low to high by the command below.

Command and Response

- CALL·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>:toggle()
- MO·/V1/MEDIA/GPI0/<port>:toggle

Example

- CALL /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1:toggle()
- MO /V1/MEDIA/GPI0/P1:toggle

9.19. LW3 Commands - Quick Summary

System Commands

Setting the Device Label

SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/LABEL.DeviceLabel=<custom name>

Resetting the Device

CALL·/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>:restart()

Restoring the Factory Default Settings

CALL·/V1/SYS/DEVICES/<TX/RX>:factoryDefaults()

Querying the Firmware Package Version

GET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UID/PACKAGE.Version

Control Lock

SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=<lock status>

Setting the Current Time

CALL·/V1/MANAGEMENT/DATETIME:setTime(<current_time>)

Identifying the Device

CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/UI:identifyMe()

Toggling the Dark Mode Setting

SET-/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Enable=<mode_state>

Setting the Delay of the Dark Mode Setting

SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.Delay=<delay_time>

Video Port Settings - General

Switching Video Input

CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(<in>:<out>)

Switching an Input to All Outputs

CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switchAll(<input>)

Locking the Video Port

SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>.Lock=<locked_state>

Muting the Video Port

SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<port>.Mute=<muted_state>

Setting the Autoselect Policy

SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>.Policy=<autoselect_mode>

Changing the Autoselect Included Input Ports

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>.Includ Changing the Input Port Priority
 - SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/AUTOSELECT/<out>/<in>.Priorit

Querying the Connected Source

- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>.ConnectedSource Querying the Input Switching Capability
- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<out>/SWITCHABLE.<in> Querying the Connected Destinations
 - GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP/<n>.ConnectedDestinations
- Querying the Video Signal Presence
- ► GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.SignalPresent HDCP Setting (Input Port)
- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/HDCP.AllowedHdcpVersion HdcpMode
 - SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>.HdcpMode=<hdcp_mode</p>

OutputSignalType

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>.OutputSignalType=<signal</p> EmbeddedAudioPresent
 - GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.EmbeddedAudioPresent

EmbeddedAudioMute

SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<port>.EmbeddedAudioMute=

Output5VMode

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>.Output5VMode=<5V_pwr</p> HDCP Capability (Output Port)
- GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/HDCP/SinkMaxHdcpVers HDCP Setting (Output Port)
 - GET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<out>/HDCP.AllowedHdcpVersi

Welcome Screen Settings

Displaying the Welcome Screen Image

SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.ImageEnabled=<image_state>

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Displaying the Welcome Screen Text

SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageEnabled=<text_state>

Setting the Welcome Screen Text

SET·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN.MessageText=<text>

Resetting the Welcome Screen Image

CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/I5/WELCOMESCREEN:resetImage()

Video Port Settings - USB-C Related Commands

Restarting the Link Training

CALL·/V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>/DP:restartLinkTraining()

Audio Port Settings

Switching the Audio Input

CALL·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP:switch(<audio_in>:03)

Querying the Connected Source

GET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/03.ConnectedSource

Querying the Connected Destinations

GET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio in>.ConnectedDestinations

Setting the Autoselect Operation Mode

SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.Policy=<op_mode>

Setting the Followed Video Port to Autoselect

SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/AUTOSELECT/03.VideoFollowPort=<out>

Locking the Audio Port

SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>.Lock=<locked_state>

Muting the Audio Port 1.

SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/XP/<audio_port>.Mute=<muted_state>

Muting the Audio Port 2.

SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Mute=<muted_state>

Querying the Audio Signal Presence

- ► GET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/<audio_port>.SignalPresent
- RX Analog Audio Output Volume (dB) Setting
 - SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumedB=<level>

RX Analog Audio Output Volume Percent Setting

SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.VolumePercent=<percent>

| | Setting the Balance |
|-----|---|
| | SET·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04.Balance= <level></level> |
| | RX Analog Audio Output Level Setting by Steps (dB) |
| | CALL·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4:stepVolumedB(<step>)</step> |
| | RX Analog Audio Output Level Setting by Steps in Percent |
| | CALL·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/04:stepVolumePercent(<step></step> |
| | RX Analog Audio Output Balance Setting by Steps |
| | CALL·/V1/MEDIA/AUDIO/O4:stepBalance(<step>)</step> |
| USE | 3 Port Settings |
| | Switching the USB Input |
| | CALL·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP:switch(<host>:H1)</host> |
| | Querying the Connected Source |
| | GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/H1.ConnectedSource |
| | Querying the Connected Destinations |
| | GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/ <host>.ConnectedDestinations</host> |
| | Locking the USB Port |
| | SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/XP/ <usb_port>.Lock=<locked_stat< p=""></locked_stat<></usb_port> |
| | Setting the 5V Sending to the USB Peripherals |

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/H1/<device_id>.Power5VMode=<col>Colored and Colored a Setting the USB Autoselect Policy
 - SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1.Policy=<op_mod</p>
- Setting the Followed Video Port to Autoselect
 - SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1.VideoFollowPor
- Changing the Autoselect Included USB Ports
 - SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>.Included

Changing the USB Port Priority

SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/AUTOSELECT/H1/<host>.Priority=

USB Port Settings - USB-C Related Commands

Setting the USB-C Power

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<port_number>/POWER.Reserved Setting the Power Allocation Mode
 - GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<port_number>/POWER.AllocationMode=<allocation_mode>

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| = <state></state> |
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| - <prio_num></prio_num> |
| |
| = <power></power> |
| |

Setting the Displayport Alternate Mode Policy

SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb port>.DpAltModePolicy=<dp_policy>

Querying the Host Alternate Mode Support

GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>.HostSupportsDpAltMode

Querying the Status of the Alternate Mode

GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>.ActiveAltMode

Querying the Port Data Role

GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb_port>.ActivePortDataRole

Querving the Port Power Role

GET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb_port>.ActivePortPowerRole

Setting the Port Power Role

SET·/V1/MEDIA/USB/<usb-c_port>.PortPowerRoleSetting=<power_role>

EDID Management

Querying the Emulated EDIDs

▶ GET·/V1/EDID.EdidStatus

Querying the Validity of a Dynamic EDID

▶ GET·/V1/EDID/D/D1.Validity

Querying the Preferred Resolution of a User EDID

GET·/V1/EDID/U/<user edid>.PreferredResolution

Emulating an EDID to an Input Port

- CALL·/V1/EDID:switch(<source>:<destination>)
- **Emulating an EDID to All Input Ports**
 - CALL·/V1/EDID:switchAll(<source>)

Copying an EDID to User Memory

CALL·/V1/EDID:copy(<source>:<destination>)

Deleting an EDID from User Memory

CALL·/V1/EDID:delete(<user_edid>)

Resetting the Emulated EDIDs

CALL·/V1/EDID:reset()

Ethernet Port Configuration

Setting the DHCP State

SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=<dhcp_status>

Changing the IP Address (Static)

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress=<|</p> Changing the Subnet Mask (Static)
 - SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMasl

Changing the Gateway Address (Static)

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddr Applying the Network Settings
 - CALL·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings()

Setting the Host name

SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.HostName=<uniquility</p>

Remote Power

Enabling/Disabling Remote Power

SET /V1/LINK/TX/POE/POWER.Reserved=<output_powerset</p>

Network Security

Enabling/Disabling the Ethernet Port

- SET·/V1/MEDIA/ETHERNET/<ethernet port>.Enabled=<</p>
- Querying the Service Port Number
 - GET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>.
- Enabling/Disabling the Service Port
 - SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>.
- Querying the Username for Authentication
 - GET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/AUTH/USER1.Nam

Enabling the Authentication

- SET·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>./
- CALL /V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/HTTP:

Restatring the Network Services

CALL·/V1/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK/SERVICES/<port>

Serial Port Configuration

BAUD Rate Setting

SET·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.Baudrate=<baudr</p>

Stop Bits Setting

SET·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.StopBits=<stopbits>

| 1 | 4 | 9 |
|---|---|---|
| | | - |

| IP_address> |
|--|
| |
| k= <netmask></netmask> |
| |
| ress= <gw_address></gw_address> |
| |
| |
| |
| ie_name> |
| |
| |
| er> |
| |
| |
| |
| <status></status> |
| |
| Port |
| |
| Enabled= <status></status> |
| |
| ne |
| |
| AuthenticationEnabled= <status></status> |
| :restart() |
| |
| >:restart() |
| |
| |
| rate> |
| |
| te> |

Querying the Data Bits

► GET·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.DataBits

Parity Setting

SET·/V1/MEDIA/SERIAL/<serial_port>.Parity=<parity>

Sending a Message via RS-232

GPIO Port Configuration

Querying the Direction of a GPIO Pin

► GET·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Direction

Setting the Direction of a GPIO Pin

SET·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Direction(<dir>)

Querying the Output Level of a GPIO Pin

GET·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Output

Setting the Output Level of a GPIO Pin

SET·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>.Output(<value>)

Setting the Output Level for a Specified Time

CALL·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>:interval(<value>;<time>)

Toggling the Level of a GPIO Pin

CALL·/V1/MEDIA/GPIO/<port>:toggle()

OCS Port Configuration

Querying the Input Level of an OCS Pin

► GET·/V1/MEDIA/OCS/P1.InputLevel

Setting the Sensor Type

SET·/V1/MEDIA/OCS/P1.SensorType=<sensor_type>

Querying the Reported OCS State

► GET·/V1/MEDIA/OCS/P1.State

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Firmware Update

This chapter is meant to help customers perform firmware updates on our products by giving a few tips on how to start and by explaining the features of the Lightware Device Updater v2 (LDU2) software. The latest software and firmware pack can be downloaded from www.lightware.com.

- INTRODUCTION
- PREPARATION
- ► RUNNING THE SOFTWARE
- UPDATING VIA GUI

ATTENTION! While the firmware is being updated, the normal operation mode is suspended, as the transmitter is switched to bootload mode. Signal processing is not performed. Do not interrupt the firmware update. If any problem occurs, reboot the device and restart the process.

10.1. Introduction

Lightware Device Updater v2 (LDU2) software is the second generation of the LFP-based (Lightware Firmware Package) firmware update process.

10.2. Preparation

Most Lightware devices can be controlled over several interfaces (e.g. Ethernet, USB, RS-232). But the firmware can be updated usually over one dedicated interface, which is the Ethernet in most cases.

If you want to update the firmware of one or more devices, you need the following:

- LFP2 file.
- LDU2 software installed on your PC or Mac.

Both can be downloaded from www.lightware.com/downloads.

Optionally, you can download the release notes file in HTML format.

10.2.1. Reserved Ports of the SDVoE Control Server

If the BlueRiver AV Manager and the SDVoE Control Server is installed once, the following ports are reserved by the software:

| Protocol | Port Number | Description |
|----------|-------------|--|
| ТСР | 5920 | BlueRiver AV Manager Service |
| ТСР | 5936 | BlueRiver AV Manager SDVoE API Service |
| ТСР | 20020 | BlueRiver API |
| ТСР | 5148 | BlueRiver AV Manager |

ATTENTION! If the following ports are opened, the LDU2 cannot discover the TPN/OPTN series devices. Lightware recommends stopping these services until the firmware updating is completed.

| <u>File</u> Options <u>View</u> | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|--------------------|---------------|---------|
| Processes Performance App I | history | Startup | Users | Details | Services | | |
| Name | PID | Descr | iption | | | Status | Group |
| autotimesvc | | Cellul | lar Time | | | Stopped | autoTir |
| AxInstSV | | Activ | eX Insta | ller (AxIn | stSV) | Stopped | AxInst: |
| 🕼 bavm | | BlueR | iver AV | Manager | Service | Stopped | |
| 🖓 bavm_sdvoe_api | | BlueR | iver AV | Manager | SDVoE API Service | Stopped | |
| BcastDVRUserService | | Game | DVR an | d Broadc | ast User Service | Stopped | BcastD |
| BcastDVRUserService_16bdf7 | | Game | DVR an | d Broadc | ast User Service_1 | ibdf7 Stopped | BcastD |
| BDESVC | | BitLo | cker Driv | ve Encryp | tion Service | Stopped | netsvc: |
| G BFE | 2364 | Base | Filtering | Engine | | Running | LocalS |
| < | | | | | | | > |

10.2.2. About the Firmware Package (LFP2 File)

All the necessary tools and binary files are packed into the LFP2 package file. You only need this file to do the update on your device.

- This allows the use of the same LFP2 package for different devices.
- The package contains all the necessary components, binary, and other files.
- The release notes is included in the LFP2 file, which is displayed in the window where you select the firmware package file in LDU2.

INFO: The size of the LFP2 file is more than 200 MB due to the components of the package. That is not a fault: Taurus runs embedded Linux inside that is necessary for the complex functions and features of the device.

10.2.3. LDU2 Installation

ATTENTION! Minimum system requirement: 2 GB RAM. The minimum display resolution is 1600x900.

INFO: The Windows and the Mac applications have the same look and functionality.

Download the software from www.lightware.com/downloads.

Installation in case of Windows OS

Run the installer. If the User Account Control displays a pop-up message, click Yes.

Installation Modes

| Normal install | |
|---|------|
| Available for Windows, MacOS and Linux | |
| The installer can update only this instance | |
| One updateable instance may exist for all users | Many |

ATTENTION! Using the default Normal install is highly recommended.

INFO: If you have a previously installed version, you will be prompted to remove the old version before installing the new one.

Installation in case of macOS

Mount the DMG file by double clicking on it, and drag the LDU2 icon over the Applications icon to copy the program into the Applications folder. If you want to copy LDU2 into another location, just drag the icon over the desired folder.

ATTENTION! Please check the firewall settings on the macOS device. LDC needs to be added to the exceptions of the blocked software for the proper operation.

INFO: This type of installer is equal to the Normal install of Windows.



LDU2



Snapshot install

Available for Windows

Cannot be updated

different versions can be installed for all users





Installation in case of Linux

- **Step 1.** Download the **archive file** (tar.gz) from www.lightware.com and unpack it to a temp folder.
- **Step 2.** Run the **install_Idu2.sh** file in the temp folder. The script will install LDU2 into the following folder: HOME/.local/share/lightware/ldu2.
- Step 3. The folder above will contain this file: LightwareDeviceUpdaterV2.sh, which can be used to start LDU2.

10.3. Running the Software

You have two options:

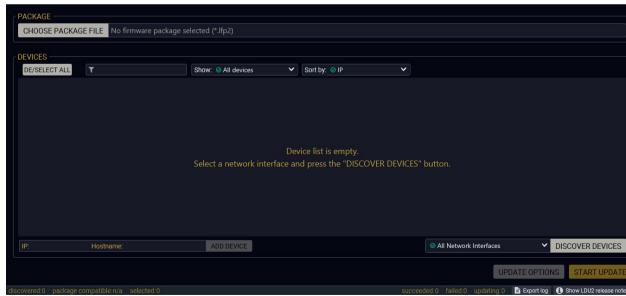
- Starting the LDU2 by double-clicking on the shortcut/ program file, or
- Double-clicking on an LFP2 file.

LDU2 Auto-Update

At startup, the software checks if a newer version is available on the web.

Main Screen

When the software is started by the shortcut, the device discovery screen appears. Press the **Discover devices** button to start finding the Lightware devices:



Devices may also be added manually by typing the IP address in the box near the bottom of the screen. From LDU2 version v2.16.1, manual addition of devices can also be done using the hostname.

ATTENTION! If the device cannot be added by the hostname, please use the IP address.



DISCOVER DEVICES



If you start the software by double-clicking on the LFP2 file, the firmware will be loaded. Press the **Search for devices** button; all the devices will be listed that are compatible with the selected firmware pack.

INFO: If you press the **Choose package file** button, the release notes of the LFP2 file will be displayed in the right panel; see the Step 1. Select the Firmware Package. section.

Device List

When the discovery has completed, the devices available on the network are listed in the application.

| DE/SE | S LECT AL | L | Show: O All devices | Sort by: 	ext{ IP |
|-------|--------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| 1. | | UCX-4x3-H20 LW_UCX-4x3-H20_00007316 | IP: 192.168.0.110 S/N: 00007316 | PACKAGE: 1 FW: v1.3.0b |
| 2. | 0 | UMX-TPS-TX140K P LW_UMX-TPS-TX140K_00006363 | IP: 192.168.0.113 🗹 S/N: 00006363 | PACKAGE: V FW: v1.5.0b |
| 3. | | UMX-HDMI-140-Plus X Service Mode LW_UMX-HDMI-140-Plus_12345678 | IP: 192.168.1.17 () S/N: 12345678 | Package: FW: |
| 4. | | UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20 UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20_00008393 | IP: 192.168.0.131 🕼 S/N: 00008393 | PACKAGE: V FW: v1.0.0t |
| 5. | | UBEX-MMU-X200 UBEX-MMU-X200 | IP: 192.168.4.100 🕼 S/N: 86122857 | PACKAGE: V FW: v1.4.0b |
| 6. | 0 | UCX-4x2-HC30 LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_00006872 | IP: 192.168.4.149 🗹 S/N: 00006872 | PACKAGE: V FW: v1.3.0b |

Legend of the lcons

| | IP address editor | The IP address of the de |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| 0 | Identify me | Clicking on the icon ma which helps identify the |
| P | Authentication required | The password-protection to perform the firmware uthe update. |
| * | Favorite device | The device has been mar is connected with that IP |
| 6 | Further information available | Device is unreachable. (front panel LCD menu o |

| 1. <mark>3.0</mark> b1 | • HW: V10_KAK1 | 4 |
|------------------------|---|-----|
| 1.5.0b4 | HW: N/A | |
| | HW: | |
| 1.0.0b5 5 | HW: V11_AXAX | |
| 1.5.0b2 | HW: V10_AAXX | |
| 1.3.0b6 | HW: V20_AXAX | |
| | All Network Interfaces DISCOVER DEVICES | |
| | UPDATE OPTIONS START UPDAT | Е |
| | succeeded:0 failed:0 updating:0 📑 Export log 🙃 Show LDU2 release no | tes |

device can be changed in the pop-up window.

akes the front panel LEDs blink for 10 seconds, ie device physically.

on is enabled. You have to enter the password e update in the pop-up window at the beginning of

rked, thus the IP address is stored. When a device Address, the star will be highlighted in that line.

Change the IP address using the or the IP address editor of the LDU2.

10.4. Updating Via GUI

To update the desired device(s) via the Graphical User Interface, follow these steps.

ATTENTION! The computer that runs LDU2 and the target device (that will be updated) must be in the same subnet. The update cannot be performed from behind a firewall or gateway.

ATTENTION! While the firmware is being updated, the normal operation mode is suspended, as the device is switched to bootload mode. Signal processing is not performed. Do not interrupt the firmware update. If any problem occurs, reboot the unit and restart the process.

Device Cloning - Configuration Backup and Restore feature supports copying all the settings from one device to another, but cloning is only possible between devices using the same firmware. Uploading of the firmware package happens on http (80) and https (443) ports, so one of them has to be enabled.

Step 1. Select the Firmware Package.

Click on the **Choose package file** button and navigate to the location where the LFP2 file was saved. When you click on the name of the package, the preview of the release notes is displayed in the right panel.

CHOOSE PACKAGE FILE

| Path: C:\Firmwares\taurus_v1.3.1b1.lfp2 | REFRESH Firmware package release note preview: |
|--|--|
| ✓ ► Firmwares ► HDMI-TPS-RX110AY v1.3.1b6.lfp2 | Release notes for Taurus UCX |
| HDMI-TPS-RX110AY_V1.3.100.1fp2 | v1.3.1b1 |
| HDMI-TPS-RX110AY_v1.5.0b3.lfp2 | Release date: 2021-11-02 Bugfix: |
| 📄 taurus_v1.3.1b1.lfp2 | "USB follows video" bug in v1.3.0b6 fixed |
| 늘 tps-tx200_v1.2.0b16.lfp2 | v1.3.0b6 |
| b tps-tx200_v1.3.0b6.lfp2 | Release date: 2021-10-22 New feature: |
| b tps-tx200_v1.3.2b3.lfp2 | support package improvement (cleaned up logging, LW3 tree saving) |
| bulleter 140_v1.3.0b5.lfp2 | HDR EDIDs added to EDID list |
| u mx-tps-tx100 v1.5.0b4.lfp2 | HDMI output audio mute function became available at the audio layer HDCP compatibility improvement (HDCP versions supported by the sink are shown) |
| ▶ ■ Intel | Supporting H20 product variants |
| → Im Microsoft | Bugfix: • robustness improvement of the upgrade procedure |
| | |

After the package file is loaded, the list is filtered to show the compatible devices only. The current firmware version of the device is highlighted in orange if it is different from the version of the package loaded.

| DE/SEL | ECT AL | L | Show: O All devices | Sort by: 🥑 IP |
|--------|--------|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 1. | 0 | UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 • P LW_UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20_00008643 | IP: 192.168.0.114 🕼 S/N: 00008643 | PACKAGE: V FW: v1.10.0 |
| 2. | 0 | UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20 LW_UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20_20000022 | IP: 192.168.4.212 🗭 S/N: 20000022 | PACKAGE: v FW: v1.11.0 |
| 3. | O | UCX-2x1-TPX-TX20 MR6_Table | IP: 192.168.4.220 🗭 S/N: E3410089 | PACKAGE: V FW: v1.10.0 |
| 4. | O | UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20 UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20_00009064 | IP: 192.168.5.167 🗭 S/N: 00009064 | PACKAGE: V FW: v0.0.25 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Hostname: | ADD DEVICE | |

If you start the update by double-clicking on the LFP file, the screen above will be loaded right away.

The Meaning of the Symbols



The log about the updating process of the device can be displayed in a new window.

The device is in bootload mode. Backup and restore cannot be performed in this case.

| | × | Package versi | on: v1.11.0b3 🚯 |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | |
| ~ | | | |
| 1.10.0b2 b2 | HW: V11_AAAX | | |
| 1.11.0b3 b3 | HW: V11_AAAX | | |
| 1.10.0b2 b2 | HW: V11_IAAX | | |
| 0.0.255b255 5b255 | HW: V12_AXAX | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Y DIS | |
| | UP | DATE OPTIONS | START UPDATE |

Step 2. Select the desired devices for updating

Select the devices for updating; the selected line will be highlighted in green.

| CKAGE | 10.00 Mar 200 | KAGE FILE D:\taurus_ucx_tpx_tx20_v | /1.11.0b3.lfp2 | | | Package version: v1.11.0b3 🚯 |
|------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--------------|------------------------------|
| VICES DE/SELE | CT ALL | Ţ | Show: O All devices | ort by: 🥥 IP | • | |
| 1. | | UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 @ P LW_UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20_00008643 | IP: 192.168.0.114 | PACKAGE: v1.10.0b2 FW: v1.10.0b2 | HW: V11_AAAX | |
| 2. | | UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20 LW_UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20_20000022 | IP: 192.168.4.212 🗭 S/N: 20000022 | PACKAGE: v1.11.0b3 FW: v1.11.0b3 | HW: V11_AAAX | |
| 3. | | UCX-2x1-TPX-TX20 MR6_Table | IP: 192.168.4.220 🕜 S/N: E3410089 | PACKAGE: v1.10.0b2 FW: v1.10.0b2 | HW: V11_IAAX | |
| 4. | | UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20 LW_UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20_00009064 | IP: 192.168.5.167 🕝 S/N: 00009064 | PACKAGE: v0.0.255b255 FW: v0.0.255b255 | HW: V12_AXAX | ☆ |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

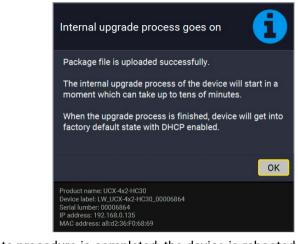
Step 3. Start the update and wait until it is finished.

Click on the **Start Update** button to start the procedure. The status is shown in percent in the right side of the device line and the overall process in the bottom progress bar. The device might reboot during the firmware update procedure.

| ICES | | | | | | |
|------|--------|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | ECT AL | L | Show: O All devices | Sort by: 📀 IP 🗸 🗸 | | |
| 1. | | UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | IP: 192.168.0.114 S/N: 00008643 | PACKAGE: v1.10.0b2 FW: v1.10.0b2 | sh | bort now 😭 atails |
| 2. | | UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20 UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20_20000022 | IP: 192.168.4.212 | PACKAGE: v1.11.0b3 FW: v1.11.0b3 | HW: V11_AAAX | |
| 3. | | UCX-2x1-TPX-TX20 MR6_Table | IP: 192.168.4.220 🗹 S/N: E3410089 | PACKAGE: v1.10.0b2 FW: v1.10.0b2 | HW: V11_IAAX | |
| 4. | | UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20 UCX-4x3-TPX-TX20_00009064 | IP: 192.168.5.167 🗭 S/N: 00009064 | PACKAGE: v0.0.255b255 FW: v0.0.255b255 | HW: V12_AXAX | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | ADD DEVICE | | All Network Interfaces DISCOVER | DEVICES |
| | | | 23% | | UPDATE OPTIONS START U | |

When the progress bar reaches 100% (**Done** is displayed at all devices), the update of all devices are finished successfully and a message appears; you can close the software.

Step 4. Wait until the unit reboots with the new firmware.

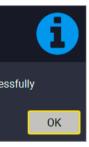


Once the firmware update procedure is completed, the device is rebooted with the new firmware. Shutting down and restarting the device is recommended.

Message

All 1 device(s) have been successfully updated.

START UPDATE (1)

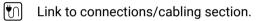




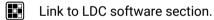
Troubleshooting

Usually, is the system seems not to transport the signal as expected, the best strategy for troubleshooting is to check signal integrity through the whole signal chain starting from source side and moving forward to receiver end.

First, check the front panel LEDs and take the necessary steps according to their states. For more information about status LEDs, refer to the Front Panel LEDs and Rear Panel LEDs sections.



œ Link to device operation section.





- Link to LW2 protocol commands section.
- LW3 Link to LW3 protocol commands section.
- Use Case Studies
- ▶ How to Speed Up the Troubleshooting Process

11.1. Use Case Studies

| Symptom | Root cause | Action | R | efer to |
|--|--|--|-----|-----------------------|
| | | Video layer | | |
| | Device(s) not powered properly | Check the switcher and the other devices if they are properly powered; try to unplug and reconnect them. | ٣ſ | 4.7 |
| | Cable connection problem | Cables must fit very well, check all the connectors. | ٣ | 4.7 |
| No picture on the video output | No incoming signal | No video signal is present on the HDMI input ports. Check the source device and the HDMI cables. | ٣ | 4.7 |
| | Not the proper video port is the active one | Check the video crosspoint settings. | | 3.1.1 6.7 9.6.1 |
| | Not the proper interface is the active one | If the source/display has more connectors, check if the proper interface is selected. | | 5.0.1 |
| | Output port is muted | Check the mute state of output ports. | LW3 | 6.7.1 9.6.4 |
| | Display is not able to receive the video format | Check the emulated EDID and select another (e.g. emulate the display's EDID on the input port). | LW3 | 6.11.1 9.13.4 |
| | HDCP is disabled | Enable HDCP on input port(s) of the switcher. | LW3 | 6.8 9.6.12 |
| No picture on the video output + signal error rate is high, HDMI2.0 | The source sends 4K signals, but the emulated EDID does not support | Check the emulated EDID and select another (e.g. F139 EDID on the input port). | | 6.11.1 |
| scrambling is disabled, clock rate is set 1:10 | this resolution. | | LW3 | 9.13.4 |

| Symptom | Root cause | Action | R | efer to |
|---|---|---|----|---------|
| | The source is not able to send 4K60Hz | Check the documentation of the source and the ability of the connected port. Certain USB-C ports are only for power and not for video transmission. The icons beside the port can help. | | |
| | The source PC or BYOD resolution is not 4K60Hz | Check the source resolution and modify it if necessary. Certain sources require restarting. | | |
| No 4K60 video signal on the USB-C input | The USB-C cable is not appropriate | The USB-C standard allows two cable types: the Full-Featured Type-C Cable Assembly or 2.0 Type-C Cable Assembly. The latter one will not operate with 4K60Hz. | ٣ſ | 4.5 |
| ood o mpat | | Always use high-quality cables. The no-name USB 3.1 Gen1-compatible cables can use only 2 SS channels instead of 4. The minimum cable requirement is USB 3.1 Gen1-compatiblity and support of Displayport HBR2. | ٣ſ | 4.5 |
| | | The active Thunderbolt3 cable is not appropriate, because it is not compatible backwards (with USB 3.x or DP). The passive TBT3 (20Gbps) cable may be appropriate if it supports USB3 Gen1 or Gen2 and Displayport. | ٣ſ | 4.5 |
| | | USB layer | | |
| The USB 2.0 data transmission does not operate | IR drop level of the USB Type-C cable is low. | It can cause communication problems. Always use high quality cables. | 1 | 4.5 |
| The USB 2.0 data transmission or Power delivery do not operate | If the resistor of the conductor in USB-C cable is too high, the voltage difference could be more than 0.25V, which can cause USB 2.0 or Power Delivery communication problems. | Always use high quality cables. | ٣ | 4.5 |

| Symptom | Root cause | Action | R | efer to |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---------|
| | Power via USB-C | | | |
| | The BYOD needs more than 60W | Make sure the Power Allocation is set to Auto or increase the minimum output power | | 4.3 |
| BYOD charges slowly | | | | 6.13.4 |
| Slowly | Not proper the power setting of the USB-C port | Check the output power setting the connected port. | | 6.10.1 |

11.2. How to Speed Up the Troubleshooting Process

Lightware's technical support team is always working hard to provide the fastest support possible. Our team's response time is one of the best in the industry and in the toughest of cases we can directly consult with the hardware or software engineer who designed the product to get the information from the most reliable source.

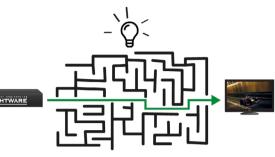
However, the troubleshooting process can be even faster... with your help.

There are certain pieces of information that push us in the right direction to find the root cause of the problem. If we receive most of this information in the first e-mail or it is gathered at the time when you call us, then there is a pretty high chance that we will be able to respond with the final solution right away.

This information is the following:

- Schematic (a pdf version is preferred, but a hand drawing is sufficient).
- Serial number(s) of the device(s) (it is either printed somewhere on the box or you can query it in the Device Controller software or on the built-in website).
- Firmware versions of the devices (please note that there may be multiple CPUs or controllers in the device and we need to know all of their firmware versions, a screenshot is the best option).
- Cable lengths and types (in our experience, it's usually the cable).
- Patch panels, gender changers or anything else in the signal path that can affect the transmission.
- Signal type (resolution, refresh rate, color space, deep color).
- Emulated EDID(s) (please save them as a file and send it to us).
- Actions to take in order to re-create the problem (if we cannot reproduce the problem, it is hard for us to find the cause).
- Photo or video about the problem ('image noise' can mean many different things, it's better if we see it too).
- Error logs from the Device Controller software.
- In the case of an Event Manager issue the event file and/or backup file from the Device Controller software.

The more of the information above you can give us, the better. Please send this information to the Lightware Support Team (support@lightware.com) to speed up the troubleshooting process.





Technologies

The following sections contain descriptions and useful technical information on how the devices work in the background. The content is based on experiences and cases we met in the practice. These sections help understand features and technical standards like the following:

- EDID MANAGEMENT
- HDCP MANAGEMENT
- PIXEL ACCURATE RECLOCKING

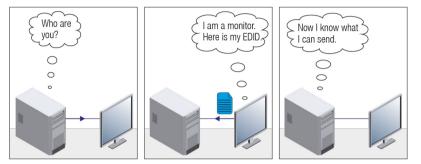
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12.1. EDID Management

12.1.1. Understanding the EDID

The Extended Display Identification Data (EDID) is the passport of display devices (monitors, TV sets, projectors). It contains information about the capabilities of the display, such as supported resolutions, refresh rates (these are called Detailed Timings), the type and manufacturer of the display device, etc.

After connecting a source to a display (DVI, HDMI, DP), the source reads out the EDID to determine the resolution and refresh rate of the image to be transmitted.



EDID Communication

Most DVI computer displays have a 128-byte long EDID structure. However, Digital Televisions and HDMI capable displays may have another 128 bytes, which is called E-EDID and defined is by CEA (Consumer Electronics Association). This extension contains information about additional Detailed Timings, audio capabilities, speaker allocation and HDMI capabilities. It is important to know that all HDMI capable devices must have CEA extension, but not all devices with CEA extension are HDMI capable.

Common Problems Related to EDID

- Problem: "My system consists of the following: a computer, a Lightware device, a WUXGA (1920x1200) LCD monitor, and an SXGA (1280x1024) projector. I would like to see the same image on the monitor and the projector. What EDID should I choose on the Lightware device?"
- Solution: If you want to see the image on both displays, you need to select the resolution of the smaller display (in this case SXGA), otherwise the smaller display may not show the higher resolution image.
- Problem: "I have changed to a different EDID on an input port of the Lightware device to have a different resolution, but nothing happens."
- Solution: Some graphics cards and video sources read out the EDID only after power-up and later they do not sense that the EDID has been changed. You need to restart your source to make it read out the EDID again.

12.1.2. Advanced EDID Management

Each DVI sink (e.g. monitors, projectors, plasma displays, etc...) must support the EDID data structure. Source BIOS and operating systems are likely to query the sink using DDC2B protocol to determine what pixel formats and interface are supported. The DVI standard uses EDID data structure to identify the monitor type and capabilities. Most DVI sources (VGA cards, set top boxes, etc.) will output DVI signal after accepting the connected sink's EDID information. In the case of EDID readout failure or missing EDID, the source will not output DVI video signal.

Lightware devices provide the Advanced EDID Management function that helps system integration. The built-in EDID Router can store and emulate factory pre-programmed- and User programmable EDIDs. The EDID of the attached monitors or projectors for each output is stored in a non-volatile memory. This way the EDID of a monitor is available when the monitor is unplugged or switched off.

Any EDID can be emulated on any input. An emulated EDID can be copied from the EDID router's memory (static EDID emulation), or from the last attached monitor's memory (dynamic EDID emulation). For example, the Lightware device can be set up to emulate a sink device that is connected to one of the outputs. In this case, the EDID automatically changes if the monitor is replaced with another display device (as long as it has a valid EDID).

EDID is independently programmable for all inputs without affecting each other. All inputs have their own EDID circuit.

INFO: The user is not required to disconnect the video cable to change an EDID as opposed to other manufacturer's products. The EDID can be changed even if a source is connected to the input and powered ON.

INFO: When the EDID has been changed, the router toggles the HOTPLUG signal for 2 seconds. Some sources do not sense this signal. In such cases, the source device must be restarted or powered OFF and ON again.

12.2. HDCP Management

Lightware Visual Engineering is a legal HDCP adopter. Several functions have been developed that help to solve HDCP related problems. Complex AV systems often have both HDCP and non-HDCP components. The matrix allows transmitting HDCP encrypted and unencrypted signals. The devices will be still HDCP compliant, as they will never output an encrypted signal to a non-HDCP compliant display device. If an encrypted signal is switched to a non-compliant output, a red screen alert or muted screen will appear.

12.2.1. Protected and Unprotected Content

Many video sources send HDCP protected signal if they detect that the sink is HDCP capable – even if the content is not copyrighted. This can cause trouble if an HDCP capable device is connected between the source and the display. In this case, the content cannot be viewed on non-HDCP capable displays and interfaces like event controllers. Rental and staging technicians often complain about certain laptops that always send HDCP encrypted signals if the receiver device (display, matrix router, etc.) reports HDCP compliancy. However, HDCP encryption is not required all the time (e.g. computer desktop image), certain laptops still do that.

To avoid unnecessary HDCP encryption, Lightware introduced the HDCP enabling/disabling function: the HDCP capability can be disabled in the Lightware device. If HDCP is disabled, the connected source will detect that the sink is not HDCP capable, and turn off authentication.

12.2.2. Disable Unnecessary Encryption

HDCP Compliant Sink

All the devices are HDCP-compliant, no manual setting is required, both protected and unprotected contents are transmitted and displayed on the sink.



Not HDCP-compliant Sink 1.

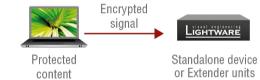
Not-HDCP compliant sink is connected to the matrix. Some sources (e.g. computers) always send HDCP encrypted signals if the receiver device reports HDCP compliancy, however, HDCP encryption is not required all the time (e.g. computer desktop image). If HDCP is enabled in the matrix, the image will not be displayed on the sink.



Setting the HDCP parameter to Auto on the output port and disabling HDCP on the input port, the transmitted signal will not be encrypted if the content is not protected. Thus, non-HDCP compliant sinks will display non-encrypted signal.

Not HDCP-compliant Sink 2.

The layout is the same as in the previous case: non-HDCP compliant display device is connected to the matrix, but the source would send protected content with encryption. If HDCP is enabled on the input port of the matrix, the source will send encrypted signal.



The sink is not HDCP compliant, thus it will not display the video signal (but blank/red/muted/etc. screen). If HDCP is disabled on the input port of the matrix, the source will not send the signal. The solution is to replace the display device with an HDCP-capable one.



12.2.3. HDCP v2.2

HDCP v2.2 is the latest evolution of copy protection. It is designed to create a secure connection between a source and a display. The 2.x version of HDCP is not a continuation of HDCPv1, and is rather a completely different link protection. One of the main differences is the number of the allowed devices within a closed A/V system: HDCP v2.2 allows 32 devices (HDCP v1.4 allows 128 devices). Further limit is that up to four level is allowed, which means the protected signal can be transmitted over at most four repeater/matrix/ switcher device. HDCP content protection is activated only if an active video stream is transmitted from the source to the display. The encryption is not activated without a video signal.

HDCP v2.2 standard allows to apply a previous version of HDCP (e.g. HDCP v1.4) between the source and the display if the source device allows it. According to the standard, if the image content is protected with HDCP, the highest supported content protection level has to be applied. However, if the highest level of protection is not justified by the source content, the level may be decreased to avoid compatibility problems: this case is determined by the source.

HDCP v2.2 Source and HDCP v1.4 Sink

In this case the signal of an HDCP v2.2 compliant source is switched to an HDCP v1.4 compliant sink device. The signal is encrypted with HDCP v2.2 on the input and encrypted with HDCP v1.4 on the output of the Lightware device. A lower level of encryption may be applied only if the source device/content allows it according to the HDCP standard. In this case the HDCP setting on the input port has to be set to HDCP 1.4 and Depends on input on the output port.



HDCP v1.4 Source and HDCP v2.2 Sink

The example below is the reversal of the previous case. An HDCP v1.4 compliant source sends a signal with HDCP v1.4 encryption. The signal is switched to an HDCP v2.2 compliant sink device. In this case the outgoing signal has to be encrypted with the highest supported encryption level towards the sink, as the Lightware device and the sink are both HDCP v2.2 compliant. The HDCP v2.2 standard does not allow keeping the original HDCP v1.4 encryption level on the output.



What Kind of Signal Will be on the Output of the Lightware Device?

See the table below summarizing the possible cases:

| Incoming Signal | HDCP v1.4 Compatible Sink on the Output | HDCP v2.2. Compatible Sink on the Output |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| HDCP v1.4 | HDCP v1.4 | HDCP v2.2 |
| HDCP v2.2 (convertable)* | HDCP v1.4 | HDCP v2.2 |
| HDCP v2.2 (not convertable)* | Red screen | HDCP v2.2 |

* Stream type 0: the video stream allows to convert the signal to apply a lower level of encryption.

** Stream type 1: the video stream does not allow to convert the signal.



HDCP 2.2 Compliant sink

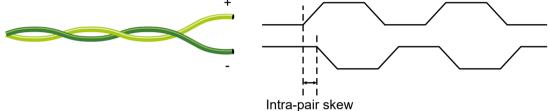
12.3. Pixel Accurate Reclocking

Signal reclocking is an essential procedure in digital signal transmission. After passing the reclocking circuit, the signal becomes stable, jitter-free, and can be transmitted over more equipment like processors or event controllers. Without reclocking, sparkles, noise, and jaggies appear on the image.

Lightware's sophisticated Pixel Accurate Reclocking technology fixes more problems than general TMDS reclocking. It removes not only intra-pair skew, but inter-pair skew as well. The Pixel Accurate Reclocking circuit eliminates the following errors:

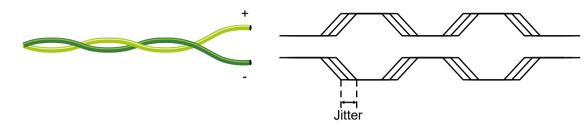
Intra-pair skew

Skew between the + and - wires within a differential wire pair (e.g. Data2- and Data2+). It's caused by different wire lengths or slightly different wire construction (impedance mismatch) in the DVI cable. It results in jitter.



Jitter

Signal instability in the time domain. The time difference between two signal transitions should be a fixed value, but noise and other effects cause variations.



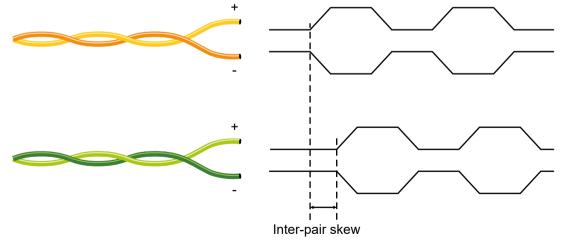
Noise

Electromagnetic interference between other electronic devices such as mobile phones, motors, etc. and the DVI cable are coupled onto the signal. Too much noise results in increased jitter.



Inter-pair skew

Skew between two differential wire pairs in a cable. It is caused by different wire pair lengths or different number of twists in the DVI cable. Too much inter-pair skew results in color shift in the picture or sync loss.



www. , smm 3 Martin hu share sha



Appendix

Tables, drawings, guides, technical details and hashtag keyword list as follows:

- SPECIFICATIONS
- PORT NUMBERING
- ► APPLIED PORTS (NETWORK SETTINGS)
- FACTORY EDID LIST
- CABLE WIRING GUIDE
- ► FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS
- CONTENT OF THE BACKUP FILE
- MECHANICAL DRAWINGS
- ► FIRMWARE RELEASE NOTES FOR UCX-TX DEVICES
- HASHTAG KEYWORD LIST
- FURTHER INFORMATION

13.1. Specifications

13.1.1. UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20, UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20

General

| Compliance | CE, UKCA |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Electrical safety | EN 62368-1:2020 |
| EMC (emission) | EN 55032:2015+A1:2020 |
| EMC (immunity) | EN 55035:2017+A11:2020 |
| RoHS | EN 63000:2018 |
| Warranty | 3 years |
| Operating temperature | 0° to +50°C (+32° to +122°F) |
| Operating humidity | 10% to 90%, non-condensing |
| Cooling | Cooling fan |

Power (UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20)

| Power supply option | External 220W Power Supply |
|------------------------|---|
| Supported power source | 100-240 V AC; 50/60 Hz |
| AC power plug | Interchangeable (EZ, UK, JP/US, AUS/NZ) |
| Battery cell type | BR1632A |
| Power consumption | 183 W (max, calculated) |
| Heat dissipation | 624.5 BTU/h (max) |

Power (UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20)

| Power supply option | External 160W Power Supply |
|------------------------|---|
| Supported power source | 100-240 V AC; 50/60 Hz |
| AC power plug | Interchangeable (EZ, UK, JP/US, AUS/NZ) |
| Battery cell type | BR1632A |
| Power consumption | 127 W (max, measured) |
| Heat dissipation | 433.3 BTU/h (max) |

Enclosure

| Rack mountable | yes |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Enclosure material | 1 mm steel |
| Dimensions (mm) | 271 W x 140.3 D x 26 H |
| Dimensions (inch) | 10.7 W x 5.57 D x 1.01 H |
| Weight | 1050 g (2.31 lb) |

Video inputs

USB-C input

| 24-po |
|-----------------|
| DP 1.2 |
| HDCP |
| RGB, Y |
| 0 fram |
| 4096x clock) |
| all for |
| yes |
| |

HDMI input

| Connector type | 19-po lockir |
|---|-----------------|
| AV standard | DVI 1 |
| Maximum data rate | 18Gb |
| Maximum pixel clock | 597M |
| HDCP compliance | HDCF |
| Color space | RGB, |
| Video delay | 0 fran |
| Max. video resolution | 4096x clock |
| Max. input HDMI cable length (with premium certified cable) at 3840x2160@60Hz 4:4:4 | 5m |
| Re-clocking | Pixel |
| 3D support | yes |
| Audio mode | simul the A |
| Supported audio formats for pass-through | All HD |
| Supported audio formats for de-embedding | Unco |
| Compressed | Dolby TrueF |

ole USB type C receptacle

.2a

P 1.4, HDCP 2.2

YCbCr

me

5x2160@60Hz RGB 4:4:4 (up to 600MHz pixel k); 1920x1080@120Hz, 36 bit

ormats in line with HDMI 2.0 standard

ole HDMI Type A receptacle (with screw ing option)

1.0; HDMI 1.4; HDMI 2.0

bps

MHz

P 1.4; HDCP 2.2

, YCbCr

me

6x2160@60Hz RGB 4:4:4 (up to 600MHz pixel k); 1920x1080@120Hz, 36 bit

Accurate Re-clocking

ultaneous pass-through and de-embedding to Audio layer

IDMi 2.0 audio formats

ompressed

by Digital, DTS; Compressed HBR; Dolby HD; DTS-HD

Video Outputs

TPN output

| Connector type | RJ45 connector |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Power over Ethernet | POE PD (IEEE802.3af) |
| Data rate | 10GBase-T |
| Compliance | AVXT |
| HDCP compliance | HDCP 2.3 |
| Transferred signals | Video, Audio, USB 2.0, RS-232, OCS, Ethernet |
| Color space | RGB, YCbCr |
| Supported resolutions at 8bits/color | up to 4096x2160@60Hz 4:4:4 |
| Audio formats | 8-channel PCM, Dolby TrueHD, DTS-HD Master Audio 7.1 |

HDMI output

| Connector type | 19-pole HDMI Type A receptacle (with screw locking option) |
|-----------------------|--|
| AV standard | DVI 1.0; HDMI 1.4; HDMI 2.0 |
| HDCP compliance | HDCP 1.4, HDCP 2.2 |
| Color space | RGB, YCbCr |
| Supported resolutions | up to UHD/4K@60Hz 4:4:4 |
| Audio formats | 8-channel PCM, Dolby TrueHD, DTS-HD Master Audio 7.1 |

Audio Ports

Analog audio output

| Connector type | 5-pole Phoenix connector |
|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Audio formats | 2-ch PCM |
| Sampling frequency | 48kHz |
| Volume | -95.62 dB-0 dB |
| Balance | -100 - +100 (0 is center) |

Control ports

USB ports

| Connector type | A-type receptacle |
|----------------|-------------------|
| USB compliance | USB 2.0 |
| Connector type | mini B-type |
| USB compliance | UCB 2.0 |

| Connector type | B-type receptacle |
|----------------|-------------------|
| USB compliance | USB 2.0 |

| USB compliance | USB 2.0 |
|----------------------------|---|
| Ethernet ports | |
| Connector type | RJ45 female connector |
| Ethernet data rate | 10/100/100 Base-T, full duplex with auto detect |
| Power over ethernet (PoE) | Not supported |
| RS-232 ports | |
| Connector type | 3-pole Phoenix connector |
| Baud rates | between 9600 and 115200 baud |
| Data bits | 8 |
| Parity | None, Odd/Even |
| Stop bits | 1/2 |
| Output voltage: Low level | 3 - 15V |
| Output voltage: High level | -15V - 3V |
| GPIO ports | |
| Connector type | 8-pole Phoenix connector |
| Function (pin 1-6) | Configurable (input/output) |
| Function (pin 7) | 5V output |

| USB compliance | USB 2.0 | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Ethernet ports | | | |
| Connector type | RJ45 female connector | | |
| Ethernet data rate | 10/100/100 Base-T, full duplex with auto detect | | |
| Power over ethernet (PoE) | Not supported | | |
| RS-232 ports | | | |
| Connector type | 3-pole Phoenix connector | | |
| Baud rates | between 9600 and 115200 baud | | |
| Data bits | 8 | | |
| Parity | None, Odd/Even | | |
| Stop bits | 1/2 | | |
| Output voltage: Low level | 3 - 15V | | |
| Output voltage: High level | -15V - 3V | | |
| GPIO ports | | | |
| Connector type | 8-pole Phoenix connector | | |
| Function (pin 1-6) | Configurable (input/output) | | |
| Function (pin 7) | 5V output | | |

| USB 2.0 |
|---|
| |
| RJ45 female connector |
| 10/100/100 Base-T, full duplex with auto detect |
| Not supported |
| |
| 3-pole Phoenix connector |
| between 9600 and 115200 baud |
| 8 |
| None, Odd/Even |
| 1/2 |
| 3 - 15V |
| -15V - 3V |
| |
| 8-pole Phoenix connector |
| Configurable (input/output) |
| 5V output |
| Ground |
| |

INFO: Specifications are subject to change without notice.

13.2. Port Numbering

Audio/Video Ports

| | Model name | UCX-4x3- | TPN-TX20 | UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | | |
|----------|------------------|---------------------------|----------|------------------|----------------|--|
| | Port name | Video port nr. Audio port | | Video port nr. | Audio port nr. | |
| | USB-C in 1 | 11 | 11 | l1 | 1 | |
| হ | USB-C in 2 | 12 | 12 | - | - | |
| Inputs | HDMI in 3 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | |
| <u>=</u> | HDMI in 4 | 4 | 14 | - | - | |
| | Welcome Screen | 15 | - | 15 | - | |
| | TPN out 1 | 01 | 01 | 01 | 01 | |
| lts | HDMI out 1 | 02 | 02 | - | - | |
| Outputs | HDMI out 2 | 03 | 03 | - | - | |
| 0 0 | HDMI out 3 | - | - | - | - | |
| | Analog audio out | alog audio out - | | - | 02 | |

USB Ports

| 1 | Model name | UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| | Port name | USB port nr. | | | | |
| ε_ | USB-C Host 1 | U1 | U1 | | | |
| Upstream Facing Ports | USB-C Host 2 | U2 | - | | | |
| Fac Po | USB-B Host 3 | U3 | U2 | | | |
| 5 | USB-B Host 4 | U4 | - | | | |
| | USB hub | H1 | H1 | | | |
| ub/ ear | USB Device 1 | D1 | D1 | | | |
| Dort Port | USB Device 2 | D2 | D2 | | | |
| USB Hub/ Downstream Port | USB Device 3 | D3 | D3 | | | |
| ă | USB Device 4 | D4 | D4 | | | |

Ethernet Ports

| Model name | UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 |
|------------|------------------|------------------|
| Port name | Ethernet | t port nr. |
| Ethernet 1 | P1 | P1 |
| Ethernet 2 | P2 | P2 |
| Ethernet 3 | P3 | P3 |
| USB-C in 1 | P4 | P4 |
| USB-C in 2 | P5 | - |

GPIO

| Port name | Port nr. |
|-----------|----------|
| GPI01 | P1 |
| GPI02 | P2 |
| GPI03 | P3 |
| GPIO4 | P4 |
| GPI05 | P5 |
| GPI06 | P6 |

RS-232 Ports

| Port name | Port nr. | Serial over IP port nr. |
|-----------|----------|-------------------------|
| RS-232 1 | P1 | 8001 |
| RS-232 2 | P2 | 8002 |

13.3. Applied Ports (Network Settings)

The following ports are necessary to pass via a network switch/firewall for a proper working between the device and the software:

| Purpose/function | Protocol | Port nr. |
|---|----------|--------------------|
| | UDP | 69 |
| Firmware update TFTP | UDP | 49990 |
| | UDP | 49995 |
| Device Discovery | UDP | 224.0.0.251:5353 |
| Remote IP | UDP | 230.76.87.82:37421 |
| HTTP - file transfer and update API | TCP | 80 |
| Used for HTTP access between the control software and BlueRiver Control Server | ТСР | 6970 |
| HTTPS - file transfer and update API | TCP | 443 |
| LW3 control API | TCP | 6107 |
| Used for communications between the control software and BlueRiver Control Server | ТСР | 6970 |

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13.5. Factory EDID List

| Mem | | Resol | ution | | Туре | EDID features |
|-----|--------|-------|---------|----|------|-------------------------------|
| F1 | 640 x | 480p | @ 60.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F2 | 848 x | 480p | @ 60.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F3 | 800 x | 600p | @ 60.32 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F4 | 1024 x | 768p | @ 60.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F5 | 1280 x | 768p | @ 50.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F6 | 1280 x | 768p | @ 59.94 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F7 | 1280 x | 768p | @ 75.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F8 | 1360 x | 768p | @ 60.02 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F9 | 1280 x | 1024p | @ 50.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F10 | 1280 x | 1024p | @ 60.02 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F11 | 1280 x | 1024p | @ 75.02 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F12 | 1400 x | 1050p | @ 50.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F13 | 1400 x | 1050p | @ 60.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F14 | 1400 x | 1050p | @ 75.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F15 | 1680 x | 1050p | @ 60.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F16 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 50.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F17 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F18 | 2048 x | 1080p | @ 50.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F19 | 2048 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F20 | 1600 x | 1200p | @ 50.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F21 | 1600 x | 1200p | @ 60.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F22 | 1920 x | 1200p | @ 50.00 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F23 | 1920 x | 1200p | @ 59.56 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F24 | 2048 x | 1200p | @ 59.96 | Hz | D | DVI |
| F29 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | U | DVI |
| F30 | 1440 x | 480i | @ 60.05 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F31 | 1440 x | 576i | @ 50.08 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F32 | 640 x | 480p | @ 59.95 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F33 | 720 x | 480p | @ 59.94 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F34 | 720 x | 576p | @ 50.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |

| Mem | | Reso | lution | | Туре | EDID features |
|------|--------|-------|---------|----|------|---|
| F35 | 1280 x | 720p | @ 50.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F36 | 1280 x | 720p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F37 | 1920 x | 1080i | @ 50.04 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F38 | 1920 x | 1080i | @ 50.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F39 | 1920 x | 1080i | @ 60.05 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F40 | 1920 x | 1080i | @ 60.05 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F41 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 24.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F42 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 25.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F43 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 30.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F44 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 50.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F45 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 59.94 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F46 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F47 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | U | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F48 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | U | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 8CH_AUD |
| F49 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | U | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; DC30; DC36; YUVDC; 8CH_AUD |
| F98 | 1280 x | 720p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD; 3D |
| F99 | 1920 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD; 3D |
| F100 | 1024 x | 768p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F101 | 1280 x | 1024p | @ 50.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F102 | 1280 x | 1024p | @ 60.02 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F103 | 1280 x | 1024p | @ 75.02 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F104 | 1600 x | 1200p | @ 50.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F105 | 1600 x | 1200p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F106 | 1920 x | 1200p | @ 59.56 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F107 | 2560 x | 1440p | @ 59.95 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F108 | 2560 x | 1600p | @ 59.86 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F109 | 3840 x | 2400p | @ 24.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F110 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 24.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F111 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 25.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F112 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 30.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |

| Mem | | Resol | ution | | Туре | EDID features |
|------|--------|-------|---------|----|------|---|
| F118 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 30.00 | Hz | U | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F119 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 30.00 | Hz | U | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 8CH_AUD |
| F120 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; YUV420; 2CH_AUD |
| F121 | 1440 x | 1080p | @ 59.91 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F122 | 2560 x | 2048p | @ 59.98 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F123 | 1280 x | 800p | @ 59.91 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F124 | 1440 x | 900p | @ 59.90 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F125 | 1366 x | 768p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F126 | 1600 x | 900p | @ 59.98 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F127 | 2048 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F128 | 2560 x | 1080p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F129 | 3440 x | 1440p | @ 24.99 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F130 | 3440 x | 1440p | @ 29.99 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F131 | 4096 x | 2160p | @ 25.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F132 | 4096 x | 2160p | @ 30.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F133 | 4096 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | 4 | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; YUV420; 2CH_AUD |
| F134 | 3440 x | 1440p | @ 23.99 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F135 | 4096 x | 2160p | @ 24.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F136 | 3840 x | 2400p | @ 29.99 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F137 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F138 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 50.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F139 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; YUV420; 2CH_AUD |
| F140 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; YUV420; 8CH_AUD |
| F141 | 4096 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F142 | 4096 x | 2160p | @ 50.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F143 | 4096 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; YUV420; 2CH_AUD |
| F144 | 4096 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; YUV420; 8CH_AUD |
| F145 | 2560 x | 2048p | @ 49.97 | Hz | Н | HDMI; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |
| F146 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV420; DC30; DC36; YUVDC; YUV420_DC30; YUV420_DC36; 2CH_AUD; HDR |
| F147 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | н | HDMI; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; 2CH_AUD |

| Mem | | Resol | ution | | Туре | |
|------|--------|-------|---------|----|------|--------------------------|
| F148 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; |
| F154 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | н | HDMI; DC36; AUD; F |
| F155 | 3840 x | 2160p | @ 60.00 | Hz | Н | HDMI; DC36; AUD; F |

Legend

D: DVI EDID

H: HDMI EDID

U: Universal EDID, supporting many standard resolutions:

- F29: Universal EDID for DVI signals (no audio support).
- F47: HDMI EDID supporting PCM audio.
- F48: HDMI EDID supporting all type of audio.
- F49: HDMI EDID supporting all type of audio and deep color.
- F89: Universal EDID for analog signals (no audio support).
- F118: HDMI EDID supporting PCM audio and 4K@30 Hz signals.
- F119: HDMI EDID supporting all type of audio and 4K@30 Hz signals.

Please note that minor changes in the factory EDID list may be applied in further firmware versions.

EDID features

; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; 8CH_AUD

; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; YUV420; DC30; ; YUVDC; YUV420_DC30; YUV420_DC36; 2CH_ HDR

; HDMI2; YUV444; YUV422; YUV420; DC30; ; YUVDC; YUV420_DC30; YUV420_DC36; 8CH_ HDR

13.6. Cable Wiring Guide

Inputs and outputs of audio devices are symmetric or asymmetric. The main advantage of the symmetric lines is the better protection against the noise, therefore they are widely used in the professional audio industry. Symmetric audio is most often referred to as balanced audio, as opposed to asymmetric, which is referred to as unbalanced audio. Ligthware products are usually built with 5-pole Phoenix connectors, so we would like to help users assemble their own audio cables. See the most common cases below.

ATTENTION! Symmetric and asymmetric lines can be linked with passive accessories (e.g. special cables), but in this case half of the line level is lost.

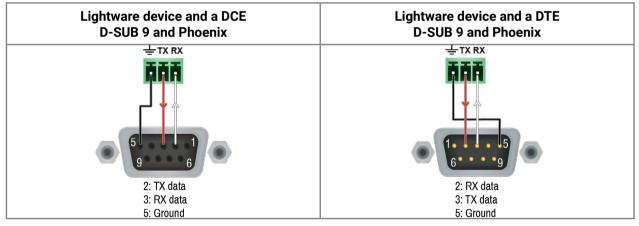
ATTENTION! There are numerous types of regularly used connector and cable types to connect audio devices. Please always make sure that a connector or cable fits your system before use.

ATTENTION! Never join the phase-inverted (negative, cold or -) poles (either right or left) to the ground or to each other on the output side, as this can damage the unit.

INFO: Use a galvanic isolation in case of a ground loop.

13.6.1. Serial Ports

The device is built with a 3-pole Phoenix connector. See the examples below of connecting to a DCE (Data Circuit-terminating Equipment) or a DTE (Data Terminal Equipment) type device:



13.6.2. Audio Ports

The Pinout of the 5-pole Phoenix Connector

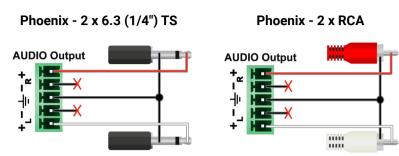
| I | T | I | T | T |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | | | |

| Pin nr. | Signal | |
|---------|--------|--|
| 1 | Left+ | |
| 2 | Left- | |
| 3 | Ground | |
| 4 | Right- | |
| 5 | Right+ | |



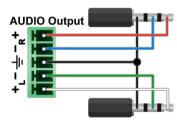
Compatible Plug Type: Phoenix[®] Combicon series (3.5mm pitch, 5-pole), type: MC 1.5/5-ST-3.5.

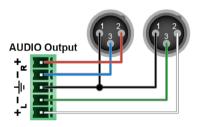
From Balanced Output to Unbalanced Input



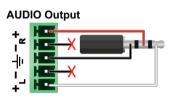
From Balanced Output to Balanced Input







Phoenix - 3.5 (1/8") TRS



13.7. Factory Default Settings

| Parameter | UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 | UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Video port settings | | | | | |
| Connected source (01/02/03) | 11/12/13 | 11/12 | | | | |
| Allowed HDCP Version (I1/I2/I3/I4) | 1.4/1.4/2.2/2.2 | 2.2/2.2 | | | | |
| Hotplug detect mode (HPD) at input ports | au | ito | | | | |
| Display Welcome Screen Image | tri | he | | | | |
| Display Welcome Screen Message | fal | se | | | | |
| Output 5V mode / signal type | on / | auto | | | | |
| Output HDCP mode | au | ito | | | | |
| Video autoselect | disa | bled | | | | |
| Emulated EDID | Factory #47: Univ | versal HDMI PCM | | | | |
| Analog audio output port settings | | | | | | |
| Volume 0 dB, 100% | | | | | | |
| Balance | 0 (center) | | | | | |
| | Network settings | | | | | |
| Factory default IP address mode DHCP | | | | | | |
| Static IP address 192.168.0.100 | | | | | | |
| Static network mask | 255.255.255.0 | | | | | |
| Static gateway address | 192.168.0.1 | | | | | |
| Hostname | lightware- <serialno></serialno> | | | | | |
| LW3 protocol | enabled | | | | | |
| HTTP, HTTPS | enabled | | | | | |
| HTTP, HTTPS authentication | disabled | | | | | |
| Authentication setting (user/password) | admin/ <not set=""></not> | | | | | |
| USB port settings | | | | | | |
| USB-C Power Limit | equal output power | 100W | | | | |
| DP Alternate Mode Policy | 4-Lane | | | | | |
| Port Power Role | dual Role | | | | | |
| Autoselect | follow video O1 | | | | | |
| D1-D4 Power 5V Mode | au | ito | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| RS-232 port settings | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| RS-232 port | 9600 BAUD, 8, N, 1 | | | |
| RS-232 serial over IP | enabled | | | |
| GPIO port settings | | | | |
| Output level | low | | | |
| Direction | input | | | |
| Miscellaneous | | | | |
| Control lock | disabled | | | |
| Dark mode | disabled | | | |
| Automatic fan control | enabled | | | |
| User EDID memory | empty | | | |
| LARA | disabled | | | |

13.8. Content of the Backup File

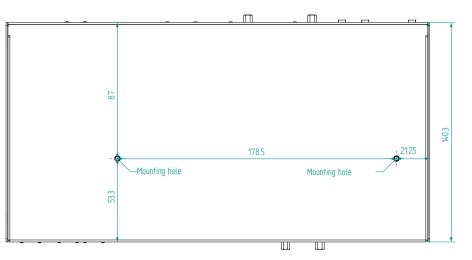
The backup file contains numerous settings and parameters saved from the device. When the file is uploaded to a device, the following will be overwritten:

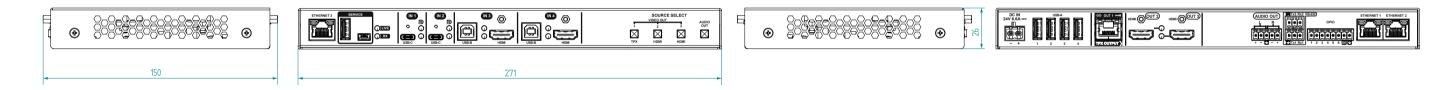
| Audio / Video crosspoint settings |
|---|
| Mute state, Lock state, Crosspoint state |
| Autoselection (mode, port priority) |
| USB ports |
| Port name, Port type, Lock state, Crosspoint state, Power +5V mode |
| Autoselection (mode, port piority) |
| Lane management status, DisplayPort Alternate Mode policy, Power role setting, Power limit |
| USB-C video parameters (HDCP mode, Output signal type, Embedded audio mute state, Power +5V mode) |
| HDMI input ports |
| Video port name, Audio port name, HDCP setting |
| HDMI output ports |
| Port name, HDCP mode, HDMI mode, Power +5V mode |
| Analog audio port |
| Port name, Volume, Balance |
| Local serial port |
| Port name, RS-232 mode, Control protocol, Baud rate, Data bits, Stop bits, Parity |
| GPIO port |
| Port name, Direction, Level |
| Network settings |
| Port name, Port status. PHY (speed and duplexity) mode |
| HTTP/HTTPS port status, HTTP/HTTPS Authentication status |
| LW3 port status, Serial port status |
| Authentication (password) |
| LARA full configuration |
| Further settings |
| Control lock status, Device label, Dark mode state, Dark mode delay |
| User EDID data (U1-U100), Emulated EDIDs by ports |
| Welcome screen status, Welcome screen parameters |
| Power supply output power limit |

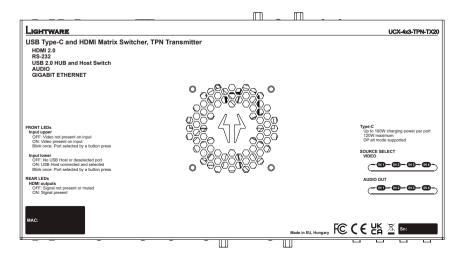
13.9. Mechanical Drawings

UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20, UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20

INFO: UCX-4x3-TPN-TX20 and UCX-2x1-TPN-TX20 models have the same size. Dimensions are in mm.







13.10. Firmware Release Notes for UCX-TX Devices

The list below shows the released firmware packages with important notes.

v1.8.0b2

Release date: 2024-04-04

New feature:

- Password history is now maintained on web authentication. The past ten passwords are no longer available to used.
- UCX-2x1-TPX-TX20 is now officially supported.
- Power Management change. PoE "auto" mode option has been removed. .
- FlowControl handling on serial port is now supported
- StreamDeck is officially supported now.
- Two lane DisplayPort alternate mode is now available as well in case the display doesn't support the four lane alternate mode setting.

v1.7.0b6

Release date: 2024-01-16

New feature:

- Disabled USB-C Ethernet ports are also disabling the ethernet bridge now.
- Complete redesign of the WebLDC's session management. A new logout button has been introduced for logging out from the session. After 120 minutes the session will be closed and the user is going to be logged out automatically. After 15 minutes of inactivity the session will be closed also. 2 minutes prior to the inactivity logout the user has to option to confirm the willingness to keep using the system.
- LARA 1.2 integration.
- Time zones are available option now for timed events. A new optional NTP service has been introduced. A new LW API has been introduced for date/time settings. The device does observe now both the UTC and both the local times.
- RX ethernet ports can be enabled / disabled now from the TPX-TX's WebLDC. A new LW API has been introduced for the ethernet port handling. The transparent VLAN mode will remain as a default.
- UCX-2x1-TPX-TX20 is supported now.
- Separated VLAN presents are available now. WebLDC supports now the selection of the different presets.

v1.4.0b8

Release date: 2023-11-09

New feature:

- Health Status improvement AVX and 10G PHY temperatures are now available on the WebLDC.
- RX Audio DAC volume (% and dB) is now configurable at WebLDC.

v1.3.0b4

Release date: 2023-09-28

New feature:

- Lara 1.1.10 integration
- UDP and TCP ports between 20.000 and 30.000 are free to use including from LARA scripts. The clear list of the open new ports are included in the LARA disclaimer.
- AVX firmware version upgrade from 1.5 into 2.0.
- Please update your TPX firmware version into 2.3.0b15 to avoid any behavior issues.

v1.2.0b3

Release date: 2023-09-07

New feature:

- The extended serial port is configurable now.
- RX Ethernet ports can be disabled/enabled now.
- Power modes of the RX USB-A ports are adjustable now (Auto/Off).
- Health statuses (AVX and 10G PHY temperatures) are available now.
- RX OCS is available and configurable now.

v1.1.0b4

Release date: 2023-08-15

New feature:

- 100W charging settings are available now on the user interface
- LARA v1.1.9 has been integrated. For more information please read the LARA release notes.

Bugfix:

- The following properties can be set to On or Off mode: /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.0utput5VMode /V1/ MEDIA/VIDEO/02.Output5VMode Auto mode will be available in a future release.
- Ethernet port P5 is counting TX Ethernet packets even if there is no connection. /MEDIA/ETHERNET/ P5/COUNTERS.TxCounter Ethernet packet transmission on P5 is not affected by this issue. This Ethernet port works as expected other than the incorrect TX counter value.
- If a USB Host without DisplayPort Alterante mode support is connected to one of the USB Type-C connectors, then the ActiveAltMode property erroneously reads as DP. /V1/MEDIA/USB/ U1.ActiveAltMode=DP This issue causes Lightware Device Controller to erroneously display a yellow "DP" indicator on the port panel, which means the connection successfully entered DisplayPort Alterante mode. The following property describing the DisplayPort Alterante mode capability of the connected Host works as expected. /V1/MEDIA/USB/U1.HostSupportsDpAltMode=false USB and Displayport Data transmission is not affected.
- An external control system using LW3 protocol subscribed to an HDMI output node OPEN /V1/ MEDIA/VIDEO/01 might not receive all CHG messages related to the presence of embedded audio

on the output. For example if the video crosspoint switches beteen two sources: one with- and one without embedded audio, then the following CHG messages might be missing: CHG /V1/MEDIA/ VIDEO/01.EmbeddedAudioPresent=false CHG /V1/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.EmbeddedAudioPresent=true Transmission of the embedded audio stream from input to output is unaffected. Muting the audio also works as expected.

v1.0.0b5

Release date: 2023-07-27

New feature:

 First Release of Taurus TX with: - Video extension, - USB2.0 extension, - LARA v1.1.8 has been integrated into Taurus-UCX-TX v1.0.0. For more information please read LARA release notes. - TX Serial port 3 to RX has fixed Baudrate of 115200 Limitations, will be implemented in upcoming firmware releases: -No OCS - No connection information from RX to TX - Fully transparent 1G Ethernet ports, no separation - 100W charging is going to be only available on LW3 for as of now 175

13.11. Hashtag Keyword List

This user's manual contains keywords with hashtags (#) to help you find the relevant information as quick as possible.

The format of the keywords is the following:

#<keyword>

The usage of the keywords: use the **Search** function (Ctrl+F / Cmd+F) of your PDF reader application, type the *#* (hashtag) character and the wished keyword.

The **#new** special keyword indicates a new feature/function that has just appeared in the latest firmware or software version.

Example

#dhcp

This keyword is placed at the DHCP (dynamic IP address) setting in the front panel operation, the Lightware Device Controller (LDC) and the LW3 programmer's reference section.

The following list contains all hashtag keywords placed in the document with a short description belonging to them. The list is in **alphabetical order** by the hashtag keywords.

| Hashtag Keyword ↓ [≜] | Description | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| #advancedview | Advanced view / Terminal window | | |
| #alternatemode | Displayport Alternate mode settings | | |
| #analogaudio | Analog audio related settings | | |
| #authentication | Authentication settings | | |
| #autoselect | Autoselect feature settings | | |
| #balance | Balance (for analog audio) setting | | |
| #buttonlock | Front panel button lock setting | | |
| #cablediagnostics | Cable diagnostics tool in LDC | | |
| #cec | CEC-related settings | | |
| #crosspoint | Crosspoint switch setting | | |
| #devicelabel | Device label | | |
| #dhcp | Dynamic IP address (DHCP) setting | | |
| #diagnostic | Failure diagnostic related tool/information | | |
| #displayportalternatemode | Displayport Alternate mode settings | | |
| #dpaltmode | Displayport Alternate mode settings | | |
| #edid | EDID related settings | | |
| #factory | Factory default settings | | |
| #firmwareversion | Firmware version query | | |
| #framedetector | Frame detector in LDC | | |

| Hashtag Keyword ↓ [▲] | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| #hdcp | HDCP-encryption related setting |
| #http | Http-related settings |
| #https | Https-related settings |
| #ipaddress | IP address related settings |
| #label | Device label |
| #lock | Port lock setting |
| #lockbutton | Front panel button lock setting |
| #log | System log |
| #mute | Port mute setting |
| #network | Network (IP address) related settings |
| #portstatus | Source/destination port status query |
| #power | Power sending settings |
| #producttype | Product type query |
| #reboot | Restarting the device |
| #restart | Restarting the device |
| #rs232 | RS-232 related settings |
| #rs-232 | RS-232 related settings |
| #security | Network security settings |
| #serial | RS-232 related settings |
| #serialnumber | Serial number query |
| #signaltype | HDMI/DVI signal type setting |
| #status | Status query |
| #switch | Crosspoint switch setting |
| #systemlog | System log |
| #terminal | Advanced view / Terminal window |
| #testpattern | Test pattern (no sync screen) settings |
| #unlock | Port unlock setting |
| #unmute | Port unmute setting |
| #usb | USB 2.0 interface-related settings |
| #usbc | USB-C interface-related settings |
| #volume | Volume (for analog audio) setting |
| #welcomescreen | Welcome screen settings |
| #password | Password setting |

13.12. Further Information

Limited Warranty Statement

1. Lightware Visual Engineering PLC (Lightware) warrants to all trade and end user customers that any Lightware product purchased will be free from manufacturing defects in both material and workmanship for three (3) years from purchase unless stated otherwise below. The warranty period will begin on the latest possible date where proof of purchase/delivery can be provided by the customer. In the event that no proof can be provided (empty 'Date of purchase' field or a copy of invoice), the warranty period will begin from the point of delivery from Lightware.

1.1. 25G and MODEX product series will be subject to a seven (7) year warranty period under the same terms as outlined in this document.

1.2. If during the first three (3) months of purchase, the customer is unhappy with any aspect of a Lightware product, Lightware will accept a return for full credit.

1.3. Any product that fails in the first six (6) months of the warranty period will automatically be eligible for replacement and advanced replacement where available. Any replacements provided will be warranted for the remainder of the original unit's warranty period.

1.4. Product failures from six (6) months to the end of the warranty period will either be repaired or replaced at the discretion of Lightware. If Lightware chooses to replace the product, then the replacement will be warranted for the remainder of the original unit's warranty period.

2. The above-stated warranty and procedures will not apply to any product that has been:

2.1. Modified, repaired or altered by anyone other than a certified Lightware engineer unless expressly agreed beforehand.

2.2. Used in any application other than that for which it was intended.

2.3. Subjected to any mechanical or electrical abuse or accidental damage.

2.4. Any costs incurred for repair/replacement of goods that fall into the categories above (2.1., 2.2., 2.3.) will be borne by the customer at a pre-agreed figure.

3. All products to be returned to Lightware require a return material authorization number (RMA) prior to shipment, and this number must be clearly marked on the box. If an RMA number is not obtained or is not clearly marked on the box, Lightware will refuse the shipment.

3.1. The customer will be responsible for in-bound, and Lightware will be responsible for out-bound shipping costs.

3.2. Newly repaired or replaced products will be warranted to the end of the originally purchased product's warranty period.

UCX-TPN series – User's Manual

Document Revision History

| Rev. | Release date | Changes | Editor |
|------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1.0 | 09-08-2024 | Initial version | Nikolett Keindl |

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